

Diane Lawless, Chair

Doug Martin, Vice Chair

Chuck Ellinger

Chris Ford

Julian Beard

Bill Farmer

Kevin Stinnett

K.C. Crosbie

Jay McChord

Peggy Henson

Staff:

Jenifer Benningfield

AGENDA

Public Safety Committee

May 1, 2012

1:00pm

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| 1. Chronic Nuisance Ordinance | (1-9) |
| 2. Fire and EMS Task Force | (10-13) |
| 3. Horses Running at Large Ordinance | (14) |
| 4. Items Referred to Committee | (15) |

Future Committee Meetings

June 26

July 10

August 21

September 11

October 9

November 13

December 4

“Public Safety Committee, to which shall be referred matters relating to the Department of Public Safety and its related Divisions.” Council Rules and Procedures, Section 2.102 (1)

ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 12-60 THROUGH 12-70 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES, LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT RELATING TO AGGRAVATED PUBLIC NUISANCES.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT:

Section 1 – That the heading of the Code of Ordinances, Article II, Public Nuisances of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

ARTICLE II – CHRONIC NUISANCE PROPERTIES

Section 2 – That Section 12-60 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-60. Findings.

The Urban County Council hereby finds as follows:

(1) Chronic nuisance properties present grave health, safety and welfare concerns and have a tremendous negative impact upon the quality of life, safety and health of the neighborhoods where they are located.

(2) The failure of owners or managers of certain real property to control the activity occurring on or from their property is a financial burden to the city caused by the repeated and substantial expenditures of public funds in order to enforce federal, state and urban county laws upon or near their property. Among the property management practices contributing to the existence of activities that disturb the public are:

- (a) the failure of owners of real property to require tenants or occupants to obey laws as a condition of leases or occupancy,
- (b) the failure of owners to enforce existing provisions of leases,
- (c) the failure of owners to respond to or to take affirmative steps to address complaints by surrounding property owners, and
- (d) the overall tolerance by owners of criminal activity on property by tenants, occupants, or their guests, all of which substantially annoys and injures the health, comfort, repose, well being and safety of neighborhoods and the public.

(3) The decline in or depression of surrounding property values and the expenditure of public funds results in part from the fact that certain property owners fail to adequately manage and control their property.

(4) The provisions of this ordinance will assist the urban county government in the long term to renew certain areas of the urban county by lessening the expenditures of public funds, increasing the property values, preserving the tranquility of areas of the urban county, and deterring property owners from adopting inadequate management practices.

Section 3 – That Section 12-61 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Section 12-61. Definitions.

The following words or phrases shall, when used in this section, have the following meaning:

- (1) Premises. A lot, plot or parcel of land including any structures thereon.
- (2) Structure. That which is built or constructed or a portion thereof.
- (3) Owner. Any person, agent, operator, firm or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in the property; or recorded in the official records of the state or urban county as holding title to the property; or otherwise having control of the property, including the guardian of the estate of any such person, and the Executor or Administrator of the estate of such person if ordered to take possession of real property by a court.
- (4) Occupant. Any individual living or sleeping in a building; or having possession of a space within a building.
- (5) Chronic Nuisance Property.
 - (a) A non-residential property upon which any combination of three (3) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period;
 - (b) A non-residential property upon which any combination of six (6) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (c) A 1-4 unit residential property upon which any combination of three (3) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period; or six (6) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (d) A 5-8 unit residential property upon which any combination of six (6) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period; or nine (9) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (e) A 9-12 unit residential property upon which any combination of nine (9) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period; or twelve (12) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (f) A 13-50 unit residential property upon which any combination of twelve (12) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period; or fifteen (15) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (g) A 51+ unit residential property upon which any combination of fifteen (15) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any sixty (60) day period; or eighteen (18) or more nuisance activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12) month period.
 - (h) Any property upon which any combination of three (3) or more firearms or drug trafficking activities documented in a citation(s) or report(s) occur or exist during any twelve (12)

- month period.
- (6) Domestic Violence and abuse means physical injury, serious physical injury, sexual abuse, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical injury, serious physical injury, sexual abuse, or assault between family members of members of an unmarried couple.
 - (7) Family member means a spouse, including a former spouse , a parent, a child, a stepchild, or any person related by consanguinity or affinity within the second degree.
 - (8) Member of an unmarried couple means each member of an unmarried couple which allegedly has a child in common, any children of that couple, or a member of an unmarried couple who are living together or have formally lived together to include dating and same sex partnerships.
 - (9) Nuisance Activity. Any criminal conduct as defined by federal, state or local law occurring on, around or near a premise, including but not limited to, the following activities or behaviors that would consistent with nuisance activity:
 - a. Violation of noise ordinance;
 - b. Harassment;
 - c. Failure to Disperse;
 - d. Disorderly Conduct;
 - e. Assault;
 - f. Gambling;
 - g. Wanton Endangerment;
 - h. Prostitution and related crimes;
 - i. Alcohol related violations;
 - j. Public Disturbance Noises;
 - k. Indecent exposure;
 - l. Any Firearms/Dangerous Weapons violations
 - m. Drug related loitering;
 - n. Any dangerous animal violations;
 - o. Any Drug Related Activity;
 - p. Parking violations on the property, not on the public street using the address;
 - q. Gang-related crime;
 - r. Unauthorized and junk vehicles;
 - s. Fire code violations; and
 - t. Any conditions that negatively impact health and sanitation.

For the purposes of this section, "Nuisance Activity" shall not include conduct where the person responsible is the victim of a crime and had no control over the criminal act.

Domestic violence calls for service are not considered nuisance activities.

- (10) Drug-Related Activity. Any unlawful activity at a property which consists of the manufacture, delivery, sale, storage, possession, or giving away of any controlled substance as defined by State law.

Section 4 – That Section 12-62 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban

County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Section 12-62. Prohibition.

No owner, manager, tenant, lessee, occupant, or other person having any legal or equitable interest or right of possession in any real property shall recklessly, knowingly, or negligently allow or permit a chronic public nuisance to

exist upon real property or part thereof, including individual units, owned by that person.

Section 5 – That Section 12-63 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-63. Enforcement.

The Commissioner of Public Safety or his or her designee shall be responsible for enforcement of sections 12-60 through 12-71 relating to chronic public nuisances. Chronic nuisance properties will be addressed on a case-by-case basis. If the established procedure does not appear to remedy the issues in a particular situation, the owner can be required to modify the abatement procedure as necessary.

Section 6 – That Section 12-64 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Section 12-64. Abatement procedure.

(1) *Duty to notify owner.* Whenever the Commissioner of Public Safety or his or her designee receives information that a chronic public nuisance exists in or upon any premises, he shall notify the owner of the premises, and any representative designated by the owner pursuant to subsection (d) below by certified mail return receipt requested and U.S. first class mail, that the premises is being used in a manner so as to constitute a chronic public nuisance and that the public nuisance must be abated.

(2) *Notice to abate.* It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Public Safety or his or her designee to serve or cause to be served a notice upon the owner of any premises upon which there is kept or maintained a chronic public nuisance in violation of sections 12-60 through 12-71. Such notice shall contain

- (a) The street address or legal description sufficient for identification of the premises;
- (b) A concise description of the nuisance activities that exist, or that have occurred on the premises;
- (c) A demand that the person responsible for such premises respond to the Commissioner or designee within ten (10) days of service of the notice to discuss the nuisance activities and the plan to abate the chronic nuisance;
- (d) A statement that the premises could be subject to closure and civil penalties and/or fines assessed of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than four thousand dollars (\$4000); and
- (e) A statement describing the procedure and time frame established by section 12-69 for appealing the notice to abate or the imposition of civil penalties, when applicable.

(3) *Commencement of Action.* The Commissioner or designee shall serve or cause to be served such notice upon the owner in accordance with the procedures set forth above. If the owner responds as required by the notice and agrees to abate the

nuisance activity according to an agreed upon course of action in a specified time frame no penalty will be imposed.

(4) If an agreed upon course of action does not result in the abatement of the nuisance activities in the specified time frame or if no agreement concerning abatement is reached, the Commissioner or designee shall take appropriate enforcement action.

(5) *Order to close and vacate.* Should the chronic public nuisance not be abated by or before the date stated in the notice to abate, or the agreement to abate, or the premises continues to receive notices as a chronic public nuisance, the Commissioner or designee may be authorized at any time thereafter to issue an order closing and vacating the premises to the extent necessary to abate the chronic public nuisance. Once the premises have been vacated, the door(s) to the premises will be padlocked. Such closing and vacating shall be for such period of time as the Commissioner or designee reasonably may direct, but in no event shall the closing and vacating be for a period of more than one (1) year from the date of closing. An order to close and vacate issued pursuant to this section is not an act of possession, ownership or control by the urban county government. An order to close and vacate shall be rescinded within fourteen (14) days of an abatement upon proof presented by the property owner that the chronic public nuisance has been abated, unless such premises is the site of repeated orders to close and vacate.

(6) *Service of notice to abate or order to close and vacate.* A notice to abate or an order to close and vacate shall be personally served upon the owner or shall be mailed by certified mail return receipt requested and U.S. first class mail, to the last-known address of the owner of the property as it appears on the current tax assessment roll, and shall be mailed, addressed to occupant to the address affected by the notice and a copy of such notice or order shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises affected by the notice. If the owner of the property cannot be ascertained from the tax rolls in the exercise of reasonable diligence, the Commissioner or designee shall make an affidavit to that effect; and the serving of such notice upon such owners may be made by publication in a newspaper of general circulation for two (2) consecutive days. A copy of such notice or order shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the premises affected by the notice. Any property owner may voluntarily file with the Commissioner or designee a completed certificate, on a form provided by LFUCG, that provides the name and address of a management company or designated representative with authority over the subject property or an alternative address of the property owner to which all notices issued under this article also shall be served.

(7) *Lien.* The urban county government shall have a lien against the property for any civil penalties, charges and fees imposed and for the reasonable value of labor and materials used to abate the chronic public nuisance if necessary. This lien shall be superior to and have priority over all other liens on the property, except state, county, school board, and city taxes pursuant to KRS 82.720. This lien shall be evidenced by a notice of lien claimed, filed in the county clerk's office, which notice shall include the affidavit of the code official, setting forth the property in question, the amount of

the urban county government's cost and date of abatement, if any, and the amount of the civil penalty, if any, and shall recite that the notice provisions of this section were complied with before abatement or assessment of civil penalty. The Commissioner or designee shall bill the property owner of such premises at least once and no notice of lien claimed shall be filed against the property until twenty (20) days have elapsed since the bill is sent. If the property is the subject of litigation, the lien may be filed immediately upon the mailing of the bill. A copy of the notice of lien claimed shall be mailed to the owner of the premises, or published in a newspaper of general circulation, as required by statute, where the owner of the property cannot be ascertained. However, the failure of the clerk to record such notice of lien claimed or the failure to mail the owner a copy of such notice or publish same, or the failure of the owner to receive such notice shall not affect the right to foreclose the lien for such charges as provided in subsection (g).

(8) *Property to be sold.* Property subject to a lien for unpaid chronic public nuisance abatement costs or civil penalties may be sold for nonpayment of the same, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to pay the charges after deducting costs as is the case in the foreclosure of statutory liens. Such foreclosure shall be in equity in the name of the urban county government.

(9) *Court proceedings.* The commissioner of law is hereby authorized and directed to institute such proceedings, in the name of the urban county government, in any court having jurisdiction over such matter, against any property for which a bill for chronic public nuisance abatement or civil penalty remains unpaid for twenty (20) days after it is mailed. If the property is the subject of litigation, the proceedings may be initiated immediately upon the mailing of the bill.

(10) *Release of lien.* The mayor is hereby authorized and directed to execute a release of the lien provided for in subsection (e) upon payment in full of the chronic nuisance abatement cost or civil penalty evidenced by the lien or upon conclusion of court proceedings resulting in the sale of the property regardless of whether any portion of the costs were paid from the proceeds of the sale. The lien release shall be filed in the county clerk's office.

Section 7 – That Section 12-65 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-65. Action on failure to comply.

If the owner or designee fails to respond to the notice within the time prescribed, to comply with a notice to abate a chronic public nuisance, an agreement to abate a chronic nuisance; or an order to close and vacate issued pursuant to section 12-64, the Commissioner or designee may:

- (1) Issue a notice in person or by certified mail return receipt requested and U. S. first class mail declaring the premises to be a chronic nuisance property and post such notice at the property;
- (2) Assess civil penalties according to the following fine structure:

1st violation: \$500.00 fine.
 2nd violation: \$1000.00 fine.
 3rd violation: \$2000.00 fine.
 4th violation: \$4000.00 fine.
 Maximum fine \$4000.00 for each subsequent violation.

with notice of the assessment of a civil penalty for a violation to be made in the manner specified in section 12-64 herein;

- (3) move to revoke the conditional use permit, if any; or
- (4) Use any other legal remedy available under the laws of the Commonwealth.

Section 8 – That Section 12-66 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-66. Destroying, etc., notice; disobeying order.

No person shall destroy, remove or deface any notice or order posted by the code official. No person shall disobey any order to close and vacate, or use or occupy or permit any other person to use or occupy any premises ordered closed. Violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor and result in a fine of \$25.00 to \$100.00.

Section 9 – That Section 12-67 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-67. Multiple unit dwellings.

If the premises consist of multiple unit dwellings or mixed uses and the chronic public nuisance has occurred solely within a unit or units, the authority to issue an order to close and vacate is restricted to the unit or units in which the chronic public nuisance has occurred and does not extend to any other unit in the premises. This section does not apply to hotels, motels, or other places of lodging.

Section 10 – That Section 12-68 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-68. Defense to violation.

It shall be a defense to a violation of this section if the owner has instituted an eviction proceeding within thirty (30) days of the notice or order against the offending tenant(s) and all occupants of the premises, and completes the eviction within seventy-five (75) days of commencement of the eviction proceeding or as soon thereafter as court procedure will allow. In the event that judicial or quasi-judicial proceedings prohibit an owner from proceeding with an eviction, enforcement under this section will be stayed until the judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding is resolved. It shall be the responsibility of the owner to provide, in writing to the Commissioner or designee, notice that an eviction proceeding has been instituted within seven (7) days of initiating the eviction and to provide such other proof of such proceeding as may reasonably be requested by the Commissioner or designee. Calls by the owner or manager of the premises to the police shall not count against the premises. This section does not apply to hotels, motels, or other places of lodging.

Section 11 – That Section 12-69 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-69. Hearing.

(1) Any person affected by a notice to abate, order to close and vacate, or civil penalty assessment which has been issued in connection with the enforcement of sections 12-60 through 12-71 of the Code shall have the right to request and shall have granted a hearing on the matter; provided that such person shall file, with the administrative hearing board as established by section 12-13 of this Code, or its designee, a written request for such hearing and the grounds therefore within twenty (20) days. The Commissioner or designee shall make available, upon request, a preprinted appeal form. The twenty (20) day period provided for in this subsection shall be deemed to commence as follows:

- (a) Where notice is personally served, on the day following service;
- (b) Where notice is mail, on the third day following mailing;
- (c) Where notice is by publication, on the third day following the initial day of publication.

(2) Failure to Appeal. A notice to abate, an order to close and vacate, or the assessment of a civil penalty for violations of sections 12-60 through 12-71 of the Code shall represent a determination that the violation has been committed and that determination shall be final, unless appeal is timely taken to the administrative hearing board established by section 12-13 as specified herein.

Section 12 – That Section 12-70 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12-70. Notice of hearing; conduct of hearing.

A hearing officer shall give notice of a hearing to the parties not less than ten (10) days in advance of the date set for the hearing, in the form and manner provided in section 12-14 of this code. The hearing shall be conducted in the form and manner provided by section 12-15 of this code.

Section 13 – That Section 12-71 of the Code of Ordinances, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, be and hereby is created to read as follows:

Sec. 12-71. Written order of hearing officer; appeal.

Within ten (10) days the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall issue a written order in the form and manner provided in section 12-16 of this code. An appeal from any final order issued by a hearing officer may be made to the Fayette District Court within thirty (30) days of the date the order was issued pursuant to KRS 82.715(4). There shall be no appeals from such orders to the board.

Section 14 – That this Ordinance shall become effective on the date of its passage.

PASSED URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL:

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CLERK OF URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL

PUBLISHED:

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Fire & Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Task Force Report DRAFT II

Introduction

The Fire & EMS Task Force was formed by Vice Mayor Linda Gorton on November 7, 2011. The charge of the Task Force was to examine the issues of women & minority recruitment in the Fire Department; the issue of Paramedic staffing levels; response times for the Emergency Care units; and the issue of giving preference points to those applicants trained as Paramedics from places outside Fayette County.

The Task Force membership consisted of 5th District Council Member Bill Farmer, Jr., who served as chair; Fire Major Kristin Chilton; Fire Captain Les Fryman; Patti Howard, Ph.D., RN; Judy “JJ” Jackson, Ph.D.; David Stevens, M.D.; Steven Stack, M.D.; Fire Major Brian Wood; Vice Mayor Linda Gorton; 3rd District Council Member Diane Lawless; and 8th District Council Member George Myers.

Staff was provided by Jessica Gies, Jennifer Benningfield and Paul Schoninger of the Council Office.

Background

At the March 8, 2011 Council Public Safety & Public Works (PS/PW) Development Committee, Dr. Stack, representing the Emergency Medical Advisory Board (EMAB) gave a presentation regarding Paramedic and EMT training.

Dr. Stack stated that the EMAB is a permanent board that serves in an advisory capacity to the urban county government on all matters pertaining to emergency medical and transportation ambulance service and care.

Dr. Stack reported that from 1977 until 2008 there were annual uninterrupted Paramedic training classes. He further stated that there were no classes in 2009, 2010 & 2011 and if the class is not budgeted in 2012, Lexington will be at least 5 years without a training class.

Dr. Stack reported to the PS/PW Committee that the number of emergency care runs is too high to sustain service. He stated that the 9 emergency care units (ambulances) are averaging over 3,800 runs per year and while the numbers of runs (incidents) are increasing, response times are also increasing. He stated that in 2006 and 2007 90% of the incidents were responded to within the goal of 8 minutes or less. In 2008 and 2009 88% of the incidents were responded to within the goal of 8 minutes or less; in 2010,

87% of the incidents were responded to within the goal of 8 minutes or less. The response times and the number of Emergency Care (EC) incidents runs, along with the lack of Paramedic training classes for almost 4 years has caused and contributed to a substantial amount of staff burnout because they stay on Emergency Care EC Units longer before moving to trucks.

The EMAB requested that the committee and Urban County Council budget for a new class of Paramedic recruits and an additional ambulance during the FY 12 budget deliberations.

At the March 8, 2011 Public Safety and Public Works Committee meeting, Council Members discussed having qualified Paramedics, EMS response times, diversity of the work force, 2 versus 3 responders on EC units, level and structure of staffing for the Division of Fire, recruiting practices and training classes.

A motion by Council Member Crosbie and seconded by Council Member Ellinger to request that Vice Mayor Gorton appoint a Task Force to study response times, preference points, women & minority recruiting, Paramedic level of staffing, and other staffing issues was passed unanimously.

Findings

The Task Force found that Emergency medical transportation response times have increased over the last several years. In 2007, 90% of the emergency care incidents were responded to within eight (8) minutes. In 2011, only 87% of the emergency care incidents were responded to within 8 minutes.

The Task Force also found that the number of emergency care incidents have increased substantially. In 2007, there were 27,910 incidents that required an emergency care response. In 2011 the emergency care incidents had increased to 36,696.

The Task Force found that there is a direct but negligible relationship between the number of responses and the response time necessary to answer an incident.

The Task Force found that of the nine (9) current emergency care units (ambulances), five (5) made over 4,000 runs each during the last calendar year. The goal is to keep ambulance runs at a maximum of 3,200 per year to remain consistent with national standards. All of the emergency care units had over 3,600 emergency runs in 2011.

The Task Force found that Paramedic training was offered annually from 1977 through 2008. However there were no classes offered from 2008 through 2011. The Task Force also found that the most recent collective bargaining agreement provides for annual Paramedic training classes for the next two (2) years.

The Task Force found that preference points for new applicants are presently being given for Paramedics (10%); Firefighters (5%); and Military (2%). The Task Force also found

that the application process is being rewritten and only the Military preference points will remain.

The Task Force found that while there has been improvement in the hiring and retention of women and minority recruits, there is still a need to pursue avenues that will encourage women and minorities to apply for positions as Firefighters.

Women account for over 51% of the recruitment age population in Fayette County. In addition minorities account for approximately 25% of the recruitment age population in Fayette County. However, women account for 2.3% (12 females) of the Lexington Division of Fire and minorities account for just 6.7% (35 minorities) of the force.

Recommendations

The Task Force agrees that the EC units should continue to be staffed by 3 Firefighters, with a combination of two (2) Paramedics and one (1) EMT.

The Task Force agrees that Paramedic training will be held annually for at least the next two years.

The Task Force recommends that LFUCG purchase two (2) additional EC units and hire the necessary personnel to staff both units. Because of the investment this recommendation should be phased. The capital cost associated with the 2 additional Emergency Care units is approximately \$800,000. The annual personnel cost to train and hire 23 staff for the two (2) units is approximately \$1,335,000.

It is estimated that the Division of Fire will lose approximately 20 staff due to service retirements annually for the next several years. It is therefore recommended that the LFUCG continue to annually maintain staffing levels to ensure that response time meets or exceeds national standards.

The Task Force agrees with the Administration proposal to discontinue preference points with the exception of Military preference points.

The Task Force supports the concept of discontinuing preference points where they inhibit our diversity efforts.

The Task force recommends that Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government increase its efforts to recruit women and minorities through several different strategies including recruitment at military bases, recruitment at local high schools and community colleges, assignment of a staff member to the role of “diversity recruiter,” by examining Firefighter/Paramedic internship or mentoring programs, and examining the potential of incentives for current Firefighter/Paramedics to recruit minorities and women.

Appendix

Chart on EC Unit Runs 2010/2011
Incidents/Response Time Chart
Years of Service/Gender by Rank Analysis
Retirement Chart
Up-fit Cost for New Recruits
Division of Fire Organizational Chart
Summary of Task Force Meetings

DRAFT 05/16/11

ORDINANCE _____

AN ORDINANCE CREATING SECTION 4-10.1 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES PROHIBITING THE RUNNING AT LARGE OF HORSES OR OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EQUINE FAMILY AND ESTABLISHING A PENALTY FOR VIOLATION OF SAME.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT:

Section 1 – That Section 4-10.1 of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government Code of Ordinances be and hereby is created to read as follows:

Sec. 4-10.1 – Horses Running at Large

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person owning or having custody and control of any horse, or other member of the equine family, to permit the animal to run at large within the urban county.
- (b) The owner or person exercising custody and control of any horse found running at large in violation of this section shall be fined not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a first offense; not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a second offense during a twelve-month period; not less than two hundred-fifty dollars (\$250.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a third offense during a twelve-month period; and not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a fourth and each subsequent offense during a twelve-month period.

Section 2 – That this Ordinance shall become effective upon its date of passage.

PASSED URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL:

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CLERK OF URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL

PUBLISHED:

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Items Referred to Public Safety Committee

Item	Referred By	Date	Status
Public Safety Disability Claims	Martin	3-Feb-11	
Paramedic Training:EMAB	Gorton/Lawless	11-Mar-11	Agenda for 5-1-2012
Community Corrections Best System of Management	Myers/Kay	7-Jun-11	
Examine Quarry Ordinance (UCG 8-4) to ensure revenue Neutral	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
ROW Signage	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Examine Nuisance Abatement Process	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Examine Nuisance Ordinance (UCG 12-1) to Ensure Appropriate Revenue	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Emergency Management Long Range Strategic Plan	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
E-911 Routing Non-Emergency Calls	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Community Corrections: Explore Receiving Federal/State Inmate	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Electronic Monitoring Utilization: Work With Judicial	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Best Practice for Firefighter and Paramedic Staffing	PS Link	17-Jun-11	Agenda for 5-1-2012
Off Premises Signage	PS Link	17-Jun-11	
Chronic Nuisance Ordinance	Henson	13-Aug-11	Agenda for 5-1-2012
Fleet Management Services	Myers	4-Aug-11	
Horses Running at Large	Stinnett	7-Mar-12	Agenda for 5-1-2012
Compiling a List of Safe Places People can go in Times of Weather or Emergency Needs	Farmer	17-Mar-12	
Abandoned Housing	Myers	10-Apr-12	