

Planning and Public Works Committee

Bill Farmer – 5th District - Chair
Jennifer Mossotti – 9th District –Vice Chair
Linda Gorton – Vice Mayor
Charles Ellinger – At-Large
Steve Kay - At-large
Chris Ford – 1st District
Diane Lawless – 3rd District
Julian Beard – 4th District
Harry Clarke – 10th District
Peggy Henson – 11th District

Staff:
Jenifer Benningfield

**AGENDA
PLANNING AND PUBLIC WORKS
COMMITTEE
June 18th, 2013
1:00pm**

- | | | | |
|----|--|---------------------|----------------|
| 1. | Approval of Summary | Bill Farmer | (1-6) |
| 2. | Adult Day Cares | Bill Sallee | (7-10) |
| 3. | B1 ZOTA | Chris King | (11-45) |
| 4. | Subdivision Bonds and Letters of Credit | Brad Frazier | (46-54) |
| 5. | Items in Committee | Bill Farmer | (55) |

Future Committee Meetings

August 20th, 2013
September 17th, 2013
October 8th, 2013
November 12th, 2013
December 3rd, 2013

“Planning and Public Works Committee, to which should be referred matters relating to the Division of Planning and including, but not limited to, matters related to housing, infill and redevelopment, purchase of development rights and historic preservation, and any related partner agencies and the Department of Public Works and its related divisions, including capital improvement projects and any related partner agencies.”



Planning and Public Works Committee May 14th, 2013 Summary and Motions

Chair Bill Farmer Jr. called the meeting to order 1:00pm. Committee members Jennifer Mossotti, VM Linda Gorton, Charles Ellinger, Steve Kay, Chris Ford, Diane Lawless, Julian Beard, Harry Clarke and Peggy Henson were in attendance. Kevin Stinnett attended as a non-voting member.

1. Approval of Summary

Motion by Ellinger to approve the summary. Seconded by Kay. Motion passed without dissent.

2. Exaction Fees

Chris King, the Director of Planning, came to the podium to present. He said that the program was started in 1996 to help development pay for public infrastructure. In 1996, the Urban Service Area was expanded significantly. King said it was a three year debate. The exaction program came out of these lengthy community discussions.

King said that the exaction program only applies to very specific and very limited areas of Fayette County. These areas are Expansion Area 1 (Overbrook Farm area), Expansion Area 2 (Winchester Road, east of the interstate to the Richmond Road, Athens-Boonesboro area), and Expansion Area 3 (Between Newtown Pike and Russell Cave Road, north of the interstate).

King said that the issue that came up during the discussions was who would pay for the infrastructure costs of the new growth? King said that development exactions are a lawful means of mitigating the impact of new growth and development on the public health, safety, and welfare so long as the exaction is "roughly proportional" to the need for capital facilities generated by the new growth and development.

King said that a shopping center generates much more traffic than a residential area per acre. King went on to say that collector roads are the facilities covered under the exaction program (Polo Club Blvd, Blackford Pkwy, Hayes Blvd). Sanitary sewers, sanitary sewer transmission facilities, multi-neighborhood parks, neighborhood parks / non-floodplain greenways, rural open spaces, and storm water management facilities are also covered.

For parks, it is the cost of the land, not the cost of the development that is eligible for calculating the exaction fees.

The non-floodplain portions, there is a dollar amount put aside, but the post-development floodplain is given without charge as part of the program.

For every rural open space acre that is developed, there is a \$1,000 assessment to make up for the loss of greenspace.

King said that the exaction program operates as a “Zero Sum Game.” He explained further by saying that the goal is to have the total exactions collected equal the total cost of the system improvement facility over the development period.

King said that this is over a \$100MM enterprise. The highlights of the program are as follows:

- Exactions are assessed on an acreage basis
- Exactions are due when a building permit is issued
- Amount of exaction varies depending upon specific expansion area and zoning
- Developers can construct exacted infrastructure for exaction credit and reimbursement
- Exaction rates can be updated
- Rates are set by the Urban County Council
- Exactions are tracked for each lot created

King said that the status of the exaction program is as follows:

- Total value of credited system improvements constructed or under construction: \$44,781,588
- Total LFUCG bonds: \$4,338,741
- Total exactions due/collected on recorded plats: \$34,131,242
- Total lots: 4,916

King said that 60% of the land is yet to be developed (2,383 acres).

Gorton asked King about rural open space. King said that the money can be set aside for programs like PDR. King said that all that money has been set aside for credits for other exactions (except for the sewers). King said they are dollar valued credits. They can use exactions to satisfy open space, park exaction, or anything besides sewers.

The developers made the point that if they are paying and building the road, they should get credit (dollar valued credits, instead of being paid back in cash).

There are \$45MM in system credits in the ground, and about \$35MM has been collected. The financial model is based on 90% development.

King said in expansion area 2C, the traffic models indicated that there was going to be a significant upgrade of Walnut Hill Chilesburg Pike, even without expansion. Hayes Blvd was half the exaction program and half the LFUCG’s responsibility.

Stinnett asked King about Polo Club Blvd. King said that the developer approached the LFUCG and entered into an agreement based upon the assumption that the road would cost X dollars. The invoices are tracked through Engineering. They received a \$12MM credit for building the road. They can sell them to other developers for exactions as well.

Developers who do not have credit pay the fees with real dollars. Stinnett asked for that total. King said that he can get the number. The Department of Finance keeps track of the money.

Each new home pays an exaction fee and Stinnett and King both said that it will take a long time to recoup the money.

Kay asked how decisions were made regarding improvements prior to and after the exaction program. King said that a previous Council discussed the LFUCG doing the improvements. That Council chose not to do that, except for the bonding done in 2C. King said that most of the infrastructure that has been put in has been done by developers.

King said that in Expansion Area 3, if the Council thought they should have all the roads and sewers in place, the LFUCG could do it, and the money would be recouped through the exaction program, but they would not have an exact timeframe to recoup the money.

King said that every acre of land has been charged \$1000. It is not cash sitting in a bucket. Kay asked if the availability of funds for PDR would come at the end of the process. King answered yes.

Mossotti asked about Developers that go out of business. King said that they can satisfy their exactions by using those credits. The developer could also sell the credits. This must be formally submitted to the Department of Finance. King said that this has not happened very frequently.

Stinnett said there are 2,300 acres available for residential or Economic Development (ED) land. Stinnett said that he would like the Council to review the impact this program has on ED land.

King said that the last fee update was in 2010.

Stinnett said that we cannot afford the upkeep on the greenways we have now. King said that the Greenway Coordinating group has been reviewing this issue.

Kay asked King about the fee structure. King said that any proposal of fee structure changes will come to the Council for approval. King said they are currently looking at that model. It is very transparent, and King said that he has shared it with the development community. King said that there are critical costs coming in regarding sanitary sewers and there are also a couple of projects that are closing out so King hopes to get the proposed changes to the Council within the next few months.

3. B1 ZOTA

King introduced the item. He said that Neighborhood Business Zones can be found throughout Fayette County. In 2007, the Comprehensive Plan implementation chapter called for a completion of the Non-Residential Infill Study, and Neighborhood Business Zone Re-write.

The types of proposed changes are as follows:

- Yard and Height Requirements
- Off-Street Parking
- Special Provisions – Form-Based Neighborhood Business Project
- Principal, Accessory, and Conditional Uses
- Definitions

These changes would impact all the B-1 zones.

Bill Sallee approached the podium and told the Committee members that there is a 25' height limit or 35' limit with top floor residential use, a 20' minimum front yard, and no limitations for side and rear yards (unless adjacent to a P-1 zone or residential zones). The proposed amendment allows for a minimum 10' front yard and a maximum 20' yard. The maximum height of a building would be 35', except as permitted in Section 8-16(o)(3).

Traci Wade said that the Infill study also suggested a reevaluation of the current parking requirements. The proposed changes are as follows:

- Arcades, with or without accessory billiard or pool tables - 1 space for every 250 square feet of floor area
- Shoe Repair Shops, Clothing Alterations, Tailoring Services and Tattoo Parlors - 1 space for every 200 square feet, with a minimum of 3 spaces
- Animal Grooming Facilities - 1 space for every 200 square feet, with a minimum of 3 spaces.

- Mail Service Facilities - 1 space for each 200 square feet of floor area

Wade said that the Infill study also suggested the option of a Form-Based Neighborhood Business Project. Additionally, they are proposing a maximum for structure size.

Wade said that a special provision could be a Form-Based Neighborhood Business Project that must be approved by the Planning Commission and be a minimum of 1 acre in size. The final development plan must be approved by the Planning Commission prior to any building permit. They would also be required to submit an Area Character and Context Study.

Bill Sallee presented on use changes. He said that they received input from the Non-Residential Infill Study, the Downtown Development Authority (DDA), the Infill and Redevelopment Steering Committee, and the Divisions of Planning and Building Inspection.

Sallee told Committee members that the use changes are as follows:

Principal Use Additions:

- Animal Grooming Facilities
- Assisted Living Facilities
- Brew-pubs
- Mail Service Facilities
- Tattoo parlors
- Form-Based Neighborhood Business Projects

Accessory Use Additions:

- Sidewalk Cafes
- Retail sale of Liquid Propane (20lbs or less)

Conditional Use Additions:

- Extended-Stay Hotels
- Independent Parking Lots
- Drive-through facilities

Deletions:

- Hospitals
- Cable TV Distribution centers and studios
- Combination Business, Office and Residential Project

Modifications and Restrictions:

- Parking Structures and Lots
- Drive-through Facilities

Modifications:

- Indoor Theatres
- Truck Rental

Kay asked Sallee what the status of the text amendment is. Sallee said that the Planning Commission held their hearing and voted to recommend the text amendment to the Council 5-3. Kay asked Sallee if they amend the text amendment, will it stand. Sallee answered yes.

Kay asked about drive-through facilities. Sallee said that they are currently an accessory use.

Clarke asked Sallee how they came to the conclusion that 35' should be the height limit. Sallee said that there is a 35' standard placed in the zoning ordinance in the 1960's for the lower density zones. In the 1980's, the B-1 zone was made lower by 25'. This has since been relaxed and the third floor residential option was allowed.

Lawless commented on extended stay hotels. She confirmed with Sallee that these hotels could be conditional uses up to 4 stories. Sallee confirmed her statement. Lawless also commented on surface parking lots.

Lawless said that she does not understand why a theatre would be limited to 3 stages because there are so many large vacant buildings that could house more than 3 stages. Sallee said that the 3 screens will only impact the B-1 zones. Lawless said that she didn't have heartburn over the theatres as much as she had heartburn over rehabilitation homes and extended stay hotels.

Sallee said that extended stay hotels are currently conditional uses in P-1 zones.

Gorton noted that this text amendment was controversial with the Planning Commission. She said that their vote was 5-3 with 3 absentees. Gorton asked Sallee if he has any comment about what occurred during the Planning Commission meeting. Sallee said the 3 Commission members that dissented had different issues with the proposal.

King said that in the end they were not concerned about the entire package, but one Commission member was concerned about the rural B-1's, one was concerned about tattoo parlors, and one was concerned about the form-based aspect.

Henson said that she is still not comfortable with the text amendment. Henson asked for more documentation as to why the Division of Planning proposed this text amendment. Sallee said that they referenced the Non-Residential Infill Study and thus relaxed some criteria and tightened other criteria. Sallee said that some of the uses and new definitions allow for clarification.

Kay asked Sallee what this text amendment is trying to accomplish. Sallee said that it is to implement a portion of the Comprehensive Plan. King said that infill and redevelopment got such a boost in the early 2000's and that the Residential Infill and Redevelopment study led to one of the largest rewrites of the zoning ordinances in our history. King said that they wanted to replicate that with a non-residential. He said that they support one another.

Motion by Kay to forward the proposed ZOTA to the full Council. Seconded by Clarke.

Lawless asked Sallee to consider making rehabilitation homes, community centers and private clubs conditional uses. She went on to ask for better definitions of these types of uses.

Gorton asked about height restrictions. Sallee said that only provision that would allow for additional height would be within the Form-Based neighborhood business zone.

Beard said that he was concerned about a broadcast station. He asked if it would include a 1200 foot tower. Sallee said that towers are usually exempt from zoning, but radio and television are regulated and are conditional uses in the agricultural area. The building code regulates how high they can be on top of a building.

Henson said that she was not comfortable supporting the motion at this time. Henson said that she would prefer that the issue stay in committee.

Gorton agreed with Henson. She asked Sallee if they could schedule a public hearing once the item is forwarded to the full council.

Farmer said that the next meeting needs to include the actual verbiage of the text amendment. Farmer said that he had questions about some of the definitions. Farmer asked Committee members to provide input so they could come to some fruition.

Kay asked for specific proposals for the amending of the text amendment.

Kay withdrew his motion. Clarke withdrew his second.

4. Adult Day Cares

Ford introduced the item. Ford said that his proposal defines Adult Day Cares and sets the zoning parameters to require notification to neighborhoods. Ford said that the Planning Commission passed it 8-1.

Ford said the ZOTA was initiated by Council, it has been adequately researched, passed by the Planning Commission, not objected to by the Mayor's Commission on Homelessness and has been heard by the Planning and Public Works Committee three times. Ford said that he would like to refer the ZOTA to the full Council for their consideration.

Sallee presented new information to the Committee members. Sallee presented the state definitions of the two uses from the state.

Farmer asked Sallee about the proximity of these entities to schools. Sallee said that the original intent was to provide notice to neighbors, and they only way to do it was to make it a conditional use.

Gorton told Sallee that the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) does have a comprehensive list of schools and daycares. She suggested that the Division of Planning obtain that list.

Gorton also reiterated that the ZOTA was well received by the Planning Commission. She asked Sallee about the state definition of Adult Day Care. Sallee said that this has separated out the name to avoid confusion.

Motion by Ford to refer the Adult Day Care ZOTA to the full Council. Seconded by Gorton. Motion passed without dissent.

Henson said that having two definitions provides clarity, but she does not want to segregate a certain population.

5. Items Referred to Committee

Motion by Gorton to remove Exaction Fees from the Items Referred list. Seconded by Lawless. Motion passed without dissent.

Motion by Ford to remove Adult Day Cares from the Items Referred list. Seconded by Gorton. Motion passed without dissent.

Motion by Ellinger to adjourn. Seconded by Gorton. Motion passed without dissent.

Submitted by Jenifer Benningfield, Council Administrative Specialist

Timeline for ZOTA 2012-10: ADULT DAY CARE CENTERS

<u>December 2011</u>	Staff from the Division of Planning, Law Dept., CAO & Councilmember Ford meet to discuss the possible need for a ZOTA, based upon recent neighborhood complaints. Under the current Zoning Ordinance, adult day care centers are considered covered under the definition of a “community center.” Community Centers are principal permitted uses in the P-1, P-2, B-1, B-2, B-2A, and B-6P zones; and are conditional uses (Board of Adjustment (BOA) approval required) in R-3, R-4, R-5, and I-1 zones.
<u>Winter 2012</u>	Planning Staff drafts ZOTA & reviews drafts internally & with Law Dept.
<u>April 2012</u>	Council Planning & Public Works Committee reviews Adult Day Care Definitions & draft ZOTA. Committee forwards text amendment to Urban County Council for initiation. The text amendment proposes that adult day care facilities be conditional uses in the P-1, B-1, B-2, B-2A, and P-2 zones in order to ensure advance neighborhood notice for this use.
<u>May 2012</u>	Council passes Resolution to initiate text amendment & forwards proposal to the Planning Commission.
<u>Mid-June 2012</u>	Planning notifies about 250 Neighborhood Associations of the text amendment, and of the scheduled public hearing by the Planning Commission.
<u>Mid-June 2012</u>	Planning Commission is introduced to text amendment at a work session. Members present request that Planning Staff prepare an alternative text amendment for consideration to permit adult day care centers as a permitted use in at least some zones.
<u>Early July 2012</u>	Staff Report completed by Planning Staff, and shared with Planning Commission’s Zoning (sub)Committee. Zoning Committee recommends approval of the Planning Staff alternative.
<u>Mid-July 2012</u>	Planning Commission holds their required public hearing. Four citizens speak at the hearing, and the ZOTA is discussed by the Commission members. Commission votes 2-7 on the alternative text; and 8-1 in favor of Council’s original text amendment proposal.
<u>Mid-August 2012</u>	Commission’s Final Report and recommendation sent to Council Office & Law Dept.
<u>Late August 2012</u>	Council refers ZOTA 2012-10 to Planning & Public Works Committee.
<u>September 2012</u>	Planning & Public Works Committee discusses the proposed ZOTA. Following discussion, the Committee decides to table this ZOTA.
<u>March 2013</u>	Council Office staff asks Planning Staff to consider work on revised definitions for this ZOTA.
<u>April 2013</u>	Planning Staff reviews APA & KRS definitions for “Adult Day Care Center” and “Adult Day Health Care Program.”
<u>May 2013</u>	Council’s Planning & Public Works Committee schedules additional consideration of ZOTA 2012-10.

216B.0441 Cabinet to license and regulate adult day care health programs.

- (1) As used in this section, "adult day health care program" means a program licensed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services that provides organized health care for its clients during specified daytime hours, that may include continuous supervision to assure that health care needs are being met, supervision of self-administration of medications, and provision of nursing services, personal care services, self-care training, and social and recreational activities for individuals of all ages.
- (2) The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to establish health, safety, and treatment requirements for licensed adult day health care programs. No person, association, corporation, or other organization shall operate or maintain an adult day health care program without first obtaining a license as provided in this section.
- (3) The cabinet may issue a license upon request to any adult day health care program meeting the standards required under subsection (2) of this section and administrative regulations promulgated thereunder. The cabinet may deny, revoke, suspend, or modify an adult day health care program license for failure to comply with standards set by the cabinet.
- (4) Services provided in an adult day health care program for its clients may include:
 - (a) Medical therapeutic services; and
 - (b) Physical and speech therapy.

Effective: June 20, 2005

History: Amended 2005 Ky. Acts ch. 99, sec. 505, effective June 20, 2005. -- Created 2000 Ky. Acts ch. 521, sec. 27, effective July 14, 2000.

205.010 Definitions for chapter.

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
- (2) "Secretary" means the secretary for health and family services or his authorized representative;
- (3) "Public assistance" means money grants, assistance in kind, or services to or for the benefit of needy aged, needy blind, needy permanently and totally disabled persons, needy children, or persons with whom a needy child lives or a family containing a combination of these categories, except that the term shall not be construed to permit the granting of financial aid where the purpose of such aid is to obtain an abortion. For purposes of this section and KRS 205.560, "abortion" means an act, procedure, device, or prescription administered or prescribed for a pregnant woman by any person, including the pregnant woman herself, producing premature expulsion of the fetus. Abortion does not include an induced premature birth intended to produce a live viable child;
- (4) "Needy child" means a child who has been deprived of parental support by reasons prescribed by regulations within the scope of Title IV of the Social Security Act, its amendments, and federal regulations and who does not have otherwise provided for him a subsistence compatible with decency and health;
- (5) "Parent," in addition to biological or adoptive parent, shall include stepparent;
- (6) "Needy aged" means a person who has attained the age of sixty-five (65) and who is unable to provide for himself and who does not have otherwise provided for him a subsistence compatible with decency and health;
- (7) "Needy blind" means a person who has no vision or whose vision is so defective as to prevent the performance of ordinary activities for which eyesight is essential and who is unable to provide for himself and who does not have otherwise provided for him a subsistence compatible with decency and health;
- (8) "Person with whom a needy child lives" means the individual prescribed by regulation, with whom such child is living in a place of residence maintained by such individual by himself or together with one (1) or more other persons;
- (9) "Needy permanently and totally disabled" means a person eighteen (18) years of age or older and who has a permanent physical or mental impairment, disease, or loss that substantially precludes him from engaging in useful occupations within his competence and who is unable to provide for himself and who does not have otherwise provided for him a subsistence compatible with decency and health;
- (10) "Private institution" means any establishment or place other than a public institution operated or maintained by any individual, association, corporation, or other organization which provides a group living arrangement for four (4) or more individuals, who are cared for and maintained in residence for compensation or otherwise;
- (11) "Public institution" means any establishment or place which is the responsibility of and administered by the state or any political subdivision thereof providing a group living arrangement in which one (1) or more individuals are cared for and

maintained in residence;

- (12) "Public medical institution" means any public institution the primary purpose of which is to furnish hospital care and medical treatment;
- (13) "Person determined to be potentially responsible" means any person who:
 - (a) Is not aged, blind, disabled, incapacitated, or needed in the home:
 - 1. Because of the illness or incapacity of a member of the family; or
 - 2. Because of children in the home under the age of six (6); or
 - (b) Volunteers for such determination;
- (14) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to deprive a woman of all appropriate medical care necessary to prevent her physical death;
- (15) **"Adult day-care center"** means any adult care facility which provides part-time care, day or night, but less than twenty-four (24) hours, to at least four (4) adults not related to the operator of the adult care facility by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Effective: June 20, 2005

History: Amended 2005 Ky. Acts ch. 99, sec. 51, effective June 20, 2005. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 100, sec. 1, effective July 15, 1998; and ch. 426, sec. 181, effective July 15, 1998. -- Amended 1992 Ky. Acts ch. 422, sec. 1, effective July 14, 1992. -- Amended 1980 Ky. Acts ch. 315, sec. 2, effective July 15, 1980. -- Amended 1978 Ky. Acts ch. 140, sec. 1, effective June 17, 1978. -- Amended 1974 Ky. Acts ch. 74, Art. VI, secs. 44 and 107(21); and ch. 180, sec. 1. -- Amended 1972 Ky. Acts ch. 256, sec. 1. -- Amended 1970 Ky. Acts ch. 248, sec. 6. -- Amended 1966 Ky. Acts ch. 134, sec. 1. -- Amended 1962 Ky. Acts ch. 39, sec. 1. -- Amended 1956 Ky. Acts ch. 75, sec. 1. -- Amended 1952 Ky. Acts ch. 33, sec. 1. -- Repealed and new section substituted 1950 Ky. Acts ch. 110, secs. 1 and 12. -- Recodified 1942 Ky. Acts ch. 208, sec. 1, effective October 1, 1942, from Ky. Stat. sec. 3766bb.

ARTICLE 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS

1-11 DEFINITIONS - For the purpose of this Zoning Ordinance, certain terms are herewith defined. When not inconsistent with the context, words used in the present tense include the future; words in the singular number include the plural; words in the plural number include the singular; the word **person** includes association, firm, partnership, trust, governmental body, corporation, organization, as well as an individual; the word **structure** includes building; the word **occupied** includes arranged, designed or intended to be occupied; the word **used** includes arranged, designed or intended to be used; the word **shall** is always mandatory and not merely directive; the word **may** is permissive; and the word **lot** includes plot or parcel. Other words and terms shall have the following respective meanings:

ANIMAL GROOMING FACILITY – An establishment where domestic animals are bathed, clipped, or combed for the purpose of enhancing their appearance or health, and for which a fee is charged, but not including overnight boarding of animals.

COCKTAIL LOUNGE – A commercial establishment dispensing and serving alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises and in which live entertainment, exclusive of dancing, is permitted.

MAIL SERVICE FACILITY – A commercial establishment that conducts the retail sale of stationery products, provides packaging and mail services to retail customers, and provides mailboxes for lease.

NIGHTCLUB – A commercial establishment for dancing and live entertainment, which may or may not include dispensing and serving alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises.

PRIMARY ENTRANCE – The place of ingress and egress for a structure used most frequency by the public.

TATTOO PARLOR – A commercial establishment whose principal business activity is the practice of placing designs, letters, figures, symbols, or other marks upon

or under the skin of any person, using ink or other substances that result in the permanent coloration of the skin using needles or other instruments designed to contact or puncture the skin.

ZONE, BUSINESS - B-1, B-2, B-2A, B-2B, B-3, B-4, B-5P, ~~or~~ B-6P, or CC zone.

ZONE, INDUSTRIAL - An I-1, ~~or~~ I-2 or ED zone.

ZONE, RESIDENTIAL - An R-1A, R-1B, R-1C, R-1D, R-1E, R-1T, R-2, R-3, R-4, R-5, EAR-1, EAR-2, EAR-3 or PUD-1 zone.

ARTICLE 8

8-15 PROFESSIONAL OFFICE (P-1) ZONE

8-15(a) Intent - This zone is primarily for offices and related uses. Retail sales are prohibited, except where directly related to office functions. This zone should be located as recommended in the Comprehensive Plan.

8-15(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity brokers and exchanges, credit institutions, savings and loan companies, holding and investment companies.
2. Offices for business, professional, governmental, civic, social, fraternal, political, religious, and charitable organizations, including, but not limited to, real estate sales offices.
3. Research development and testing laboratories or centers.
4. Schools for academic instruction.
5. Libraries, museums, art galleries, and reading rooms.
6. Funeral parlors.
7. Medical and dental offices, clinics, and laboratories.
8. Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios.
9. Studios for work or teaching of fine arts, such as photography; music; drama; dance and theater.
10. Community centers and private clubs, churches, and Sunday schools.
11. Hospitals, nursing homes, ~~and rest homes,~~ and assisted living facilities.
12. Computer and data processing centers.
13. Ticket and travel agencies.
14. Kindergartens, nursery schools and child care centers for four (4) or more children. A fenced and screened play area shall be provided, which shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) square feet per child.
15. Cable television system signal distribution centers and studios.
16. Dwelling units, provided the units are not located on the first floor of a structure and provided that at least the first floor is occupied by another permitted use or uses in the P-1 zone, with no mixing of other permitted uses and dwelling units on any floor.
17. Business colleges, technical or trade schools or institutions.
18. Athletic club facilities, when located at least one hundred fifty (150) feet from a residential zone.
19. Beauty shops and barber shops not exceeding 2,000 square feet in floor area, which employ not more than five licensed cosmetologists, with all service provided only by licensed cosmetologists and/or barbers.
20. ~~Assisted living facilities and r~~ Rehabilitation homes, but only when more than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.

8-15(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Establishments limited to the filling of prescriptions and retail sale of pharmaceutical and medical supplies.
2. Parking areas or structures.
3. Incidental retail sales or personal services, including facilities for serving food, only for employees, residents or visitors to any permitted use, and having no primary access to the exterior; and limited to a maximum of ten percent (10%) of the gross floor area of the building in which it is located, with no single such use being in excess of 5,000 square feet.
4. Sales offices for the display of merchandise and the acceptance of orders.
5. Swimming pools, tennis courts, putting greens, and other similar non-commercial recreational uses.
6. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.
7. One dwelling unit for owners, operators, or employees of a permitted use, provided that such dwelling unit shall be part of the building and located above, to the side, or to the rear of such permitted use.
8. Retail sales and storage areas accessory to internet-based businesses, for which Certificates of Occupancy are issued after November 15, 2001; provided that the retail sales and storage area occupies no more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the business area, nor more than 2,500 square feet, whichever is less; and having no display space, storage space or signs visible from the exterior of the building.
9. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein, when approved by the Planning Commission on a development plan.

8-15(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Offices of veterinarians, animal hospitals.
2. Drive-through facilities for sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein, except as accessory uses herein.
3. Parking lots and structures.
4. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
5. ~~Assisted living facilities and~~ Rehabilitation homes, when located closer than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.
6. Extended-stay hotels, except as permitted in a Professional Office Project.
7. Mail service facilities, except as permitted in a Professional Office Project.

8-15(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal, accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. As for A-R, except offices, institutional uses, dwelling units, and other uses as permitted herein.
2. Any use dependent upon septic tanks or pit privies.
3. Pawn shops.
4. Golf driving ranges.
5. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, including compressed natural gas; and the above- or below-ground storage of more than five (5) gallons of gasoline. However, jet fuel may be stored only in conjunction with a heliport.
6. Greenhouses, plant nurseries, and garden centers.
7. Tattoo parlors.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-15(f) Minimum Lot Size - 7,500 square feet.

8-15(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - 60 feet.

8-15(h) Minimum Front Yard - 20 feet.

8-15(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - 12 feet.

8-15(j) Minimum Rear Yard - 12 feet.

8-15(k) Minimum Usable Open Space - No limitation, except where residences are provided, then 10%.

8-15(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - 35% and a floor area ratio of 1.3.

8-15(m) Maximum Height of Building - 3:1 height-to-yard ratio.

8-15(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

Athletic Club Facilities - One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet of floor area, plus one (1) space

for each employee on the maximum working shift.

Offices, Fine Arts Studios, Banks and Financial Establishments, Offices of Veterinarians, and Animal Hospitals, Medical and Dental Offices, Clinics and Laboratories, and the like - One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.

Telephone Exchanges, Radio and Television Stations - One (1) space for every two (2) employees on a maximum shift; plus one (1) space for each vehicle owned by the use, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Elementary and Junior High Schools - One (1) space for every fifteen (15) auditorium seats; or one (1) space for each classroom, plus one (1) space for each employee, whichever is greater.

All Other Schools for Academic Instruction - One (1) space for every five (5) main auditorium seats, or one (1) space for every five (5) gymnasium seats, or one (1) space for every five (5) classroom seats, whichever is greater.

Professional Office Projects - One (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area.

Kindergartens, Nursery Schools, and Child Care Centers - Three (3) spaces for the first twelve (12) children, plus one (1) space for every ten (10) (or fraction thereof) additional children.

Churches, Sunday Schools and Parish Houses - One (1) space for each five (5) seats in the main auditorium, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Libraries, Museums, Community Centers, Art Galleries and Reading Rooms - One (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.

Funeral Parlors - One (1) space for every five (5) seats under maximum occupancy, plus one (1) for each vehicle owned by the use.

Dwelling Units - One (1) space for each dwelling unit.

Private Clubs - One (1) space for every four (4) members.

Accessory Retail Facilities - One (1) space for every six hundred (600) square feet of floor area for each retail use.

Restaurants - One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area; or one (1) for every four (4) indoor seats plus one (1) for every eight (8) outdoor seats, whichever is greater.

Hospitals, Nursing Homes, Rest Homes, and Rehabilitation Homes - One (1) space for every three (3) beds; plus one (1) space for each employee on the maximum working shift, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

~~**Professional Office Project** - One (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area.~~

Assisted Living Facilities - Three (3) spaces for each four (4) bedrooms, plus one (1) space for each employee on the maximum shift.

Extended-Stay Hotels - One (1) space for every dwelling unit, plus one (1) space for each employee on the maximum shift.

Beauty Shops or Barber Shops - One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet, with a minimum of three (3) spaces.

Mail Service Facilities - One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.

Conditional Uses - Parking requirements stated herein for conditional uses are minimum requirements; the Board of Adjustment may establish additional requirements as needed.

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Combinations - Combined uses shall provide parking equal to the sum of the individual requirements.

8-15(o) Special Provisions

1. A Professional Office Project may be permitted by the Planning Commission for a tract of land with a minimum of ten (10) acres, upon the approval of a preliminary development plan and a final development plan as provided in Article 21, and subject to the P-1 zone regulations.

Subdivision of land in a Professional Office Project is permitted, subject to the following regulations:

- a. There shall be no minimum lot size, lot frontage, yard or open space, nor maximum lot coverage or height requirements for each subdivided lot; however, all said requirements for the approved final development plan shall be applicable to the subdivision.
- b. Each subdivided lot shall have access to adjacent streets or joint parking areas, as provided by appropriate easements shown on the final development plan and the final record plan.

In addition to the uses otherwise permitted in the Professional Office zone, the following uses shall be permitted in the Professional Office Project:

a. As a principal permitted use:

1. Extended-Stay Hotels.
2. Mail service facilities.

b. As accessory uses:

1. Receiving, shipping, and storage of new fixtures, equipment and other non- perishable materials for distribution to corporate or affiliated units subsidiary to the tenant(s) of a principal structure. Such activity, including loading and unloading, shall be conducted entirely within the walls of the principal structure and shall be limited to a maximum of twenty percent (20%) of the total floor area of said principal structure.
2. Shoe repair, clothing alteration or tailoring services.

c. As a conditional use:

1. Helistops and heliports, provided such facilities conform to the requirements of all appropriate Federal, State and local regulations.
2. Beauty shops and barber shops, with no restrictions.

In addition to the uses otherwise permitted in the Professional Office zone, the following accessory use shall be permitted in a P-1 area of at least twenty (20) contiguous acres:

Restaurant(s), with or without a cocktail lounge, entertainment, dancing, and sale of alcoholic beverages, provided it meets the following conditions:

- a. It shall be located in an office building containing a minimum of 40,000 square feet of floor area.
 - b. It shall occupy not more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the building in which it is located.
 - c. It shall have no more than one public entrance and one service entrance directly to the outside of the building, and that this use shall be at least one hundred fifty (150) feet from any residential zone.
 - d. It shall have no drive-in or drive-through food service.
 - e. There shall be no more than two restaurants within an office building, provided that the 25% limitation is not exceeded.
 - f. Signs permitted per office building may be used to identify the restaurant and/or the office use.
2. Where dwelling units are provided and the Planning Commission has approved a final development plan, the required parking spaces may be reduced, when specific permission is given by the Commission to reduce said required parking by not more than one percent (1%) for each one percent (1%) of additional useable open space that is provided over the minimum. Also, for every one percent (1%) of the dwelling units that will be provided as a mixed-income housing unit, the Commission may decrease the required parking by one percent (1%). In any case, the maximum parking reduction shall not exceed the minimum parking otherwise required in the zone by more than ten percent (10%) by only providing additional open space or only providing mixed-income housing, or twenty-five percent (25%) by using a combination of mixed-income housing and additional open space.

8-16 NEIGHBORHOOD BUSINESS (B-1) ZONE

8-16(a) Intent - This zone is intended to accommodate neighborhood shopping facilities to serve the needs of the surrounding residential area. Generally, they should be planned facilities and should be located as recommended in the Comprehensive Plan. This zone should be oriented to the residential neighborhood, and should have a roadway system which will be adequate to accommodate the anticipated vehicular traffic.

8-16(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity brokers and exchanges, credit institutions, savings and loan companies, holding and investment companies.
2. Offices for business, professional, governmental, civic, social, fraternal, political, religious, and charitable organizations, including, but not limited to, real estate sales offices.
3. Research development and testing laboratories or centers.
4. Schools for academic instruction.
5. Libraries, museums, art galleries, and reading rooms.
6. Funeral parlors.
7. Medical and dental offices, clinics, and laboratories.
8. Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios.
9. Studios for work or teaching of fine arts, such as photography; music; drama; dance and theater.
10. Community centers and private clubs, churches, and Sunday schools.
11. Nursing homes, rest homes, and assisted living facilities.
12. Computer and data processing centers.
13. Ticket and travel agencies.
14. Kindergartens, nursery schools and child care centers for four (4) or more children. A fenced and screened play area shall be provided, which shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) square feet per child.
15. Business colleges, technical or trade schools or institutions.
16. Rehabilitation homes, but only when more than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.
- ~~1. The principal permitted uses in the P-1 zone, not including a Professional Office Project.~~
- 17-2. Establishments for the retail sale of food products, such as supermarkets; dairy, bakery, meat, beer, liquor, and wine and other food product stores; and provided that production of food products is permitted only for retail sale on the premises.
- 18-3. Restaurants and brew-pubs, except as prohibited under Section 8-16(e)(14) and (15), which offer no live entertainment or dancing.
- 19-4. Establishments for the retail sale of merchandise, including: clothing, shoes, fabrics, yard goods; fixtures, furnishings, and appliances, such as floor covering, radios, TV, phonograph products and other visual and sound reproduction or transmitting equipment; furniture; kitchen and laundry equipment; glassware and china; and other establishments for the retail sale of hardware and wallpaper, lawn care products, paint and other interior or exterior care products, hobby items, toys, gifts, antiques, newspapers and magazines, stationery and books, flowers, music, cameras, jewelry and luggage, business supplies and machines; prescription and non-prescription medicines and medical supplies.
- ~~20-5. Beauty shops, and barber shops.~~
21. S, shoe repair, clothing alterations and tailoring services.
22. Self service laundry, or laundry pick-up stations, including clothes cleaning establishments of not more than 40 pounds capacity and using a closed-system process.
- ~~23-6. Automobile service stations, provided such use conforms to all requirements of Article 16.~~
- 24-7. Parking lots and structures, provided such use conforms to the conditions of Article 16, and provided that at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the first floor is occupied by another permitted use or uses in the B-1 zone.
- ~~25-8. Repair of household appliances.~~
- ~~26-9. Retail sale of plant nursery or greenhouse products, except as prohibited herein.~~
- ~~27-10. Outdoor miniature golf or putting courses.~~
- ~~28-11. Quick copy services utilizing xerographic or similar processes, but not utilizing offset printing methods.~~
- ~~29-12. Circuses and carnivals on a temporary basis, and upon issuance of a permit by the Division of Building Inspection, which may restrict the permit in terms of time, parking, access, or in other ways to protect public health, safety, or welfare; or deny such if public health, safety, or welfare are adversely affected.~~
- ~~30-13. Indoor theaters, limited to three screens or stages.~~
- ~~31-14. Rental of equipment whose retail sale would be permitted in the B-1 zone.~~
- ~~32-15. Dwelling units, provided the units are not located on the first floor of a structure, and provided that at least the~~

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first floor is occupied by another permitted use or uses in the B-1 zone, with no mixing of other permitted uses and dwelling units on any floor, ~~not to exceed thirty-five (35) feet in height.~~

~~33.-16.~~ Arcades, including pinball and electronic games.

~~34.-17.~~ Pawnshops which (1) were in operation prior to August 31, 1990 and in compliance with the provisions of KRS 226.010 et seq. and Code of Ordinances, Sections 13-52 and 13-53; or (2) had on file with the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, prior to August 31, 1990, an application for a business license or certificate of occupancy.

~~35.-18.~~ Athletic club facilities.

~~36.-19.~~ Banquet facility.

37. Animal grooming facilities.

38. Mail service facilities.

39. Tattoo parlors.

40. Form-based neighborhood business project as per 8-16(o)(4).

8-16(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Parking areas or structures.

2. One (1) dwelling unit for owners, operators, or employees of a permitted use, provided that such dwelling unit shall be a part of the building and located above or to the rear of such permitted uses.

3. Warehousing, wholesaling, and storage, excluding outdoor storage; and provided that no building for such accessory use shall have openings other than stationary windows or solid pedestrian doors within one hundred (100) feet of any residential zone.

~~4. The rental of trucks (single rear axle - 28' maximum overall length); trailers, and related items in conjunction with the operation of an automobile service station, provided the service station abuts a state or federal highway and does not abut a residential zone. No more than five (5) trucks shall be stored for longer than forty-eight (48) hours on any service station. A site plan shall be submitted for the approval of the Division of Building Inspection for the control of such activities and shall show the entire property, signs, parking and location of the proposed storage area.~~

~~4.-5.~~ The sale of malt beverages, wine, or alcoholic beverages, when accessory to a restaurant permitted under Section 8-16(b)(3). Such accessory use shall not devote more than twenty-five percent (25%) of its public floor area ~~exclusively~~ primarily to the preparation and service of such beverages, nor provide any separate outside entrances or separate identification signs for those areas.

~~6. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein.~~

~~5.-7.~~ Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.

~~6.-8.~~ One (1) or two (2) pool or billiard tables within an establishment.

7. Sidewalk cafés, when accessory to any permitted restaurant.

8. Retail sale of liquid propane (limited to 20 lb. containers), when accessory to the retail sale of merchandise or an automobile service station permitted under Article 8-16(b).

9. Indoor live entertainment and/or dancing, when accessory to a restaurant, brew-pub or banquet facility; ~~but~~ only when located more than one hundred (100) feet from a residential zone.

10. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein, when approved by the Planning Commission on a development plan.

8-16(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Self-service car washes, provided that surface water from such establishments shall not drain onto adjacent property, and that adequate on-site storage lanes and parking facilities shall be provided so that no public way shall be used for such purposes.

2. Animal hospital or clinic, provided that all exterior walls are completely soundproofed, and further provided that animal pens shall be completely within the principal building and used for the medical treatment of small animals.

3. The rental of trucks (single rear axle - 28' maximum overall length); trailers and related items in conjunction with the operation of an automobile service station, provided that the service station abuts a state or federal highway ~~when abutting a residential zone~~. No more than five (5) trucks shall be stored for longer than forty-eight (48) hours on any service station. A site plan shall be submitted for the approval of the Board of Adjustment for the continued control of such activity and shall show the entire property, buildings, signs,

- parking and location of the proposed storage area.
4. A restaurant or brew-pub, without live entertainment or dancing, which devotes more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the establishment's public floor area ~~exclusively~~ primarily to the preparation and service of malt beverages, wine or alcoholic beverages.
 5. Outdoor live entertainment and/or dancing, cocktail lounges, ~~brew-pubs~~ or night clubs [unless prohibited under Sections 8-16(e)(14) and (15)]. Such uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone, and indoor uses shall be sound-proofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise or other emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood. The Board may also impose time restrictions to minimize nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.
 6. Indoor live entertainment and/or dancing, when accessory to a restaurant, brew-pub or banquet facility; but only when located closer than 100 hundred (100) feet from a residential zone.
 7. ~~A combination business, office and residential project, provided the following conditions and requirements are met:~~
 - a. ~~The maximum residential density shall be twenty (20) units per net acre.~~
 - b. ~~The minimum lot size shall be one acre and shall be located in a B-1 area with a minimum of twenty (20) contiguous acres, which must have any part thereof being within one and one half (1½) miles of the center of Lexington-Fayette Urban County, as measured from the Courthouse Block bounded by Main, Cheapside, Short and Upper Streets, and shall be within an Urban Activity Center.~~
 - c. ~~The minimum lot frontage shall be one hundred fifty (150) feet.~~
 - d. ~~The minimum front yard shall be an average of ten (10) feet, but shall be not less than 5 feet at any point. In addition, for every story in excess of three stories, two percent (2%) of the total area shall be added to the otherwise required front yard, or such area shall be provided as ground level open space on land adjoining the right-of-way.~~
 - e. ~~The minimum side street side yard shall be an average of ten (10) feet, but shall be not less than five (5) feet at any point. In addition, for every story in excess of three stories, two percent (2%) of the total area shall be added to the otherwise required side street side yard, or such area shall be provided as ground level open space on land adjoining the right-of-way.~~
 - f. ~~The minimum usable open space shall be twenty percent (20%).~~
 - g. ~~The maximum lot (building) coverage shall be eighty-five percent (85%).~~
 - h. ~~The maximum floor area ratio shall be 1.6.~~
 - i. ~~The maximum height shall be five (5) stories or sixty-five (65) feet, whichever is less. For all stories above twenty-five (25), feet there shall be an average minimum setback ratio of three to one (3:1) from the front wall of the first two floors, measured from the top of the front wall of the second floor.~~
 - j. ~~The project must be located at least five hundred (500) feet from any other such project, measured from property line to property line.~~
 - k. ~~The project must be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any historic district or from any residential zone, except R-4 or R-5, measured from property line to property line.~~
 - l. ~~Minimum parking for business uses shall be as required in the B-1 zone; minimum parking for office uses shall be as required in the P-1 zone; and minimum parking for residential uses shall be as required in the R-3 zone, with all parking to be provided on site. The provisions of Article 16-3 shall not be applicable.~~
 - m. ~~The first floor of the structure must be occupied by a business or office use with no business or office use located above the third floor, and with no mixing of dwelling units and other permitted uses on any floor. No more than fifty percent (50%) of the floor area may be used for residential uses, and no more than fifty percent (50%) of the floor area may be used for office purposes.~~
 - n. ~~The permitted conditional uses shall be those principal and accessory uses in the B-1 zone, with the exception that no drive-through windows shall be permitted. The petitioner shall submit to the Board of Adjustment a list of proposed uses, and the Board may further limit the uses that are allowed.~~
 - o. ~~Signs shall be as otherwise permitted in the B-1 zone, with the exception that no free standing sign shall be permitted.~~
 - p. ~~The total land area for the project shall not exceed two (2) acres in size, or ten percent (10%) of the gross land area within the designated B-1 zone, whichever is the greater acreage.~~
 - q. ~~A development plan shall be submitted with the appeal containing sufficient information to determine compliance with the B-1 zone and the requirements and conditions of this conditional use.~~
 - r. ~~Before voting upon any application for a conditional use permit for a combination business, office and residential project, in addition to all other notice required by law or regulation, notice of the time, place and reason for holding a public hearing shall be given by first-class letter at least forty-five (45) days in advance of the hearing to: the owners of all property within one thousand (1,000) feet of the subject property; the officers of all neighborhood associations, registered with the Planning Commission, having any part of their~~

~~boundaries within one thousand (1,000) feet of the subject property and the County Government, Mayor and Council.~~

~~s. The Board of Adjustment may approve the conditional use only if the proposal complies with the requirements of the B-1 zone and the additional requirements as set forth in this section, and provided the Board finds the following:~~

- ~~1) The proposal will not have an adverse effect on existing or future development of the subject property or surrounding neighborhood.~~
- ~~2) The proposal will not alter the essential character of the surrounding neighborhood.~~
- ~~3) The proposed site is located in a declining or transitional business area, and the proposed development will encourage needed rehabilitation in the surrounding area.~~
- ~~4) Traffic that is anticipated, based on the proposed uses, will not have a material adverse effect on the traffic on adjoining streets.~~
- ~~5) The proposed design and use of materials will be compatible with existing development on surrounding properties.~~
- ~~6) All business and office uses within the project shall comply with the stated intent for the B-1 zone.~~
- ~~7) The project is in accordance with the Comprehensive Plan.~~

~~7.—8. Upholstery shop.~~

~~8.—9. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:~~

- ~~a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;~~
- ~~b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and~~
- ~~c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.~~

~~9.—10. Gasoline pumps available to the public without an employee on site, provided a plan is approved by the Board of Adjustment for periodic inspection of the site by an employee for the following purposes:~~

- ~~a. To check all operating equipment;~~
- ~~b. To check fire suppression system(s);~~
- ~~c. To check the condition of the fire alarm(s);~~
- ~~d. To check for indications of fuel leaks and spillage;~~
- ~~e. To remove trash from the site;~~
- ~~f. To monitor the general condition of the site.~~

~~10.—11. Assisted living facilities and Rehabilitation homes, but only when located closer more than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.~~

~~11. Extended-stay hotels.~~

~~12. Parking lots, provided such use conforms to the conditions of Article 16.~~

~~13. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein, except as accessory uses herein.~~

8-16(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. Establishments primarily engaged in agricultural sales and services.
2. Warehouses, as well as storage uses, except as accessory uses herein.
3. Shops of special trade and general contractors, such as plumbing; heating; carpentry; masonry; plastering; painting; metal work; printing; electrical; sign painting; tile, mosaic and terrazzo work; electroplating; drilling; excavating; wrecking; construction; and paving. This is not intended to prohibit the administrative offices of such.
4. Manufacturing, compounding, assembling, bottling, processing and packaging and other industrial uses for sale or distribution other than as retail on the premises.
5. Truck terminals and freight yards, transfer stations.
6. Amusement enterprises, such as outdoor theaters, automobile racing, horse racing.
7. Kennels, outdoor runways, or pens for animals.
8. Establishments engaged in the display, rental, sales, service and major repair of automobiles, repair of

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motorcycles, boats, trucks, travel trailers, farm implements, contractor's equipment, mobile homes, and establishments primarily engaged in the sale of supplies and parts for any of the above-mentioned vehicles or equipment, except as permitted herein.

9. Establishments for cleaning, dyeing, laundering and the like, other than self-service and pickup stations, except for clothes cleaning establishments of not more than forty (40) pounds capacity and using a closed-system process.
10. Dwellings, except as permitted herein.
11. Hotel or motel, boarding house.
12. Wholesale establishments.
13. Greenhouses, nurseries, hatcheries.
14. Establishments offering live entertainment in which a person simulates any sexual act or in which a person is unclothed, or in such attire, costume, or clothing as to expose to view any portion of the female breast below the top of the areola, the male or female genitalia, or the buttocks.
15. Establishments at which any employee is unclothed or in the attire, costume or clothing described above, or is clothed in such a manner as to simulate the breast, genitalia, buttocks, or any portion thereof.
16. Establishments having as a substantial or significant portion of their stock in trade for sale, rent or display, pictures, books, periodicals, magazines, appliances and similar material, which are distinguished or characterized by their emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to such sexual activities as (a) depiction of human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal; (b) acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse or sodomy; or (c) holding or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or breasts.
17. Indoor motion picture theaters having as a substantial or significant portion of their use the presentation of material having as a dominant theme or characterized or distinguished by an emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to such sexual activities as (a) depiction of human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal; (b) acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse or sodomy; or (c) holding or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or breasts.
18. Above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, including compressed natural gas.
19. Pawnshops, except as permitted herein.
20. Pool or billiard halls.
21. Hospitals.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-16(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-16(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - No limitation.

8-16(h) Minimum and Maximum Front Yard –

- a. Minimum – 10 feet.
- b. Maximum – 20 feet.

8-16(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation.

8-16(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation.

8-16(k) Minimum Usable Open Space - No limitation, except where dwelling units are provided as principal uses; then 10%.

8-16(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-16(m) Maximum Height of Building - ~~25 feet for business uses; 35 feet for residential uses, as permitted herein; and 65 feet as a conditional use, as established in Section 8-16(d)(6).~~ 35 feet, except as permitted in Section 8-16(o)(3).

8-16(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

As for P-1.

Accessory Warehousing, Wholesaling, Storage and the like - One (1) space for every six hundred (600) square feet of floor area.

Accessory Dwellings - One (1) space per dwelling unit.

Beauty Shops, Barber Shops, and Shoe Repair Shops, Clothing Alterations, Tailoring Services and Tattoo Parlors - One space for every two hundred (200) square feet, with a minimum of three (3) spaces.

Restaurants and Brew-Pubs with no live entertainment or dancing - One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet of floor area; or one (1) space for every four (4) indoor seats plus one (1) for every eight (8) outdoor seats, whichever is greater.

Cocktail Lounges, Night Clubs, Banquet Facilities or Restaurants and Brew-Pubs with live entertainment or dancing - One (1) space for every one hundred fifty (150) square feet; or one (1) space for every three (3) indoor seats plus one (1) for every six (6) outdoor seats, whichever is greater.

Retail Uses - For the first 10,000 square feet, one (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area, with a minimum of three spaces; for all floor area exceeding the first 10,000 square feet, one (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet. Combined uses located in a single building shall calculate required parking on the total square footage of the building and not the individual retail uses therein.

Self-Service Laundry - One (1) space for every six (6) machines (washers, dryers, and the like.)

Indoor Theaters - One (1) space for every five (5) seats.

Outdoor Miniature Golf or Putting Courses - One and one-half (1½) spaces per hole.

Arcades, with or without accessory billiard or pool tables - One (1) space for every ~~two hundred fifty (250) one hundred (100)~~ square feet of floor area, ~~plus one (1) space for every three (3) employees.~~

Animal Grooming Facilities – One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet, with a minimum of three (3) spaces.

Combined Uses - Combined uses shall provide parking equal to the sum of the individual uses.

8-16(o) Special Provisions:

1. No building to be used principally as a single ~~use or establishment store selling food, produce, grocery items or general merchandise~~ shall exceed ~~40,000~~50,000 square feet in floor area unless approved by the Planning Commission prior to ~~[DATE OF ORDINANCE] April 27, 2000~~ for at least 40,000 square feet in size. No such ~~building structure~~ may exceed 60,000 square feet in size, in any event.
2. Where dwelling units are provided and the Planning Commission has approved a final development plan, the required parking spaces may be reduced when specific permission is given by the Commission to reduce said required parking by not more than one percent (1%) for each one percent (1%) of additional useable open space that is provided over the minimum. Also, for every one percent (1%) of the dwelling units that will be provided as a mixed-income housing unit, the Commission may decrease the required parking by one percent (1%). In any case, the maximum parking reduction shall not exceed the minimum parking otherwise required in the zone by more than ten percent (10%) by only providing additional open space or only providing mixed-income housing; or twenty-five percent (25%) by using a combination of mixed-income housing and additional open space.
3. A form-based neighborhood business project may be approved by the Planning Commission on any site over one (1) acre in size. For any such project, a final development plan shall be approved by the Planning Commission prior to issuance of any building permit. The lot, yard, height and setback requirements will be those established by the Commission on the approved development plan, rather than those stated above. In addition to the development plan, an applicant seeking approval of a form-based neighborhood business project shall be required to submit an area character and context study prepared by an architect or urban design professional. The study will document the architectural and urban design character of the area. It shall demonstrate, through the use of renderings, elevations and similar graphic materials, how the proposed project

will enhance and complement the area's character. It will also show its integration with the surrounding neighborhood by using positive design features such as supplemental landscaping, provision of public space and open space buffers, and improved pedestrian accommodations. These drawings shall be made a part of the Commission's approval, and building permits shall comply with the approved drawings. A form-based neighborhood business project shall not be subject to the square footage limitation of 8-16(o)(1) above.

8-17 DOWNTOWN BUSINESS (B-2) ZONE

8-17(a) Intent - This zone is intended to accommodate existing and future development in the Central Business District.

8-17(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. The principal permitted uses in the B-1 ~~(and P-1)~~ zone.
2. Amusement enterprises, such as indoor billiard or pool halls; indoor theaters; bowling alleys; dance halls; skating rinks.
3. Restaurants, cocktail lounges and nightclubs, with entertainment, dancing or the sale of alcoholic beverages.
4. Establishments for the display, rental, or sale of automobiles, motorcycles, trucks not exceeding one and one-half (1½) tons, and boats limited to runabout boats, provided that the outdoor display or storage of vehicles shall conform to the requirements of Article 16.
5. Establishments engaged in blueprinting, printing, publishing, and lithographing, interior decorating; upholstering; laundering; clothes cleaning and dyeing; ~~dressmaking~~ clothing alterations and tailoring services.
6. Hotels and motels.
7. Passenger transportation terminals.
8. Any type of dwelling unit.
9. Wholesale establishments.
10. Minor automobile and truck repair.
11. Establishments primarily engaged in the sale of supplies and parts for vehicles and farm equipment.
12. Pawnshops.
13. Stadium and exhibition halls.
14. Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios.
15. Cable television system signal distribution centers and studios.
- ~~16.~~ 15. Animal hospitals or clinics, provided all exterior walls are completely sound-proofed and all animal pens are completely within the principal building and used only for the medical treatment of small animals.
- ~~17.~~ 16. Athletic club facilities.
- ~~18.~~ 17. Adult arcades, massage parlors, adult bookstores, adult video stores, adult cabarets, adult dancing establishments, adult entertainment establishments, and sexual entertainment centers, provided that none shall be located within a 500-foot radius of any agricultural or residential zone, any elementary or secondary school, any park attended by persons under 18 years of age, or within a 1,000-foot radius of any other similarly regulated adult business.
19. Parking lots and structures, provided such use conforms to the conditions of Article 16.

8-17(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Storage, wholesaling, and warehousing.
2. Storage yards for delivery vehicles of a permitted use.
3. Sidewalk café, when accessory to any permitted restaurant.
4. Major automobile and truck repair, when accessory to an establishment primarily engaged in the sale of automobiles and trucks.
5. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated in Article 15-8.
6. Micro-brewery, when accessory to a restaurant permitted herein, and shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from a residential zone and shall be soundproofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise or other emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.
7. Parking areas or structures.

8-17(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Helistops, provided such facilities conform to the requirements of all appropriate federal, state and local regulations.
2. Drive-through facilities for sale of goods or products or provision of services otherwise permitted herein.
3. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth

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therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:

- a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
4. Adult arcades, adult bookstores, adult video stores, adult cabarets, adult dancing establishments, adult entertainment establishments, and sexual entertainment centers, except as permitted herein, provided none shall be located within a 500-foot radius of any elementary or secondary school, any park attended by persons under 18 years of age, or within a 1,000-foot radius of any other similarly regulated adult business.
 5. Gasoline pumps available to the public without an employee on site, provided a plan is approved by the Board of Adjustment for periodic inspection of the site by an employee for the following purposes:
 - a. To check all operating equipment;
 - b. To check fire suppression system(s);
 - c. To check the condition of the fire alarm(s);
 - d. To check for indications of fuel leaks and spillage;
 - e. To remove trash from the site;
 - f. To monitor the general condition of the site.
 6. ~~Assisted living facilities and~~ Rehabilitation homes, when located closer than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.

8-17(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal, accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. The prohibited uses in the B-1 zone, items 1 through 7, except as permitted herein.
2. Outdoor kennels, or outdoor animal runs.
3. Establishments engaged in the display, rental, or repair of farm equipment, trucks exceeding one and one-half (1½) tons, and contractor's equipment.
4. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, including compressed natural gas.
5. Hospitals.

Lot, Yard and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-17(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-17(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - No limitation.

8-17(h) Minimum Front Yard - No limitation.

8-17(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation.

8-17(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation.

8-17(k) Minimum Usable Open Space - No limitation (except that residential uses shall provide useable open space equal to not less than 10% of only those floors occupied by dwelling units).

8-17(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-17(m) Maximum Height of Building - No limitation.

8-17(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

Dwelling Units - No requirements, except for buildings with 25 or more dwelling units; then one (1) space for every two thousand (2,000) square feet of residential floor area.

All Other Permitted Uses - Off-street parking not required.

Off-street loading shall be as required in Article 16.

8-17(o) Special Provisions:

1. For any development within the Urban Renewal Project Area, all provisions of the Urban Renewal Plan shall take precedence over any provisions of this B-2 zone where such provisions are more restrictive than those set out in this zone.
2. For those floors of buildings containing dwelling units with windows for habitable rooms, there shall be provided a height-to-yard ratio of 3:1 for light and air. Public street right-of-way width may be used as part of this setback requirement, except that a minimum setback of five (5) feet from the property line, other than property lines adjoining street right-of-way, shall be required in any case. No setback shall be required for those floors containing non- residential uses or dwelling unit walls without windows.
3. Redevelopment of any site shall comply with the Downtown Streetscape Master Plan for Lexington, Kentucky.

8-19 LEXINGTON CENTER BUSINESS (B-2B) ZONE

8-19(a) Intent - This zone is intended to ensure compatible land uses, the preservation of existing attractions compatible with the Lexington Center, and the encouragement of new uses necessary to the proper development of the downtown area. The permitted land uses in the zone should have some logical relation to the Lexington Center and to the downtown core, should promote tourism, should promote the economic health of the community, should provide for an aesthetically pleasing environment, and should prevent the creation of influences adverse to the prospering of the Lexington Center and the downtown area.

8-19(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. Civic Center and convention facilities.
2. Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity brokers and exchanges, credit institutions; savings and loan companies, holding and investment companies.
3. Offices and clinics.
4. Schools for academic instruction.
5. Libraries, museums, art galleries, and reading rooms.
6. Studios for work or teaching of fine arts, such as photography, music, drama, dance or theater.
7. Churches, Sunday schools, and parish houses.
8. Ticket and travel agencies.
9. Restaurants, cocktail lounges and nightclubs, including those serving alcoholic beverages and/or offering live entertainment, except as prohibited under Section 8-19(e).
10. Establishments for the retail sale of primarily new merchandise.
11. Beauty shops, and barber shops.
12. S, shoe repair, ~~dressmaking~~ clothing alterations or tailoring services.
- ~~13. 12.~~ Retail sale of plant, nursery or greenhouse products, or agricultural produce.
- ~~14. 13.~~ Hotels or motels.
- ~~15. 14.~~ Any type of residential use.
- ~~16. 15.~~ Antique shops.
- ~~17. 16.~~ Establishments for the display, rental or sale of automobiles, motorcycles, trucks not exceeding one and one-half (1½) tons, and boats limited to runabout boats; provided that the outdoor display or storage of vehicles shall conform to the requirements of Article 16.
- ~~18. 17.~~ Amusement enterprises, such as circuses; carnivals; horse racing or automobile racing, provided such activity is operated on a temporary basis of a duration not exceeding two weeks.
- ~~19. 18.~~ Establishments engaged in blueprinting, printing, publishing, and lithography; interior decoration and upholstery; repair of household appliances.
- ~~20. 19.~~ Bookstores, except as prohibited under Section 8-19(e).
- ~~21. 20.~~ Indoor amusement enterprises, such as motion picture theaters, except as prohibited under Section 8-19(e); billiard or pool halls; bowling alleys; dance halls, skating rinks; and arcades.
- ~~22. 21.~~ Computer and data processing centers.
- ~~23. 22.~~ Telephone exchanges, radio and television studios.
- ~~24. 23.~~ Cable television system signal distribution centers and studios.
- ~~25. 24.~~ Private clubs, except as prohibited under Section 8-19(e)(7, 8 and 9).
- ~~26. 25.~~ Kindergartens, nursery schools and child care centers for four (4) or more children. A fenced and screened play area shall be provided, which shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) square feet per child.
- ~~27. 26.~~ Pawnshops which: (1) were in operation prior to August 31, 1990 and in compliance with the provisions of KRS 226.010 et seq. and Code of Ordinances, Sections 13-52 and 13-53; or (2) had on file with the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, prior to August 31, 1990, an application for a business license or certificate of occupancy.

8-19(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Storage area for delivery vehicles of a permitted use.
2. Sidewalk café, when accessory to any permitted restaurant.
3. Health clubs, athletic clubs and spas, when operated solely for the use of occupants of residential uses, employees, tenants and owners of office uses, or registered guests of hotels and motels.

4. Major automobile and truck repair, when accessory to an establishment primarily engaged in the sale of automobiles and trucks.
5. Parking lots and parking structures, when accessory to principal permitted uses.
6. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.
7. Micro-brewery, when accessory to a restaurant permitted herein; and shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from a residential zone and shall be soundproofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise or other emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.

8-19(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Automobile service stations at which only minor automobile and truck repair is performed, and provided such use conforms to all requirements of Article 16.
2. Automobile rental facilities; parking lots and parking structures, when not accessory to a principal permitted use, provided such uses conform to all requirements of Article 16.
3. Secondhand shops.
4. Self-service laundry or laundry pick-up stations, including clothes cleaning establishments of not more than forty (40) pounds capacity and using a closed-system process.
5. Helistops, provided such facilities conform to the requirements of all appropriate Federal, State and local regulations.
6. Drive-through facilities for sale of goods or products or provision of services otherwise permitted herein.
7. Health clubs, athletic clubs and spas, except as a permitted in 8-19(c)(3).
8. Recycling drop-off centers for aluminum; steel; plastic; glass; newspapers; cardboard and other paper products; oil and other household recyclable waste, provided that such an establishment shall be located at least two hundred (200) feet from any residential zone. Any appeal for a conditional use permit to operate a recycling drop-off center shall include as part of the application: Reasons for the location of the proposed use at a specific site, description of equipment to be used, physical arrangement, and operation of the proposed center. The Board of Adjustment shall consider the necessity of screening, if needed.
9. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
10. Gasoline pumps available to the public without an employee on site, provided a plan is approved by the Board of Adjustment for periodic inspection of the site by an employee for the following purposes:
 - a. To check all operating equipment;
 - b. To check fire suppression system(s);
 - c. To check the condition of the fire alarm(s);
 - d. To check for indications of fuel leaks and spillage;
 - e. To remove trash from the site;
 - f. To monitor the general condition of the site.

8-19(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. Establishments primarily engaged in agricultural equipment sales and services.
2. Warehouse, as well as storage uses, except as accessory uses herein.
3. Shops of special trade and general contractors, such as plumbing; heating; carpentry; masonry; plastering; painting; metal work; electrical; sign painting; tile, mosaic and terrazzo work; electroplating; drilling; excavating; wrecking; construction, and paving. This is not intended to prohibit administrative offices of such.
4. Manufacturing, compounding, assembling, bottling, processing and packaging, and other industrial uses for sale or distribution other than as retail on the premises.
5. Truck terminals and freight yards.
6. Drive-in restaurants or drive-in theaters.

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7. Establishments offering live entertainment in which a person is unclothed, or in such attire, costume or clothing as to expose to view any portion of the female breast below the top of the areola, the male or female genitalia, or the buttocks.
8. Establishments at which any employee is unclothed or in the attire, costume, or clothing described above, or is clothed in such a manner as to simulate the breast, genitalia, buttocks, or any portion thereof.
9. Establishments having as a substantial or significant portion of their stock in trade for sale, rent or display, pictures, books, periodicals, magazines, appliances and similar material which are distinguished or characterized by their emphasis on matter depicting, describing or relating to such sexual activities, as (a) depiction of human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation or arousal; (b) acts of human masturbation, sexual intercourse or sodomy, or (c) holding or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or breasts.
10. Animal kennels, hospitals, clinics, outdoor runways or pens, and animal grooming facilities.
11. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form including compressed natural gas.
12. Pawnshops, except as permitted herein.
13. Tattoo parlors.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-19(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-19(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - No limitation.

8-19(h) Minimum Front Yard - No limitation.

8-19(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation.

8-19(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation.

8-19(k) Minimum Usable Open Space - No limitation, except that 10% shall be required for any residential area.

8-19(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-19(m) Maximum Height of Building - No limitation.

8-19(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

Dwelling Units - No requirements, except for buildings with 25 or more dwelling units: then one (1) space for every two thousand (2,000) square feet of residential floor area.

Hotels or Motels - One (1) space per suite, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

8-19(o) Special Provisions:

1. For any development within the Urban Renewal Project Area, all provisions of the Urban Renewal Plan shall take precedence over any provisions of this B-2B zone where such provisions are more restrictive than those set in this zone.
2. Redevelopment of any site shall comply with the Downtown Streetscape Master Plan for Lexington, Kentucky.

8-20 HIGHWAY SERVICE BUSINESS (B-3) ZONE

8-20(a) Intent - This zone is intended to provide for retail and other uses, which are necessary to the economic vitality of the community but may be inappropriate in other zones. The Comprehensive Plan should be used to determine the locations for this zone. Special consideration should be given to the relationship of the uses in the zone to the surrounding land uses and to the adequacy of the street system to serve the traffic needs.

8-20(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. Establishments and lots for the display, rental, sale, service, and minor repair of farm equipment, contractor equipment, automobiles, motorcycles, trucks, boats, travel trailers, mobile homes, or supplies for such items.
2. Automobile service stations, subject to the conditions of Article 16.
3. Restaurants, cocktail lounges and nightclubs, with entertainment, dancing, and/or sale of alcoholic beverages.
4. Car washing establishments, provided that surface water from such use shall not drain onto adjacent property or over a public sidewalk, and that adequate on-site storage lanes and parking facilities shall be provided so that no public way shall be used for such purposes.
5. Motel or hotel.
6. Indoor amusements, such as billiard or pool halls; dancing halls; skating rinks; miniature golf or putting courses; theaters, or bowling alleys.
7. Self-service laundry, or laundry pick-up station, or clothes cleaning establishments of not more than forty (40) pounds capacity and using a closed-system process.
8. Garden centers.
9. Kennels, animal hospitals or clinics, including offices of veterinarians, provided that such structures or uses, not including accessory parking areas, shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone.
10. Drive-in restaurants, provided that all outside food service areas shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone.
11. Establishments for the retail sale of merchandise as permitted in the B-1 zone, unless prohibited by Section 8-20(e).
12. Minor automobile and truck repair.
13. Banks, credit agencies, security and commodity brokers and exchanges, credit institutions, savings and loan companies, holding and investment companies.
14. ~~Barber shops, beauty shops.~~ Beauty shops, and barber shops.
15. Shoe repair, clothing alteration, tailoring services, and tattoo parlors.
- ~~16.-15.~~ Circuses and carnivals on a temporary basis, and upon issuance of a permit by the Division of Building Inspection, which may restrict the permit in terms of time, parking, access or in other ways to protect public health, safety, or welfare; or deny such if public health, safety or welfare are adversely affected.
- ~~17.-16.~~ Offices and medical clinics.
- ~~18.-17.~~ Taxidermy establishments.
- ~~19.-18.~~ Quick copy services utilizing xerographic or similar processes, but not utilizing offset printing methods.
- ~~20.-19.~~ Business colleges, technical or trade schools or institutions.
- ~~21.-20.~~ Schools for academic instruction.
- ~~22.-21.~~ Kindergartens, nursery schools and child care centers, where enrollment of children is sponsored and licensed by established churches and non-profit community-based groups, and/or where enrollment may be limited to children of employees and staff of an office, business or commercial establishment which is located on or abutting the same lot as the proposed child care facility. A fenced and screened play area shall be provided in an area, located a minimum of ten (10) feet from a collector or arterial street, and shall contain not less than twenty-five (25) square feet per child.
- ~~23.-22.~~ Pawnshops which: (1) were in operation prior to August 31, 1990 and in compliance with the provisions of KRS 226.010 et seq. and Code of Ordinances, Sections 13-52 and 13-53; or (2) had on file with the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, prior to August 31, 1990, an application for a business license or certificate of occupancy.
- ~~24.-23.~~ Athletic club facilities.
- ~~25.-24.~~ Parking lots and structures.
- ~~26.-25.~~ Adult arcades, massage parlors, adult bookstores, adult video stores, adult cabarets, adult dancing establishments, adult entertainment establishments, and sexual entertainment centers, provided that none shall be located within a 500-foot radius of any agricultural or residential zone, any elementary or secondary school, any park attended by persons under 18 years of age, or within a 1,000-foot radius of any other similarly regulated adult business.

~~27.-26.~~ Commissaries.

8-20(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Wholesale, warehouse, and storage facilities.
2. Parking areas and structures.
3. Swimming pools.
4. Newsstands and retail shops when accessory to a motel or hotel, provided there are no exterior entrances or signs visible from outside the structure in which they are located.
5. Not more than one (1) dwelling unit for owners, operators, or employees of a permitted use, provided that such dwelling unit shall be a part of and located above or to the rear of such permitted use.
6. Major automobile and truck repair, when accessory to an establishment primarily engaged in the sale of automobiles and trucks.
7. Drive-through facilities for sale of goods or products or provision of services otherwise permitted herein.
8. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.
9. Pawnshops which are accessory to an establishment primarily engaged in the retail sale of jewelry. Not less than fifty percent (50%) of the gross revenue of such establishments shall come from the retail sale of jewelry.
10. Micro-brewery, when accessory to a restaurant permitted herein; and shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from a residential zone and shall be soundproofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise or other emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.
11. Retail sale of liquid propane (limited to 20 lb. containers), when accessory to the retail sale of merchandise or an automobile service station permitted under Article 8-16(b).

8-20(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

Required conditions for any conditional use permitted herein shall be as follows:

Any conditional use shall be located, in relationship to the arterial roadway system, so that the conditional use has a minimal effect on the adjoining streets and the surrounding uses.

Any outdoor theater screen or illuminated scoreboard or other similar surface shall not be visible from any street for a distance of one thousand (1,000) feet from said structure.

Entrances of ingress or egress, acceleration lanes, and deceleration lanes shall be provided in conformance with requirements as established by the Urban County Traffic Engineer.

1. Indoor and outdoor athletic facilities that may also require buildings which, as a result of their size and design, are not compatible with residential and business zones, but would be compatible in a Highway Service Business (B-3) zone, such as a field house; gymnasium; football stadium; tennis courts; soccer field or polo field, and baseball field.
2. Amusement parks, fairgrounds, or horse racing tracks, if all buildings are located not less than two hundred (200) feet from any residential zone; and further provided that all buildings for housing animals shall be two hundred (200) feet from any residential zone, residential use, school, church, hospital, nursing home, or rest home.
3. Outdoor theaters, provided that all facilities, other than highway access drives, are not less than one thousand (1,000) feet from any residential zone, residence, school, church, hospital, nursing home, or rest home; and further provided that a vehicle storage area equal to thirty percent (30%) of the capacity of the theater be provided between the highway and theater ticket gate.
4. Outdoor recreational facilities, including go-cart tracks; archery courts; skate-board and roller skating tracks; trampoline centers; rifle and other fire-arm ranges; swimming pools; water slides and other water-related recreational facilities, and other similar uses.
5. Passenger transportation terminals.
6. Pawnshops, except as permitted herein.
7. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust,

- or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
- b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
- c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
- 8. Adult arcades, adult bookstores, adult video stores, adult cabarets, adult dancing establishments, adult entertainment establishments, and sexual entertainment centers, except as permitted herein, provided none shall be located within a 500-foot radius of any elementary or secondary school, any park attended by persons under 18 years of age, or within a 1,000-foot radius of any other similarly regulated adult business.
- 9. Churches and Sunday schools.
- 10. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, except as permitted herein, including compressed natural gas, except in conformance with the Kentucky Building Code and all applicable fire safety codes. Total above-ground storage of gas is limited to 600 square feet. There may be no filling or re-filling of gas containers in this zone.

8-20(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal, accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

- 1. The prohibited uses in the B-1 zone, items 1 through 5.
- 2. Automobile race tracks.
- 3. Establishments for cleaning, dyeing, and the like, except as permitted herein.
- 4. Dwellings, except as accessory uses herein.
- 5. Major automobile and truck repair, except as permitted herein.
- 6. Boarding houses.
- 7. Outdoor retail sale of merchandise, unless accessory to a permanent retail sales establishment that conducts most of its activities within a completely enclosed building or group of buildings.
- 8. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, including compressed natural gas, except as permitted herein.
- 9. Hospitals.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-20(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-20(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - 40'.

8-20(h) Minimum Front Yard - 20'.

8-20(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-20(o).

8-20(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-20(o).

8-20(k) Minimum Useable Open Space - No limitation.

8-20(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-20(m) Maximum Height of Building - 75', except where a side or rear yard abuts a Professional Office or a Residential zone, then a 3:1 height to yard ratio.

8-20(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

As for B-1.

Establishments for display, rental, sale, service or repair of farm implements, contractor equipment, automobiles, motorcycles, boats, travel trailers, mobile homes, or supplies for such items - One (1) space for every six hundred (600) square feet of floor area, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Car Washing Establishments with Two (2) or More Stalls - Two (2) spaces for each stall, plus one (1) space for each vacuum unit.

Motels and Hotels - One (1) space per suite with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Bowling Alleys - Four (4) spaces per alley; however, snack bars and food service provided primarily to patrons shall not require additional parking.

Offices of Veterinarians, Animal Hospitals or Clinics, and Kennels - One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet of floor area.

Billiard or Pool Halls, Arcades, Dance Halls, Indoor Athletic Facilities, and other amusement places without fixed seats - One (1) space for every one hundred (100) square feet of floor area, plus one space for every three (3) employees.

Skating Rinks - One (1) space for each four hundred (400) square feet of floor area, plus one (1) space for every employee.

Theaters - One (1) space for every five (5) seats.

Indoor and Outdoor Athletic Facilities, Horse Race Tracks, and other amusement places with fixed seats - One (1) space for every five (5) seats, plus one (1) space for every three (3) employees.

Miniature Golf or Putting Course - One and one-half (1½) spaces per hole.

Garden Centers - One (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area; plus one (1) space for each employee, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Adult Arcades and Massage Parlors - As for retail uses in the B-1 zone (with a minimum of three (3) spaces) or one (1) space for every five (5) seats, whichever is greater.

Adult Bookstores or Adult Video Stores - As for retail uses in the B-1 zone (with a minimum of three (3) spaces.)

Adult Cabarets, Adult Dancing Establishments, Adult Entertainment Establishments, and Sexual Entertainment Centers - As for retail uses in the B-1 zone (with a minimum of three (3) spaces), or one (1) space for every three (3) seats, whichever is greater.

Conditional Uses - Parking requirements for conditional uses shall be minimum requirements; the Board of Adjustment may require additional parking, as needed.

Combinations - Combined uses shall provide parking equal to the sum of individual requirements.

8-20(o) Special Provisions

1. Landscape buffer areas shall be required as set forth in Article 18.
2. No building to be used principally as a single store selling food, produce, grocery items or general merchandise shall exceed 80,000 square feet in floor area unless:
 - a) approved by the Planning Commission prior to April 27, 2000 for a larger area, or
 - b) the building is designed to meet the design guidelines for "big-box" retail establishments (Article 12-8), unless specific guidelines are waived by the Planning Commission through its approval of a final development plan.

8-21 WHOLESALE AND WAREHOUSE BUSINESS (B-4) ZONE

8-21(a) Intent - This zone is intended primarily for wholesaling, warehousing, storage operations and establishments whose activity is of the same general character as the above. To a lesser extent, this zone is also intended to provide for the mixture of professional offices and warehouses that promote reuse and redevelopment of older warehouses, allowing businesses to combine their entire operation in one building, as recommended for the Office/Warehouse land use category in the Comprehensive Plan. This zone is also intended to encourage the adaptive reuse of older structures in or adjoining the Infill and Redevelopment Area to promote revitalization of these buildings. The Comprehensive Plan should be used to determine the appropriate locations for this zone. Consideration should be given to the relationship of this zone to the surrounding land uses and the adequacy of the street system to serve the anticipated traffic needs.

8-21(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. Wholesale establishment, wholesale establishment with warehouses, storage, and ware- housing.
2. Shops of special trade and general contractors, such as plumbing; heating; carpentry; masonry; painting; plastering; metal work; printing; publishing; lithographing; engraving; electrical; major automobile and truck repairing; sign painting; upholstering; tile, mosaic and terrazzo work; electroplating; interior decorating.
3. Laundry (excluding self-service laundry), clothes cleaning or dyeing shop.
4. Ice plant.
5. Tire re-treading and recapping.
6. Parking lots and structures.
7. Machine shop.
8. Kennels, animal hospitals, animal grooming facilities or clinics, provided that such structures or areas used, not including accessory parking areas, shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone.
9. Offices of purchasers, processors and handlers of agricultural products, limited to administrative uses only.
10. Sales of feed, grain, or other agricultural supplies.
11. Garden centers.
12. Establishments and lots for the display, rental, sale, and repair of farm equipment, contractor equipment, automobiles, trucks, mobile homes, recreational vehicles, such as mini-bikes, motorcycles, bicycles, boats or supplies for such items.
13. Truck terminals and freight yards.
14. Automobile service stations, subject to the conditions of Article 16.
15. Major or minor automobile and truck repair.
16. Establishments for the display and sale of precut, prefabricated, or shell homes.
17. Circuses and carnivals on a temporary basis, and upon issuance of a permit by the Division of Building Inspection, which may restrict the permit in terms of time, parking, access or other ways to protect public health, safety, or welfare; or deny such if public health, safety or welfare are adversely affected.
18. Retail sale of building materials and lumber.
19. Pawnshops which (1) were in operation prior to August 31, 1990 and in compliance with the provisions of KRS 226.010 et seq. and Code of Ordinances, Sections 13-52 and 13-53; or (2) had on file with the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, prior to August 31, 1990, an application for a business license or certificate of occupancy.
20. Mail order business.
21. Office uses, limited to a maximum square footage of 60% of the floor area in the building in which the use is located.
22. Office/warehouse mixed-use project, as further regulated by Article 8-21(o)(3).
23. Adaptive Reuse Projects, as further regulated in 8-21(o)4.

8-21(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.

1. Parking areas and structures, and loading areas.

2. Financial and insurance offices, the principal activities of which are oriented towards agricultural loans and farm insurance.
3. Laundry pick-up station, when accessory to a laundry or dry-cleaning establishment.
4. Retail sale of hardware-related items, when accessory to the sale of building materials and/or lumber.
5. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.
6. Sale of manufactured products, goods, merchandise and finished products related or incidental to the principal use, provided that the area set aside for sales of these related or incidental items does not constitute more than 30% of the total floor and storage area.
7. The retail sale of groceries; dairy products; bakery goods; meat; beer; health and beauty items; stationery; and similar convenience-type merchandise, when accessory to an automobile service station.
8. Beauty salons, where accessory to an athletic club facility, provided that the area of the salon shall not constitute more than 10% of the total floor area, that the salon has no separate external entrance, nor separate business signage.
9. Retail sale of liquid propane (limited to 20 lb. containers), when accessory to retail sale of building materials and lumber permitted under Sections 8-21(b)(18).

8-21(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Indoor recreational activities, except as provided as a part of an adaptive reuse project that require buildings which, as a result of their size and design, are not compatible with residential and business zones, but would be compatible in a Wholesale and Warehouse Business (B-4) zone, including indoor tennis courts; skating rinks; athletic club facilities and bowling alleys. Also included would be any outdoor recreational facilities that are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to such indoor recreational activities.
2. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
3. Churches, Sunday schools, and church-related schools for academic instruction, except as provided as part of an adaptive reuse project.
4. Retail sale (except as provided as part of an adaptive reuse project) of furniture and household-related items, such as antiques; fabrics; fixtures; furnishings; glassware and china; when accessory to its storage, refinishing, repairing or upholstery on the same premises.

8-21(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal, accessory, or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. Heavy manufacturing, heavy assembling, com- pounding, packaging, bottling, processing, and other industrial uses, except as permitted herein.
2. Storage of commodities, the storage of which is permitted for the first time in the industrial zones.
3. Amusement enterprises, such as indoor theaters; drive-in theaters; horse race tracks; pool halls; billiard halls; dancing halls and amusement parks.
4. Retail sales and offices, except as permitted herein.
5. Motels and hotels, boarding houses.
6. Personal service establishments, except as permitted herein.
7. Dwellings, except as permitted in an office/ warehouse project herein.
8. Schools and colleges for academic instruction, except as permitted herein.
9. Restaurants, cocktail lounges, and nightclubs, except as permitted herein.
10. Car washing establishments.
11. Refuse dumps, landfills, transfer stations, and incinerators.
12. The above- or below-ground storage of any flammable material in gaseous form, including compressed natural

gas.

13. Pawnshops, except as permitted herein.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-21(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-21(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - No limitation.

8-21(h) Minimum Front Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-21(o).

8-21(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-21(o).

8-21(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-21(o).

8-21(k) Minimum Useable Open Space - No limitation.

8-21(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-21(m) Maximum Height of Building - 75', except when a side or rear yard abuts a Professional Office or a Residential zone, then a 3:1 height-to-yard ratio.

8-21(n) Off-Street Parking - (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

Wholesale business, warehousing, storage; Establishments for special trade and general contractors; Machine shops; Sale of feed, grain or other agricultural supplies; Garden centers; and Establishments for the rental, sale, service and repair of farm equipment, contractor equipment, trucks, travel trailers and mobile homes - One (1) space for every six hundred (600) square feet of floor area, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Tire re-treading or recapping; Truck terminals and Ice plants - One (1) space for each two (2) employees on a maximum working shift; plus one (1) space for each vehicle owned or operated by the use, with a minimum of five (5) spaces total.

Offices, as permitted herein; Animal Hospitals or Clinics; Laundry, clothes cleaning or dyeing shop - One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet of floor area, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Animal Grooming Facilities – One (1) space for every two hundred (200) square feet, with a minimum of three (3) spaces.

Kennels - One (1) space for every six hundred (600) square feet of floor area, plus one (1) space per two (2) employees on the maximum shift, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Office/Warehouse mixed-use project - One (1) space for every five hundred (500) square feet of parking floor area, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Skating Rinks - One (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area, plus one (1) space for each employee.

Bowling Alleys - Five (5) spaces for each alley, plus one (1) space for each employee. Four (4) spaces per alley; however, snack bars and food service provided primarily to patrons shall not require additional parking.

Tennis Courts and other similar indoor recreational uses - One (1) space for every two (2) participants, plus one (1) space for every three (3) spectator seats, plus one (1) space for each employee.

Mail Order Business - One (1) for every two (2) employees on a maximum working shift, with a minimum of five (5) spaces; plus one (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of accessory retail sales area.

Retail Sales, Bulk Merchandise - One (1) space for every 250 square feet of floor area.

Conditional Uses - Parking requirements for conditional uses are minimum requirements; the Board of Adjustment may require additional parking, as needed.

Combinations - Combined uses shall provide parking equal to the sum of individual requirements.

8-21(o) Special Provisions:

1. All buildings and structures shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone, unless the portion within that distance has no opening except stationary windows and doors which are designed and intended solely for pedestrian access.
2. Landscape buffer areas shall be required as set forth in Article 18.
3. An Office/Warehouse mixed-use project may be permitted by the Planning Commission upon the approval of a final development plan, as provided in Article 21 of the Zoning Ordinance, and subject to the following requirements:

In addition to the uses permitted in Article 8-21(b), the following uses shall also be permitted in an Office/Warehouse Project:

As principal permitted uses:

- a. Offices, laboratories and data processing centers, limited to a maximum of 75% of the floor area of the building or project. This square footage limitation shall not apply if the project is located within the defined Infill and Redevelopment Area.

As accessory uses:

- a. Drive-through facilities for the provision of services allowed in an Office/Warehouse mixed-use project;
 - b. Dwelling units for on-site security personnel.
4. Adaptive Reuse Projects may be permitted by the Planning Commission upon the approval of a final development plan, subject to the following requirements:
 - a. The property must be located in or adjacent to, or across a public right-of-way from, the defined Infill and Redevelopment Area. The area of the Project will be defined by the development plan and may include noncontiguous properties that can function together as an interrelated development.
 - b. The Project must include at least one existing building that will be adaptively reused as a principal structure.
 - c. The applicant shall provide documentation demonstrating that the Project meets at least three of the following criteria:
 1. It will incorporate sustainable features such as LEED Certification, "green" infrastructure, alternative energy or other innovative design or system.
 2. It will include a structure individually listed on the National Register of Historic Places or is determined to be eligible for such listing; is determined to contribute to the significance of a National Register Historic District or is in an area that meets the requirements of a National Historic District; is individually listed on a state inventory of historic places; is located within an Historic District (H-1) overlay zone; or is over 50 years old.
 3. It is in a district that has applied for, or has obtained, special funding such as tax increment financing or similar government incentives.
 4. It will provide residential housing, at least 10% of which will be set aside for affordable housing.
 5. It will provide a high degree of innovative accommodation for non-vehicular transportation.
 6. It is in an area specified in the Comprehensive Plan for adaptive reuse or revitalization.
 7. It is within an area that is a brownfields recovery site.
 8. Public art is provided by the development that will be publicly displayed in an accessible unpaid area and is visible from the adjacent street level. This is not to include a business logo or other type of advertisement.
 9. It has a single building of over 30,000 square feet that is over 50 years old, or a total project of over 80,000 square feet with at least two adaptive reuse buildings over 50 years old. A single building may not be used to meet both criteria #2 and #9.
 - d. Principal uses in Adaptive Reuse Projects:
 1. Any of the principal uses permitted in the underlying zone.

2. Schools; libraries; museums; art galleries; studios for work or teaching of fine arts, metal work, photography, dance drama or theater; theaters, including movie theaters and other indoor amusements, except as prohibited under Section 8-19(e), including billiard or pool halls, bowling alleys, dance halls, skating rinks and arcades.
3. Community centers, churches and private clubs.
4. Restaurants, with or without outdoor seating and with or without live entertainment.
5. Establishments for the retail sale of food, dairy, bakery, meat, beer, liquor, wine and other food products; the retail sale of merchandise, including new or used clothing and books, gifts, toys, antiques, furnishings, housewares, jewelry, electronics and similar items.
6. Pharmacies, provided that they are within a structure containing other uses and do not occupy a separate building.
7. Banquet facilities or private clubs with live entertainment, brew pubs, bars, cocktail lounges and nightclubs.
8. Offices, banks or clinics.
9. Hotels or motels.
10. Beauty shops, barber shops, shoe repair, dressmaking or tailoring.
11. Quick copy services not using offset printing methods.
12. Residences of any kind.
13. Health clubs, athletic clubs and spas.
14. Parking lots and structures.
15. Retail sales of plant, nursery or greenhouse products or agricultural products, produce or goods.
16. Indoor recreational facilities.
17. Kindergartens, nursery schools and child care centers for four (4) or more children. A fenced and screened play area shall be provided, which shall contain at least 25 square feet per child.
18. Indoor or outdoor amusement or entertainment enterprises such as circuses, carnivals, rodeos, horse shows or automobile shows; provided such activity is operated on a temporary basis, not to exceed two weeks.
19. Passenger transportation terminals.
- e. Accessory uses that are clearly incidental and subordinate to the principal uses are permitted.
- f. Conditional uses:
 1. Drive-through facilities.
- g. Prohibited uses:
 1. All adult uses, as listed in Section 8-16(e)(14 through 17).
- h. Parking
 1. **Dwelling Units** - One (1) space for every two (2) units.
 2. **Non-Residential Uses** - Fifty percent (50%) of the least parking required in any zone other than the B-2, B-2A or B-2B zone, which permits the use or a similar use.
 3. **Allowable Reductions in Parking:**
 - a. **Bicycle Reduction** - Sites having fifty (50) or more parking spaces may reduce the total minimum automobile parking space requirement by one (1) parking space for every one (1) bicycle space provided in a permanent, constructed bicycle locker. The maximum reduction of required parking spaces, based on provision of bicycle parking, shall not be reduced less than five percent (5%) of the otherwise required amount.
 - b. **Allowable Transit Stop Reductions** - Sites located within 300 feet of a transit stop with a shelter may be allowed a ten percent (10%) reduction of the minimum required parking. Sites located within 300 feet of a transit stop without a shelter shall be allowed a five percent (5%) reduction of the minimum required parking. If the site is located within 300 feet of more than one transit stop, the maximum reduction allowed will be ten percent (10%) for this specific parking reduction.
 - c. Reductions in required off-street parking for transit stops and bicycle lockers may be combined for the same property, but in any event may not reduce the total amount of required off-street parking by more than 15 percent (15%).
- i. Signage - Shall be as permitted under Article 17-7(o) for an MU-2 zone.
- j. Lot and Yard Requirements - No minimum.
- k. Height - No maximum height for adaptive reuse of existing buildings. New buildings shall not be more than 12 feet taller than the tallest structure that is being adaptively re-used, or 48 feet, whichever is greater.
- l. The applicant shall submit a compliance statement with the development plan that shall specify how the project will further the Goals and Objectives and other elements of the Comprehensive Plan.
- m. Prior to holding a hearing on the development plan, the applicant shall post a sign, with dimensions set out

in Article 23B-5(b), at a visible location on the property at least 14 days prior to the hearing, informing the public of the location, date and time of the hearing. Evidence of the sign having been posted shall be submitted to the Planning Commission at the hearing.

- n. The Planning Commission shall have the power to approve, modify or disapprove the development plan, as set out in Article 21. In addition, if the Planning Commission approves the development plan, it must adopt a finding that the development plan furthers the Goals and Objectives or other elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

8-22 LIGHT INDUSTRIAL (I-1) ZONE

8-22(a) Intent - This zone is intended for manufacturing, industrial and related uses not involving a potential nuisance in terms of smoke, noise, odor, vibration, heat, light or industrial waste. In addition, the Comprehensive Plan recognizes that it is important to promote adaptive reuse of older industrial areas and to allow Industrial Mixed-Use projects and Adaptive Reuse Projects. The Comprehensive Plan should be used to determine appropriate locations for this zone and for Industrial Mixed-Use Projects. Consideration should be given to the relationship of this zone to the surrounding land uses and to the adequacy of the street system to serve the anticipated traffic needs.

8-22(b) Principal Uses (Other uses substantially similar to those listed herein shall also be deemed permitted.)

1. The principal permitted uses in the B-4 zone.
2. The manufacturing, compounding, assembling, processing, packaging, or similar treatment of articles of merchandise from the following previously prepared materials: asbestos, bone, canvas, cellophane, cellulose, cloth, cork, feather, felt, fiber, fur, glass, hair, horn, leather, paper, plastics, precious and semi-precious metals, precious and semi-precious stones, rubber, sheet metal (excluding large stampings), shell, textiles, tobacco, wax, wire, wood (excluding sawmills, planing mills), and yarn.
3. The manufacturing, compounding, assembling, processing, packaging, or similar treatment of such products as: bakery goods; billboards; candy; ceramics; cosmetics; drafting instruments; electrical parts; appliances; electric or neon signs; electronic instruments; food products; meat packaging; ice cream; medical and dental instruments; musical instruments; pharmaceuticals; pottery, china, or figurines; radios; record players; rubber and metal stamps; rubber products; scientific instruments and equipment; shoes; television receivers; toiletries, soaps and detergents; toys; and watches and clocks.
4. Other industrial and manufacturing uses, such as auto parts rebuilding; battery manufacturing; beverage manufacturing; micro-brewery as regulated by KRS 243.157 and KRS 243.150; dairy and non-dairy and food and non-food product bottling plants; box and crate assembly; building materials sales; rental storage yard; bag, carpet and rug cleaning and dyeing; cabinet shop; cannery; cooperage; crematory; dextrine and starch manufacturing; enameling, lacquering, and japanning; felt manufacturing; electric foundry; furniture manufacturing; heating equipment manufacturing; inflammable under-ground liquid storage; iron works (ornamental), and wire drawing; parcel delivery stations; phonograph record manufacturing; public utility service yard; radium extraction; railway or truck terminal; stone monument works; tool manufacturing; vehicle storage yards for which occupancy permits were issued prior to May 1, 1985; welding, and other metal working shops.
5. Recycling, sorting, baling and processing of glass and nonferrous metals, including copper; brass; aluminum; lead and nickel, but not including automobile wrecking yard; building materials salvage; junk yards or other uses first permitted in the I-2 zone. Recycling, sorting, baling and processing of paper scrap and storage of waste paper shall be permitted only when wholly conducted in a completely enclosed building.
6. Industrial Mixed-Use Projects, as further regulated by Article 8-22(o).
7. Adaptive Reuse Projects, as set out in Section 8-21(b)23 and Section 8-21(o)4.

8-22(c) Accessory Uses (Uses and structures which are customarily accessory, clearly incidental and subordinate to permitted uses.)

1. Off-street parking areas and structures, and loading facilities.
2. Dwelling units for watchmen or caretakers, provided that such facilities shall be located on the same premises as the permitted use.
3. Outdoor storage of products manufactured on the premises or materials to be used in manufacture on the premises.
4. Facilities for serving food only for employees and visitors; having no direct access to the exterior, and having no signs visible from the exterior of the building.
5. Offices.
6. Recreational facilities.
7. Sale of manufactured goods.
8. Sale of finished products related or incidental to the principal use, provided that the area set aside for sales of these related or incidental items does not constitute more than thirty percent (30%) of the total floor and storage area.
9. Satellite dish antennas, as further regulated by Article 15-8.
10. Beauty salons where accessory to an athletic club facility, provided that the area of the salon shall not

constitute more than 10% of the total floor area, that the salon has no separate external entrance, nor separate business signage.

11. Retail sale of liquid propane (limited to 20 lb. containers), when accessory to retail sale of building materials and lumber permitted under Article 8-21(b)(18).

8-22(d) Conditional Uses (Permitted only with Board of Adjustment approval.)

1. Automobile race tracks.
2. Public utilities and public service uses and structures.
3. Columbariums and crematories.
4. Penal or correctional institutions.
5. Indoor recreational activities, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project, that require buildings, which as a result of their size and design, are not compatible with residential and business zones, but would be compatible in a Light Industrial (I-1) zone, including indoor tennis courts; skating rinks; athletic club facilities and bowling alleys.
6. Grain drying, when operated in a fully enclosed building at least three hundred (300) feet from the nearest residential, business, or professional office zone.
7. The above- or below-ground storage for resale of any flammable or nonflammable gas or oxidizer in liquid or gaseous form, the storage of any empty container which contained any gas in any form; and the receiving of or dispensing of any gas in any form, unless limited by 8-22(e); and provided such operations conform to the standards prescribed by the National Fire Protection Association, the Kentucky Occupational Safety and Health Standards for General Industry, and any requirements of the Fire Marshall. Such conformance shall be certified in writing by the Fire Marshall, and any required protective measures for the containers shall be met in all ways.
8. Banks, with or without drive-through facilities, except as provided as part of an Industrial Mixed-Use Project or an Adaptive Reuse Project, provided:
 - a. The site lies within the area of a development plan approved by the Planning Commission, having a minimum one hundred (100) acres zoned industrial;
 - b. There shall be an on-site stacking capacity of a minimum of twenty (20) cars for each bank having drive-through facilities;
 - c. The site shall not have direct access to an arterial street;
 - d. There exists, within the development plan area, industrial businesses having a full-time, non-seasonal, on-site total employee population of at least five hundred (500) employees;
 - e. There exists, within a one-mile radius of the property boundaries of the proposed site, industrial businesses having a full-time, non-seasonal, on-site total employee population of at least twenty-five hundred (2,500) employees;
 - f. A site development plan is submitted to, and approved by, the Board of Adjustment and the Planning Commission.
9. Concrete mixing and concrete products, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein, and only under the following conditions:
 - a. That no concrete mixing operation be conducted closer than one thousand (1,000) feet from any existing residence on another lot under different ownership.
 - b. Noise, Air & Water Quality - The facility shall be operated at all times in compliance with applicable Federal, State and local laws and regulations on noise, air, and water quality, including the LFUCG Noise Ordinance (Sections 14-70 through 14-80), Article 6-7: Stormwater Disposal Standards, and Article 20: Soil Erosion Controls.
 - c. Development Plan - The development plan shall indicate all existing contours, shown with intervals sufficient to show existing drainage courses, retention, storm water and sedimentation basins; and the names and locations of all streams, creeks, or other bodies of water within five hundred (500) feet.
 - d. Drainage and Erosion Control - All operations shall have adequate drainage, erosion, and sediment control measures incorporated in the site/development plan(s). If, in the event that adequate drainage, erosion, and sediment control cannot be provided, permits may be denied.
 - e. Roads - All access roads that intersect with a State highway or public street shall be paved with an all-weather surface of either asphalt or concrete for the entire length of road from State highway or street to the active loading point. Internal roads may be unpaved, provided dust is adequately controlled.
 - f. Screening - Screening shall be provided as defined in accordance with LFUCG Article 18 of the Zoning Ordinance.

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- g. Transportation Plan - A Transportation Plan shall be planned (in relationship to the arterial roadway system) to minimize the impact of traffic, dust, and vehicle noise on areas outside the site and shall include the following information:
 - 1) Product shipping and deliveries;
 - 2) Mode of transportation;
 - 3) Route(s) to and from the site;
 - 4) Schedule and frequency of shipments;
 - 5) Delivery and shipping spillage control methods;
 - 6) Employee parking.
- h. Storage - Storage and/or stockpiles of hazardous materials shall be in a completely closed building. Outdoor storage, except aggregate, sand and recycled asphalt material, shall be enclosed on at least three sides by a solid wall or fence, not less than six (6) feet nor greater than eight (8) feet in height, and shall be placed at designated site(s) on the development plan. At the cessation of operation, all storage piles and/or stockpiles shall either be removed or graded and covered with a minimum of 18 inches of topsoil and/or other soil-making materials, and planted in accordance with Article 18 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- i. Excess Product and Waste - Excess product and waste, when disposed of on site, shall be in a designated area so as to prevent erosion and contamination of streams and waterways. At the cessation of operation, all outdoor storage piles and/or stockpiles shall either be removed or graded and covered with a minimum of 18 inches of topsoil and/or other soil-making materials, and planted in accordance with Article 18 of the Zoning Ordinance.
- 10. Cable television system facilities, including transmitting towers; antennas; earth stations; microwave dishes; relays; business offices; television studios; and storage facilities.
- 11. Vehicle storage yards, for which occupancy permits were applied for on or after May 1, 1985.
- ~~12. Offices, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project, other than as accessory uses under Section 8-22(c)(5), provided that the following requirements are met:~~
 - ~~a. That no more than fifty percent (50%) of the total floor area of any structure may be used for office purposes, not counting as accessory uses under Section 8-22(c)(5).~~
 - ~~b. That minimum parking requirements shall be met as under the P-1 zone.~~
 - ~~c. The office use would be located in a structure that would qualify for designation as a landmark under the provisions of Article 13: Historic Preservation herein.~~
- ~~12.~~ 13. Commercial composting, provided that the following requirements are met:
 - a. That all such composting shall be conducted in a fully enclosed building.
 - b. That a permit-by-rule or letter of intent from the Division of Waste Management of the Kentucky Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Cabinet be obtained prior to submission of any application to the Board of Adjustment for a conditional use permit.
 - c. That a development plan, indicating access points and circulation routes; proposed signage; screening and landscaping; fencing and other significant geological or physical features of the property, be submitted as part of any application.
 - d. That the Board specifically consider and be able to find that the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic or dust.
- ~~13.~~ 14. Helistops and heliports, provided such facilities conform to the requirements of all appropriate Federal, State and local regulations.
- ~~14.~~ 15. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - a. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - b. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - c. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
- ~~15.~~ 16. Churches, Sunday schools, and church-related schools for academic instruction, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project.
- ~~16.~~ 17. Retail sale, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project, of furniture and household-related items, such as antiques; fabrics; fixtures; furnishings; glassware and china, when accessory to its storage, refinishing, repairing or upholstery on the same premises.
- ~~17.~~ 18. Community centers, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project.
- ~~18.~~ 19. Child care centers, except as provided as part of an Adaptive Reuse Project.

19. 20.—Agricultural market.

8-22(e) Prohibited Uses (All uses other than those listed as principal, accessory, or conditional uses or substantially similar to principal, accessory or conditional uses shall be prohibited. The uses below are provided for illustration purposes and for the purpose of limiting permitted uses, and are not intended to be a total listing of all the uses that are prohibited.)

1. The prohibited uses in the B-4 zone, items 3 through 11.
2. All uses first permitted in the I-2 zone, except as specifically permitted herein.
3. A facility for the storage and distribution of gas by railroad tank cars, through gas piping, or by tank trucks, which each have a water capacity in excess of 4,000 gallons.
4. Slaughterhouses.

Lot, Yard, and Height Requirements (See Articles 3 and 15 for additional regulations.)

8-22(f) Minimum Lot Size - No limitation.

8-22(g) Minimum Lot Frontage - No limitation.

8-22(h) Minimum Front Yard - 20'.

8-22(i) Minimum Each Side Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-22(o).

8-22(j) Minimum Rear Yard - No limitation, except as provided in Section 8-22(o).

8-22(k) Minimum Useable Open Space - No limitation.

8-22(l) Maximum Lot Coverage - No limitation.

8-22(m) Maximum Height of Building - 75', except when a side or rear yard abuts a Professional Office or Residential zone, then a 3:1 height to yard ratio.

8-22(n) Off-Street Parking (See Article 16 for additional parking regulations.)

As for B-4.

Manufacturing or Industrial Uses - One (1) space for every two (2) employees on a maximum working shift, with a minimum of five (5) spaces.

Automobile Race Tracks - One (1) space for every five (5) seats.

Correctional or Penal Institutions - One (1) space for each employee.

Accessory Dwelling Units - One (1) space per dwelling unit.

Retail Sales Facility for manufactured goods - One (1) space for every four hundred (400) square feet of floor area.

Industrial Mixed Use Projects - As for MU-3, except that off-site parking may be provided in conformity with Article 16-1(d).

Conditional Uses - Parking requirements for conditional uses are minimum requirements; the Board of Adjustment may require additional parking, as needed.

Combinations - Combined uses shall provide parking equal to the sum of individual requirements.

8-22(o) Special Provisions:

1. All industrial uses shall be conducted in a completely enclosed building, except for outdoor storage uses, which shall be enclosed on all sides by a solid wall or fence not less than six (6) feet in height.
2. Except for Industrial Mixed Use Projects, all buildings and structures shall be at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone, unless the portion within that distance has no openings except stationary windows and doors which are designed and intended solely for pedestrian access.
3. Landscape buffer areas shall be required as set forth in Article 18.
4. An Industrial Mixed Use Project may be permitted by the Planning Commission upon the approval of a development plan, subject to the following requirements:
 - a. The property must be in a location recommended in the Comprehensive Plan for Industrial Mixed Use, and should not displace an existing agriculture-related use permitted in the I-1 zone.
 - b. At least twenty percent (20%) of the total floor area shall be devoted to residential use, at least ten percent (10%) shall be devoted to a principal permitted use in this zone or the Wholesale and Warehouse Business (B-4) zone, and no more than forty percent (40%) of the total floor area shall be occupied by retail uses.
 - c. At least forty percent (40%) of the front building wall(s) of new buildings proposed for an Industrial Mixed Use Project shall be required to be built at the 20-foot setback.
 - d. In addition to the uses otherwise permitted in the Light Industrial (I-1) zone, the following uses shall be permitted in an Industrial Mixed Use Project:

As Principal Permitted uses:

1. Dwelling units.
2. Uses permitted in the Professional Office (P-1) zone, excluding a Professional Office Project.
3. Uses permitted in the Neighborhood Business (B-1) zone.

As Conditional uses:

1. Restaurants, without live entertainment or dancing, which devote more than twenty percent (20%) of the public floor area exclusively to the preparation and service of malt beverages, wine or alcoholic beverages.
2. Restaurants or nightclubs offering live entertainment and/or dancing, brew-pubs, cocktail lounges or nightclubs, wine or spirit-tasting rooms [unless prohibited under Section 8-16(e)(14) and (15)]. Such uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone and shall be soundproofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise or other emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.

As Prohibited uses:

1. All adult uses listed in Section 8-16(e)(14) through (17) of the Zoning Ordinance.
- e. The minimum and maximum mix of uses shall be calculated based on the overall Industrial Mixed Use Project shown on the development plan. Each building within the Industrial Mixed Use Project shall not be required to contain a mixture of uses, provided that at least one structure shall contain a mixture of uses.

ARTICLE 12

12-3 PRINCIPAL PERMITTED USES - The principal uses permitted in a B-6P zone shall be as follows:

- a. The ~~these~~ principal and accessory uses as permitted uses in the B-1 and P-1 zones, except as restricted herein.
- b. Indoor theaters.
- d. Parking lots and structures.

12-4 ACCESSORY USES – The accessory uses permitted in a B-6P zone shall be as follows:

- a. The accessory uses in the B-1 and P-1 zones.
- b. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or the provision of services otherwise permitted herein, when approved by the Planning Commission on a development plan.

12-5 12-4 CONDITIONAL USES

- a. Restaurants, cocktail lounges, brew-pubs, nightclubs, and discotheques offering live entertainment and/or dancing, unless otherwise prohibited. Such uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone and shall be soundproofed to the maximum extent feasible by using existing technology, with noise emissions not creating a nuisance to the surrounding neighborhood.
- b. Self-service car wash, provided that such uses shall be located at least one hundred (100) feet from any residential zone; and that surface water from such establishment shall not drain onto adjacent property, and that adequate on-site storage lanes and parking facilities shall be provided so that no public way shall be used for such purposes.
- c. Recycling drop-off centers for aluminum, steel, glass, newspapers, cardboard and other paper products, oil, and other household recyclable waste, provided that such establishment shall be located at least two hundred (200) feet from any residential zone. Any appeal for a conditional use permit to operate a recycling drop-off center shall include as part of the application:
 - 1. Reasons for the location of the use at a specific site; description of equipment to be used; physical arrangement; and operation of the proposed center. The Board of Adjustment shall consider the necessity of screening, if needed.
- d. Animal hospital or clinic, provided all exterior walls are completely soundproofed and all animal pens are completely within the principal building and used only for the medical treatment of small animals.
- e. Mining of non-metallic minerals, but only when the proposal complies with the requirements of the Mining/Quarrying Ordinance (Code of Ordinances #252-91) and the conditions and requirements as set forth therein. The Board of Adjustment shall specifically consider and be able to find:
 - 1. That the proposed use will not constitute a public nuisance by creating excessive noise, odor, traffic, dust, or damage to the environment or surrounding properties;
 - 2. That a reasonable degree of reclamation and proper drainage control is feasible; and
 - 3. That the owner and/or applicant has not had a permit revoked or bond or other security forfeited for failure to comply with any Federal, State or local laws, regulations or conditions, including land reclamation, pertaining to the proposed use.
- ~~f. Assisted living facilities and r~~ Rehabilitation homes, when located closer than five hundred (500) feet from a residential zone.
- g. Drive-through facilities for the sale of goods or products or provision of services otherwise permitted herein, except as accessory uses herein.

Re-number remaining sections as necessary

Accepted New Development Sureties

Presented by Brad Frazier, PE
Division of Engineering

June 18th 2013



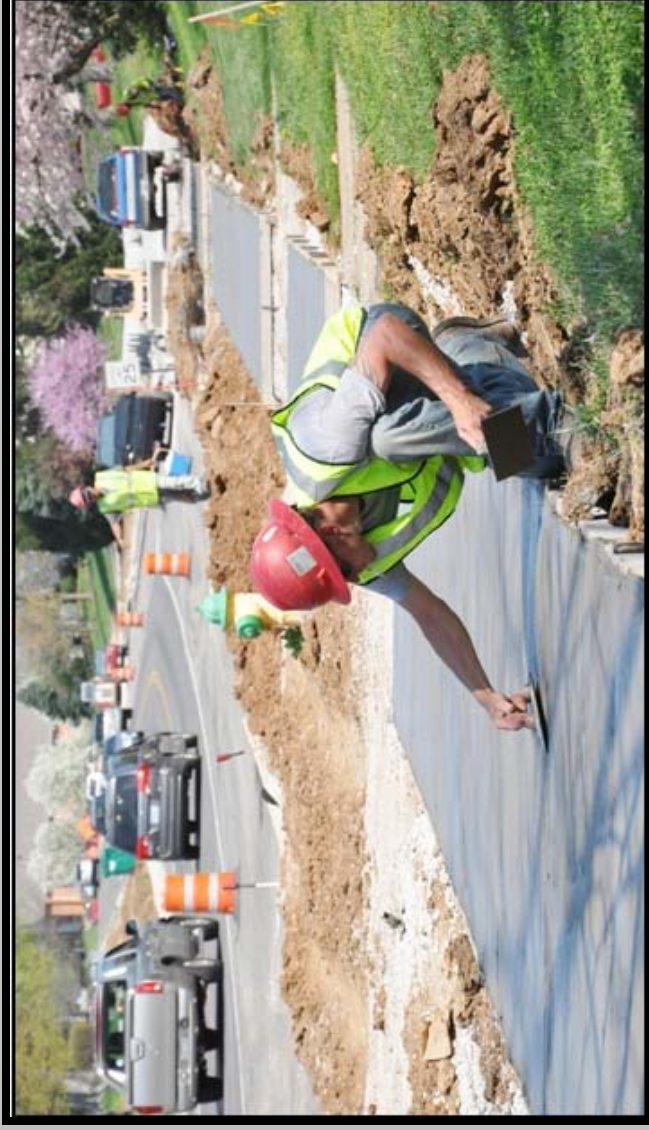
Introduction

- Infrastructure Construction Process
- Requirements of a Surety
- Surety Cost Determination
- Surety Types



Infrastructure Construction Process

- Division of Planning Subdivision Regulations for new development.
- Development plans and/or preliminary subdivision plans.
- Construction drawings.
- Record plats.



Requirements of a Surety

- Article 4 (7) of the Subdivision Regulations.
- Appendix E of the Division of Engineering's Procedures Manual for Infrastructure Development.



Surety Cost Determination

➤ Warranty Period

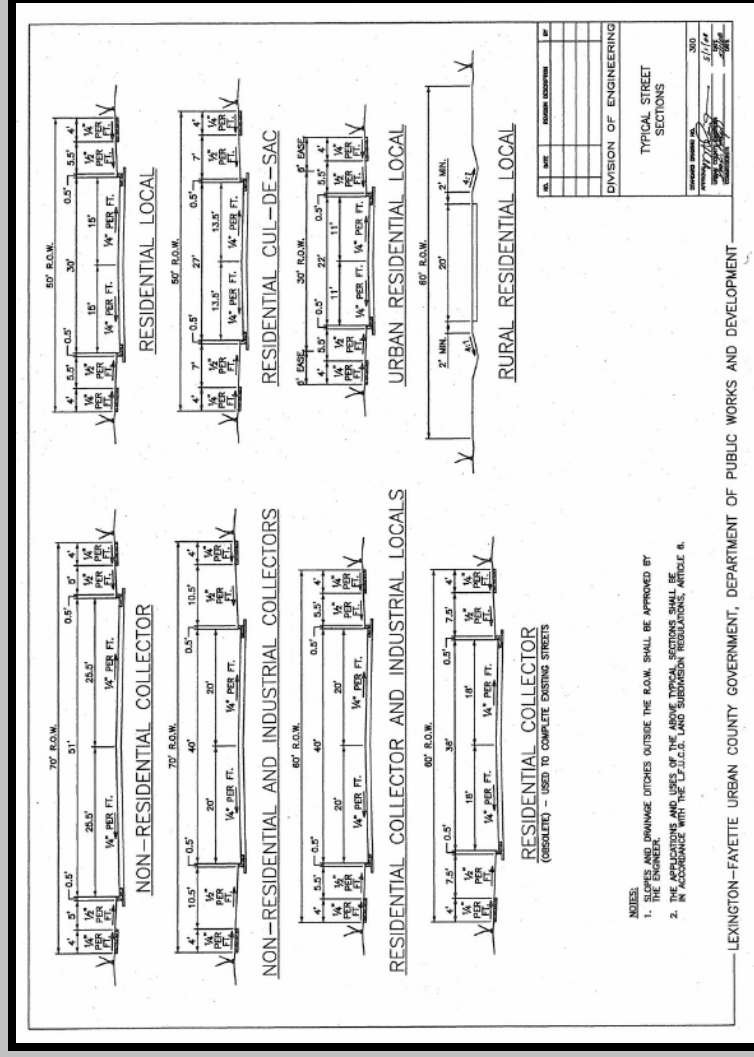
1. Roadways
2. Sanitary sewer facilities
3. Stormwater facilities

➤ Surety Amount

1. 100% of the punch list items
2. 10% of the cost estimate of the completed project infrastructure
3. 20% contingencies of previous listed items

Surety Types

- Letters of Credit
- Checks
- Bonds



Surety Types

- Letters of Credit (LOC's): LOC's are essentially promises to pay for the items listed in the provided documentation. They are issued by banks with offices in Lexington-Fayette County.
- Checks: Cash surety.

Surety Types

➤ Bonds: In 2011, the Division of Engineering began accepting bonds along with LOC's and checks.

1. Performance bond forms – plat needed or plat not required.
2. Bonded surety calculation is the same as LOC.
3. Principal (developer) and surety insurance company are to fill out, have witnessed, and provide the Embossed Insurance Company Seal to the performance bond form.
4. General Power of Attorney form is to be provided with the completed performance bond form.

Questions

Planning and Public Works Committee Referrals

Item	Referred by	Date	Status
Erecting Large Utility Poles in ROW	Clarke	03/12/2010	12/11/2012
Re-Paving Program	Clarke	04/13/2011	10/16/2012, 12/11/2012, 03/12/2013
Working with FCPS to sustain Road Salt Services	EQ Link	06/19/2011	11/20/2012
Review Street Tree and Tree Protection Ordinances	Clarke	09/27/2011	11/20/2012
Possible Revision of Sign Ordinance	Farmer	06/12/2012	
Exploring the Use of Alternative Fuel Resources for Fayette County	Farmer	07/10/2012	08/14/2012, 01/15/2013
Adult Day Care Centers	Ford	10/11/2012	09/18/2012, 05/14/2013, 06/18/2013
Private Streets: Enforcement, Maintenance, Specifications	Mossotti	01/29/2013	
Notification Process for H1 Overlay	Myers	01/29/2013	
Exaction Fees	Stinnett	03/05/2013	05/14/2013
Capital Road Projects for Major Corridors and the Ability of LFUCG to Maintain Maintenance of Those Roads	Stinnett	04/16/2013	
Performance Bonds vs. Letters of Credit	Stinnett	04/23/2013	06/18/2013
B1 ZOTA	Henson	03/08/2013	05/14/2013, 06/18/2013
Oliver Lewis Way Project	Blues	04/09/2009	Quarterly Update
Todds Road Widening Phase II	Stinnett	04/15/2010	Quarterly Update
Downtown Traffic Study	Farmer		Quarterly Update
Design Excellence Update	Kay		Quarterly Update