

Ellinger
Myers
Blues
DeCamp
Beard
Crosbie
McChord
Blevins
Henson
Lane

SERVICES COMMITTEE

April 8, 2008

1:00 P.M.

A G E N D A

1. Sidewalk Café Ordinance - James (1-3)
2. Noise Task Force Update - Blues (4)
3. Vicious Dogs Update - Moloney (5-15)
4. Items in Committee (16-18)

"Services Committee, to which should be referred matters relating to public safety, public works, urban county courts, and constitutional officers."

Council Rules & Procedures, Section 2.102(3)

ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE CREATING SECTION 17-29.1(C) OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES TO PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL OF ENCROACHING TABLES, CHAIRS AND OTHER VESTIGES OF AN OUTDOOR CAFÉ BY THE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT FROM A BUSINESS THAT IS OPERATING WITHOUT A PERMIT; TO AMEND SECTIONS 17-29.3(B) AND 17-29.5 OF THE CODE TO PROVIDE FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND DEVELOPMENT INSTEAD OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; TO CREATE SECTION 17-29.5 (C) OF THE CODE TO PROVIDE FOR AUTOMATIC REVOCATION OF A PERMIT IN THE EVENT A BUSINESS IS NOTICED OF THREE (3) OR MORE VIOLATIONS RELATED TO ENCROACHING UPON PEDESTRIAN OR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC WITHIN ANY THIRTY (30) DAY PERIOD, AND TO RENUMBER THE EXISTING SUBSECTIONS TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE ABOVE.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT:

Section 1 - That Section 17-29.1(c) of the Code of Ordinances be and hereby is created to read as follows:

- (c) In the event that a business is operating an outdoor café without a permit the urban county government may, in addition to any other enforcement remedy that it may have available, remove any and all tables, chairs, and other vestiges of said business upon providing written notice to the business. The written notice shall provide the business with at least twenty four (24) hours to comply, absent emergency circumstances. It shall not be necessary to issue an additional notice of violation prior to the urban county government's removal of said encroaching items should the operation of the outdoor café re-commence after initial compliance with the notice by the business and a failure of the business to obtain a permit. The business shall be required to reimburse the urban county government for all reasonable costs associated with the removal and storage of the items prior to their return by the urban county government.

Section 2 - That Section 17-29.3(b) of the Code of Ordinances be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

- (b) The encroachment permit is a temporary license which may be denied, suspended, or revoked for any conduct which is contrary to the provisions of the section or for conduct of the business in such a manner as to create a public nuisance, or constitute a danger to the operator's or public's health, safety, or welfare. No property right is created by this article and the decision of the commissioner of the department of public works and development [safety] shall be final.

Section 3 - That Section 17-29.5(c) of the Code of Ordinances be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

- (a) The administrator or designee may deny, revoke, or suspend a permit at any time for any business authorized in the urban county if it is found that:
 - (1) Any necessary business or health permit has been suspended, revoked, or cancelled.
 - (2) The permittee does not have insurance in force which is correct and effective in the minimum amount described in section 17-29.2(a)(4).
 - (3) Changing conditions of pedestrian or vehicular traffic cause congestion necessitating removal of the encroachment. Such decision shall be based upon findings of the administrator that the minimum four (4) foot pedestrian path is insufficient under existing circumstances and represents a danger to the health, safety, or general welfare of pedestrians or vehicular traffic.
 - (4) The permittee has failed to correct violations of this article or conditions of his permit upon receipt of the administrator's notice of same delivered in writing to the permittee.
 - (5) The permittee has failed to take positive actions to prohibit violations from reoccurring.
 - (6) The permittee has failed to make modifications upon receipt of the administrator's notice of same delivered in writing to the permittee.
 - (7) Tables, chairs, and other vestiges of said business may be removed by the department of public works, and a reasonable fee charged for labor, transportation, and storage, should the permittee fail to remove said items within thirty-six (36) hours of receipt of the administrator's final notice to do so for any reason provided for under this article. If the action is taken based on subsection (a)(2) or (3) of this section, the action shall become effective upon the receipt of such notice and the permittee shall have four (4) hours to remove said items.
- (b) Upon denial or revocation, the administrator shall give notice of such action to the applicant or the permittee in writing stating the action which has been taken and the reason thereof. The action shall be effective upon giving such notice to permittees.
- (c) In the event a permittee is noticed for three (3) or more violations based upon subsection (a)(3) of this section within any thirty (30) day period, his permit shall automatically be revoked, and, in addition to any other enforcement remedy available to the urban county government, the business shall be subject to having any encroaching vestiges of an outdoor café removed pursuant to section 17-29.1(c) without any further notice.

~~(d)~~~~(e)~~ The permittee shall have the right to appeal the decision of the administrator to the commissioner of the department of public works and development ~~[safety]~~ within five (5) working days from receipt of notice. An appeal does not stay the denial or revocation of the encroachment permit. The hearing shall be held by the commissioner or his designee within ten (10) working days from the date of notice of request. The permittee or applicant may be represented by an attorney and may present witnesses, affidavits, and any relevant documentary evidence. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply. The commissioner of the department of public works and development ~~[safety]~~ shall notify the permittee or applicant of the determination in writing.

~~(e)~~~~(d)~~ Any person violating any provision of sections 17-29 through 17-29.5 or any condition or provision of a permit issued thereunder shall be fined not less than twenty dollars (\$20.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), and each day's continuance of any such violation shall be a separate offense on which a fine not less than twenty dollars (\$20.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) shall be imposed.

Section 4 - That this Ordinance shall become effective immediately upon its passage.

PASSED URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL:

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CLERK OF URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL

PUBLISHED:

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The first meeting of the Noise Ordinance Task Force for 4:30-6 p. m. Wed 26 March in Government Center 5th floor conference room.

This task force will evaluate issues related to avoidable and controllable noise levels in our neighborhoods and City. The members are:

David Banks
David Barberie
David Jarvis
David Lyons
David Magner
Councilmember Don Blevins
Larry Hamilton
Councilmember Linda Gorton
Linda Levstik
Rick Curtis
Anne Marie Stamatiadis
Councilmember Tom Blues

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LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL

Memorandum

TO: Services Committee

FROM: Paul Schoninger
Staff to Council

DATE: March 31, 2008

SUBJECT: Vicious Dog Issue

The issue of vicious dogs was referred to the Committee and via this memo I'm updating the Committee on the issue. In addition as former Councilmember Moloney placed this item into the Committee I'm also asking for feedback from the Council on the issue.

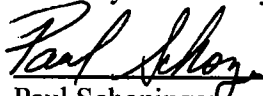
The vicious dog issue was placed into committee to clarify what constitutes a vicious dog and to discuss ways to strengthen the existing vicious dog ordinance.

The first part was dealt with via a memo from the Law Department dated September 24, 2007 (attached). The second part may prove to be more problematic. KRS 258.365 states " Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit or limit the right of any governing body to pass or enforce any ordinance with respect to the regulation of dogs or other animals, *the provisions of which are non inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.*

Substantial changes and additions to 4-14 (UCG Vicious dog ordinance) may therefore be inconsistent with KRS 258.

As an alternative to a more stringent vicious dog ordinance the Humane Society of the US (HSUS) has taken a position that dog care and control should include enforcement of leash laws; enforcement of penalties for owners of dangerous dogs; enforcement of dog fighting laws; strengthen animal abuse laws; regulation of breeders; prohibit/limit dog ownership for some convicted criminals; fund spay/neuter initiatives; and education for dog owners.

Should you need any further information please do not hesitate to contact me at 258-3208.



Paul Schoninger
Staff to Council



Sec. 4-14. Vicious dogs.

- (a) A "vicious" dog is defined to include:
 - (1) Any dog with a propensity, tendency or disposition to attack, to cause injury to or to otherwise endanger the safety of human beings or domestic animals;
 - (2) Any dog which chases or approaches a person upon the streets, sidewalks or any public place in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack;
 - (3) Any dog owned or harbored primarily or in part for purposes of fighting, or any dog trained for fighting; or
 - (4) Any dog which attacks a human being or domestic animal without provocation.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or harbor within the urban county a dog known to be vicious unless it is at all times kept on the owner's or harborer's property securely confined indoors or in a securely enclosed and locked outdoor pen or shelter suitable to prevent the entry of young children and designed to prevent the dog from escaping. Such pen or structure must have minimum dimensions of five (5) feet by ten (10) feet, must have secure sides and must be at least seven (7) feet high and have a secure top. If it has no concrete, cement or asphalt bottom, the sides must be imbedded into the ground no less than two (2) feet. The enclosure must also provide protection from the elements for the dog. A vicious dog shall be transported to or from the indoors and the securely enclosed and locked outdoor pen or shelter only if such dog is muzzled and restrained by a suitable chain or leash not exceeding six (6) feet in length and under the control of a responsible adult. The muzzle must be made in a manner that it will not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration but will prevent the dog from biting any person or animal.
- (c) Vicious dogs shall be permitted off the owner's or harborer's property only if such dogs are muzzled and restrained by a substantial chain or leash not exceeding six (6) feet in length and under the control of a responsible adult and only for the purposes authorized by KRS 258.235. The muzzle must be made in a manner that will not cause injury to the dog or interfere with its vision or respiration but must prevent the dog from biting any person or animal.
- (d) When any dog is required by this section to be confined, it shall also be required that a conspicuous notice be posted at the place of confinement of such a nature as to warn the public of the nature of the dog therein confined.
- (e) No person under the age of eighteen (18) years shall be permitted to own, harbor or handle a vicious dog.
- (f) It shall be unlawful for any person to keep or harbor within the county a vicious dog unless it is at all times wearing a vicious dog collar issued by the urban county animal shelter. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove such collar from a vicious dog.
- (g) Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each offense. In addition to any other penalties provided herein, if a dog inflicts serious injury on a person or domestic animal in an unprovoked attack, the dog shall be confiscated and humanely destroyed after a ten-day quarantine period.

(Ord. No. 58-74, § 1, 4-18-74; Ord. No. 164-86, § 1, 7-24-86; Ord. No. 259-87, § 2, 11-12-87;
Ord. No. 101-93, § 1, 6-17-93; Ord. No. 270-95, § 1, 12-7-95; Ord. No. 90-2005, § 6, 4-21-05)

258.095 Definitions for KRS 258.095 to 258.500.

As used in KRS 258.095 to 258.500, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture;
- (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Agriculture;
- (3) "Board" means the Animal Control Advisory Board created by KRS 258.117;
- (4) "Dog" means any domestic canine, six (6) months of age or older;
- (5) "Owner," when applied to the proprietorship of a dog, includes every person having a right of property in the dog and every person who keeps or harbors the dog, or has it in his care, or permits it to remain on or about premises owned or occupied by him;
- (6) "Attack" means a dog's attempt to bite or successful bite of a human being. This definition shall not apply to a dog's attack of a person who has illegally entered or is trespassing on the dog owner's property in violation of KRS 511.060, 511.070, 511.080, or 511.090;
- (7) "Vicious dog" means any individual dog declared by a court to be a vicious dog;
- (8) "Animal control officer" means an individual who is employed or appointed by, or has contracted with:
 - (a) A city, county, urban-county, charter county, or consolidated local government to enforce the provisions of this chapter, the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes relating to cruelty, mistreatment, or torture of animals, and local animal control ordinances; or
 - (b) An entity that has contracted with a city, county, urban-county, charter county, or consolidated local government to enforce the provisions of this chapter, the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes relating to cruelty, mistreatment, or torture of animals, and local animal control ordinances;
- (9) "Designated license facility" means any person, facility, or business designated by resolution of the governing body of the county to collect license fees under KRS 258.135;
- (10) "Cat" means any domestic feline three (3) months of age or older;
- (11) "Ferret" means any domestic musteline three (3) months of age or older;
- (12) "Euthanasia" means the act of putting an animal to death in a humane manner by methods specified as acceptable for that species by the most recent report of the American Veterinary Medical Association Panel on Euthanasia, subject to the requirements provided by KRS 258.505;
- (13) "Animal shelter" means any facility used to house or contain animals, operated or maintained by a governmental body, incorporated humane society, animal welfare society, society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, or other nonprofit organization;
- (14) "Quarantine" means the confinement of an animal for observation of clinical signs of illness indicating rabies infection, and the prevention of escape or contact with any person or other animal;

- (15) "Livestock" means poultry; ratites; and cervine, bovine, ovine, porcine, caprine, or equine animals that are privately owned and raised in a confined area for breeding stock, food, fiber, or other products; and
- (16) "Poultry" means chickens, ducks, turkeys, or other domestic fowl.

Effective: July 13, 2004

History: Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 189, sec. 11, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 2000 Ky. Acts ch. 179, sec. 1, effective July 14, 2000. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 440, sec. 1, effective July 15, 1998. -- Created 1954 Ky. Acts ch. 119, sec. 12, effective June 17, 1954.

258.215 Seizure, impounding, and destruction of dog lacking rabies tag or other identification -- Holding period before destruction -- Notice to owner -- Reclamation of dog, cat, or ferret -- Fees -- Quarantine -- Exemption of hunting dog.

- (1) Peace officers or animal control officers shall seize and impound any dog which does not bear a valid rabies tag or other legible identification which is found running at large. Any dog which an officer or animal control officer seizes shall be impounded in the designated animal shelter of the county and confined in a humane manner. If, after a reasonable effort, the seizure of an unrestrained dog cannot be made, or the dog presents a hazard to public safety or property or has an injury or physical condition which causes the dog to suffer, the animal control officer or peace officer may immediately destroy the dog by the most reasonable and humane means then available.
- (2)
 - (a) Impounded dogs shall be kept for not less than five (5) days, unless reclaimed by their owners. Dogs not reclaimed and those not placed in suitable new homes may be humanely euthanized after the five (5) day holding period, unless the dog has an injury or physical condition which causes it to suffer. In those cases the animal shelter may immediately euthanize the dog, and if a human being has been bitten by the dog, the dog shall be tested for rabies.
 - (b) If an owner is identified, the impounding agency shall immediately notify the owner of the impoundment by the most expedient means available.
 - (c) Any animal shelter, public or private, which takes in stray animals and does not have regular hours for public access, shall post semimonthly either in a local newspaper or the newspaper with the highest circulation in the county, the shelter location, hours of operation, the period that impounded animals shall be held, and a contact number.
- (3) Upon reclaiming an impounded dog, cat, or ferret, the owner shall show proof of a valid rabies vaccination. If proof of the vaccination cannot be provided, the owner shall purchase a vaccination voucher from the animal shelter. The voucher shall be valid for ten (10) days from the date of issuance and shall be used in the prescribed time period. The animal shelter shall reimburse the veterinarian for the amount of the voucher upon presentation to the shelter by the administering veterinarian.
- (4) The owner of an impounded animal is responsible for all fees associated with the impoundment of the animal. If the owner can be identified, the fees are due even if the owner does not reclaim the animal.
- (5) Dogs, cats, or ferrets which have bitten a person shall be maintained in quarantine by the owner for ten (10) days from the date of the bite. Owners who fail to properly quarantine their animals shall be subject to a citation for violation of this subsection and the dog, cat, or ferret shall be removed to the animal shelter for the remainder of the quarantine period. The owner shall be responsible for all associated fees of the quarantine and impoundment.
- (6) A hound or other hunting dog which has been released from confinement for hunting purposes shall be deemed to be under reasonable control of its owner or

258.235 Authority to kill or seize dog -- Return by court to owner of vicious dog -- Liability for damage -- Proceeding by person attacked by dog -- Disposition of dog after seizure -- Powers of animal control officer -- Vicious dog not to run at large.

- (1) Any person, without liability, may kill or seize any dog which is observed attacking any person.
- (2) Any livestock owner or his agent, without liability, may kill any dog trespassing on that owner's property and observed in the act of pursuing or wounding his livestock.
- (3) Any dog determined to be vicious by a court and allowed to be returned to an owner shall be confined in a locked enclosure at least seven (7) feet high or a locked kennel run with a secured top. The dog may leave the enclosure only to visit the veterinarian or to be turned in to an animal shelter. The dog shall be muzzled if leaving the enclosure for either of these purposes.
- (4) Any owner whose dog is found to have caused damage to a person, livestock, or other property shall be responsible for that damage.
- (5) (a) Any person who has been attacked by a dog, or anyone acting on behalf of that person, may make a complaint before the district court, charging the owner or keeper of the dog with harboring a vicious dog. A copy of the complaint shall be served upon the person so charged in the same manner and subject to the laws regulating the service of summons in civil actions directing him to appear for a hearing of the complaint at a time fixed in the complaint. If the person fails to appear at the time fixed, or if upon a hearing of the parties and their witnesses, the court finds the person so charged is the owner or keeper of the dog in question, and that the dog has viciously and without cause, attacked a human being when off the premises of the owner or keeper, the person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in KRS 258.990(3)(b), and the court shall further order the owner or keeper to keep the dog securely confined as provided by subsection (3) of this section, or the court may order the dog to be destroyed.
- (b) The animal control officer shall act as an officer of the court for the enforcement of any orders of the court in his jurisdiction pertaining to this subsection.
- (6) For his services in the proceedings, a peace officer shall be entitled to the same fees to which he is entitled for performing similar services in civil cases. In all proceedings under this section, the court shall place the costs upon either party as it may determine.
- (7) It shall be unlawful for the owner or keeper of any vicious dog, after receiving an order under subsection (5) of this section, to permit the dog to run at large, or to appear in public except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. Any vicious dog found running at large may be killed by any animal control officer or peace officer without liability for damages for the killing.

Effective: July 13, 2004

History: Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 189, sec. 18, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 440, sec. 5, effective July 15, 1998. -- Amended 1976 (1st Extra. Sess.) Ky. Acts ch. 14, sec. 223, effective January 2, 1978. -- Created 1954 Ky. Acts ch. 119, sec. 26, effective June 17, 1954.

258.265 Care and control of dog -- Destruction of dog running at large at night -- Exemption for hunting dogs.

- (1) An owner shall exercise proper care and control of his dog to prevent the dog from violating any local government nuisance ordinance.
- (2) Any peace officer or animal control officer may seize or destroy any dog found running at large between the hours of sunset and sunrise and unaccompanied and not under the control of its owner or handler. A peace officer or animal control officer shall be under a duty to make a fair and reasonable effort to determine whether any dog found at large between sunset and sunrise is a hound or other hunting dog which has become lost temporarily from a pack or wandered from immediate control of its owner, or handler, and if he is reasonably sure that the dog is a hunting dog, then he shall not destroy the dog, unless it is found in the act of pursuing or wounding livestock, or wounding or killing poultry, or attacking human beings.
- (3) A hound or hunting dog may be unrestrained when engaged in lawful hunting activities while on private or public property designated or authorized for that purpose.

Effective: July 13, 2004

History: Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 189, sec. 21, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 440, sec. 7, effective July 15, 1998. -- Created 1954 Ky. Acts ch. 119, sec. 29, effective June 17, 1954.

258.365 Other state and local laws not affected.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit or limit the right of any governing body to pass or enforce any ordinance with respect to the regulation of dogs or other animals, the provisions of which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the fish and game laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky now in effect, nor any laws relating to the powers and duties of the secretary for health and family services, or any health officer relating to rabid animals or animals affected with any disease, or to prohibit the destroying of any animal in accordance with the provisions of any quarantine regulations, made in accordance with the provisions of any local or state health law.

Effective: June 20, 2005

History: Amended 2005 Ky. Acts ch. 99, sec. 574, effective June 20, 2005. -- Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 189, sec. 22, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 426, sec. 521, effective July 15, 1998. -- Created 1954 Ky. Acts ch. 119, sec. 39, effective June 17, 1954.



Mayor Jim Newberry
LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT
 Department of Law

TO: Councilmember Richard P. Moloney
 11th Council District, Council Office

FROM: Department of Law

DATE: September 24, 2007

RE: Vicious Dogs; Attack on Domestic Animals

It is our understanding that the issue of dogs being declared vicious because of attacking an animal (not just a person) has been placed in the Council Services Committee. The following information is provided to assist you in the evaluation of this issue.

It is correct that the relevant state law defines an "attack" by a dog to include only a "dog's attempt to bite or successful bite of a human being" and does not include an attack upon another animal for purposes of determining when a dog is vicious. See KRS 258.095(6); KRS 258.235. However, the local ordinance does extend to attacks upon domestic animals as well as human beings. See Code of Ordinances Section 4-14(a). The local ordinance does not appear to be in conflict with the state statute and, therefore, is authorized by KRS 258.365. Thus, in the event a domestic animal (rather than a person) is attacked by a dog, it would be our recommendation that action be taken under the local ordinance in lieu of the state statute.

Copies of the referenced statutes and ordinance are enclosed. Should you have any questions about this matter, please contact me at your convenience.

Andrea L. Weddle
 Attorney Sr.

Enclosures

cc: Jim Newberry, Mayor
 Rebecca Langston, Council Administrator
 Marian Zeitlin, Legislative Aide
 Larry Roberts, County Attorney

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HORSE CAPITAL OF THE WORLD

****P. O. Box 34028 Lexington, KY 40588-4028 (859) 258-3500 Fax: (859)258-3538 www.lfuog.com**

****Please note new mailing address**

Services Committee Items

Revised 10.26.2007

<u>Date</u>	<u>Councilmember</u>	<u>Issue</u>
3-4-08	James	Sidewalk Café Ordinance
11-20-07	Stinnett	Immigration Report
11-20-07	Beard	Zandale Ditch
10-30-03	Blues	Combined Car Radio Noise, School Event Noise & Special Events Noise
10-23-07	Stevens	Speed Limit Reduction on Streets Adjacent to Christ the King Cathedral
9-18-07	Moloney	Vicious Dogs
9-18-07	Moloney	Block Party Process
9-18-07	Ellinger	Alcohol Impact on Local Government
9-11-07	Blevins	Noise Ord-Special Events*
8-14-07	Stevens	Par 3 Golf Course
7-10-07	Stevens	School Event Noise*
5-22-07	Moloney	Graffiti
5-15-07	DeCamp	News Rack Ordinance

Other Items (cont)		
Date	Councilmember	Issue
3-13-07	Moloney	Dispatching Inter-City Buses from Terminals
2-27-07	Stinnett	Door to Door Peddlers
1-16-07	Myers	Multi-Way Stop Armstrong Mill/Crosby
1-9-07	Stinnett	Multi-Way Stop Pleasure Ridge/Plaudit
11-14-06	McChord	Traffic Light at US 27/Waveland Museum Lane
11-14-06	Moloney	Imposing Fee for Signage in ROW
10-17-06	Moloney	Restrict Parking on Cambridge Drive from Oxford Circle to Village Drive
7-11-06	Moloney	Towing on Private Property
6-13-06	Stinnett	Car Radio Noise*
3-21-06	Moloney	Red Light Issues
2-14-06	Myers	US Ombudsman Association Standards for Citizen's Advocate Office
2-7-06	Gorton	Private Fire Hydrants
12-13-05	Gorton	Traffic Calming on Harvard Drive
12-13-05	Gorton	No Parking Signage on Belvoir between Malabu and crest of the hill

Other Items (cont)		
<u>Date</u>	<u>Councilmember</u>	<u>Issue</u>
6-21-05	Moloney	Private Swimming Pool Safety
3-12-05	Gorton	Curb Replacement Program
2-22-05	Moloney	Mini Motorcycles

* Combined noise related issues