

J. Reynolds, Chair
W. Baxter, Vice-Chair
D. Wu
C. Ellinger
T. Morton
S. Lynch
J. Hale
A. Beasley
H. Boone



Social Services and Public Safety (SSPS) Committee

Tuesday, August 26, 2025

1:00 P.M.

AGENDA

I.	Approval of July 3, 2025 Committee Summary	[Reynolds]	(1-2)
II.	Comprehensive Review of Code Enforcement	[Lynch/Lynch]	(3-13)
III.	Strategic Growth Plan for Lexington Fire Department	[Hale, Morton/Wells]	(14-28)
IV.	Amendments to Section 4: Keeping of Certain Animals	[Beasley/Beasley]	(29-40)
V.	Items Referred to Committee	[Reynolds]	(41)

[sponsor/presenter]

2025 Meeting Schedule

January 14	June 3
January 28	July 3*
February 25	August 26
April 15	October 14

* The July 3 meeting will be held at 3:00 p.m. on Thursday

"Social Services and Public Safety Committee, to which shall be referred matters relating to the department of social services and its divisions, the department of public safety and its divisions, any related partner agencies, and matters relating to capital improvement projects."- Council Rules & Procedures of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Council, Section 4.102 (1)



Social Services and Public Safety Committee

July 3, 2025

Summary and Motions

Chair Jennifer Reynolds called the meeting to order at 3:02 p.m.

Committee Members Vice Mayor Dan Wu, Council Members Chuck Ellinger II, Tyler Morton, Shayla Lynch, Denise Gray, Amy Beasley, Whitney Elliott Baxter, and Hilary Boone were present. Council Members Emma Curtis, Liz Sheehan, and Dave Sevigny were present as non-voting members.

I. APPROVAL OF JUNE 3, 2025 COMMITTEE MEETING SUMMARY

Motion by Baxter to approve the June 3, 2025 Committee Summary. Seconded by Gray. Motion passed without dissent.

II. RECRUITMENT, RETIREMENT, AND RETENTION FOR PUBLIC SAFETY

Scott Colvin, Chief of Division of Community Corrections, began by discussing pay considerations and steps for corrections officers from 2020 to 2025, including a sign-on bonus and recruitment pay. He reviewed initiatives for the Division of Community Corrections. Recruiting initiatives include social media and traditional media efforts, public events, bus ads, 'Interview Now,' and 'Red Tag' platforms designed to streamline the hiring process. For retention, there is a focus on both physical and mental health, personnel training/ development, and employee recognition initiatives. He reviewed staffing levels for the Division of Community Corrections, including authorized strength, vacancies, and attrition. He closed with an overview of the applicant statistics, which have steadily increased since 2021.

Lawrence Weathers, Chief of the Lexington Police Department, discussed pay considerations and steps for the Lexington police officers, excluding those provided by collective bargaining agreements. Recruiting initiatives include physical preparedness and expanding recruitment efforts (hiring individuals aged 20 years and older). Overall, they see an increase in applications. The number of senior personnel leaving for other jobs in similar fields has slowed. There is a focus on both physical and mental health, and technology is utilized to provide opportunities for learning new skills. They also have staffing alternatives, allowing them to rehire retirees, hire civilians to fill clerk positions, increase the number of safety officers to free up traffic officers, and staff the Real-Time Intelligence Center (RTIC). He reviewed staffing levels for the Police Department from 2020 to 2025, which includes authorized strength, vacancies, and attrition. He noted that a new class is set to begin in November.

Jason Wells, Chief of the Lexington Fire Department, discussed pay considerations and steps for Lexington firefighters, excluding those outlined in collective bargaining agreements. Recruiting initiatives include increasing social media presence, enhancing software to manage the application process, and improving communication and engagement with applicants. For retention, they focus on physical and mental health, providing a wellness coordinator, physical fitness standards, and peer support. He reviewed applicant numbers and staffing levels for the Fire Department, and he noted that these numbers fluctuate. He closed by discussing the status of collective bargaining agreements.

When asked how wellness has been effective in reducing attrition, Wells said the Fire Department started with physical wellness. Still, the Police Department and Division of Community Corrections began with

mental health wellness. Weathers said they need another staff person to assist, but the officers appreciate having someone to talk to. When asked about mental health first aid training, Wells said the peer support team goes through international training. Weathers said the Lexington Police Department has a peer-support team that receives training, but they are looking for additional training. Addressing efforts to recruit more females and whether childcare options have been considered, Wells said this is something they have discussed because female firefighters tend to leave when they start a family. They have a progressive reproductive health program, but they have not reached a solution for childcare or a change in scheduling to accommodate this. **No action was taken on this item.**

III. COMMUNITY HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Jeanette Hart, Quality Services Manager at the Lexington-Fayette County Health Department, discussed integrating participants' lived experiences from photovoice and co-design strategies to improve access to behavioral health services. We are nationally facing a rise in behavioral health needs (depression, anxiety, etc.). She reviewed barriers in local systems, which include stigma and cultural mistrust, limited transportation options, and a shortage of providers, resulting in longer waiting times. Traditional models often fall short and fail to capture real-world experience. Photovoice is a participatory research method that empowers individuals to capture their lived experiences through photography, using images and narratives to advocate for change. Goals for photovoice include empowerment, advocacy, and systems change.

Photovoice results are based on discussions and feedback received to identify the community's needs. Co-design is a collaborative process where community members, stakeholders, and professionals work together as equal partners to design solutions that meet actual local needs. It emphasizes shared power, mutual respect, and the integration of lived experience to create more effective, inclusive, and sustainable outcomes. There are six steps of co-design: observe and notice, frame, observe and notice (again), reframe, imagine and design, and make and experiment. **No action was taken on this item.**

V. ITEMS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

Chair Reynolds announced that a special meeting of the Social Services and Public Safety Committee will be held on August 26 at 6:00 p.m. to receive public input on the Sober Living Ordinance. The public input period will be limited to two hours.

The meeting adjourned at 4:24 p.m.

COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF CODE ENFORCEMENT

Shayla Lynch, 2nd District Councilmember
Social Services and Public Safety (SSPS) Committee
August 26, 2025



LEXINGTON





Why Code Enforcement?

- Mayor's Racial Justice and Equality Report Recommendation #2:
Housing & Gentrification
 - Changes must be implemented in the Division of Code Enforcement. Our recommendation is the Housing Code of the City of Lexington be reimagined into a Code Agency that places the health, well-being, and protection of residents (especially the most vulnerable) and neighborhoods as its mission.





Progress to Date

- Jun 2023: Item referred to Social Services & Public Safety (SSPS) Committee
- Nov 2023 – Jan 2024: Community Engagement: Town Halls and Online Survey
- Feb 2024 – Jan 2025: Research/work with staff
- Feb 2025: Presentation to SSPS by former Councilwoman Gray and Director Lee Steele
 - Clarifications added to Section 12-55 to address tenants' rights for reporting code violations
 - Graffiti added to the list of nuisances to Sec. 12-2(c)
 - Review of 2024 Annual Achievements

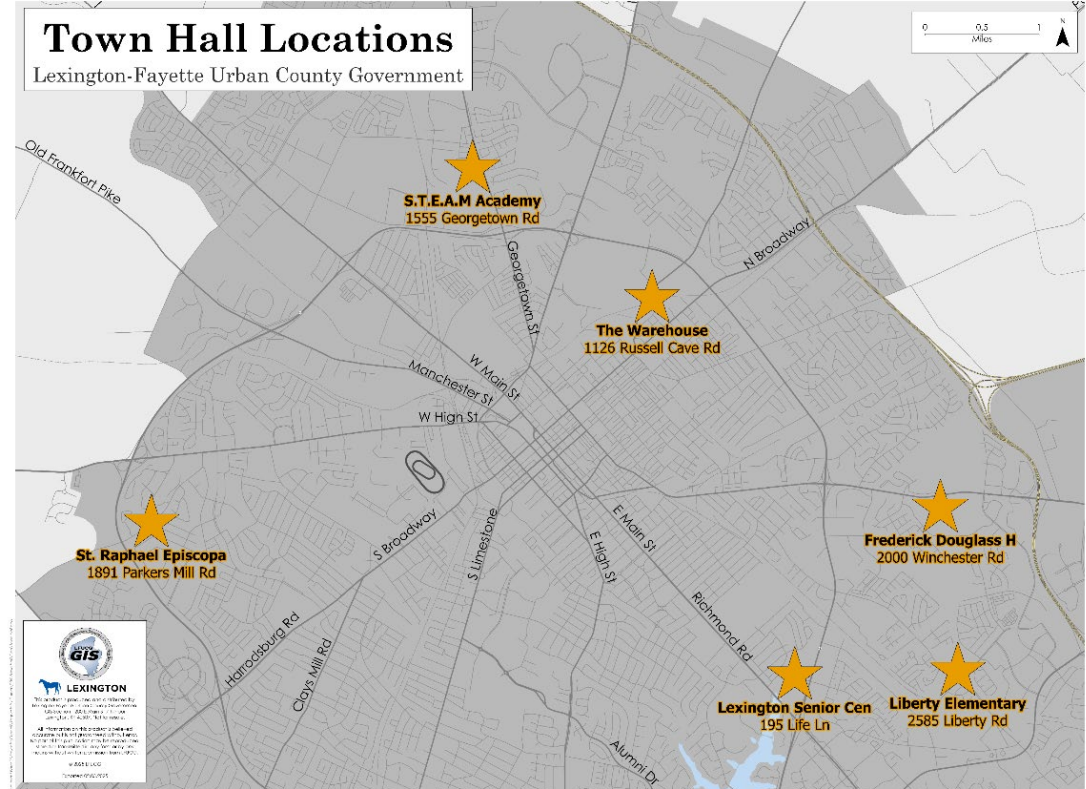




Town Hall Locations

- The Warehouse
- St. Raphael Episcopal Church
- Liberty Elementary
- S.T.E.A.M Academy
- Lexington Senior Center
- Frederick Douglass High

**In addition to in-person feedback, an online survey gathered general feedback*





Condemnations

- Problem
 - *Concern with whether condemnations are handled in an equitable manner*
- Research and Review Process
 - Ride-Along with CE staff
 - Meetings with Director and CE team to understand the condemnation process from start to end
- Conclusions
 - Most commonly found in multi-unit housing
 - Process prompts city services for residents, once property is condemned – i.e., Housing Advocate and Relocation assistance
- Recommendations
 - None at this time





Administrative Hearing Board

- Problems
 - *Difficult to recruit board members*
 - *Board members have been singular*
 - *Lack of training and consistent board meeting attendance*
 - *Public generally felt intimidation at hearings*
- Research and Review Process
 - Attended multiple hearings
 - Benchmarked other cities' code enforcement hearing processes and requirements
 - Louisville, Portland, New York
 - Meetings with Director and Code Enforcement team to understand the purpose and function of the Board





Administrative Hearing Board (cont.)

- Conclusions
 - Hearing/Appeals Board could benefit from administrative changes to help mitigate challenges
- Recommendations
 1. Develop a targeted recruitment strategy for the Administrative Hearing Board:
 - i. Emphasize that applicants' requirements include *more than* legal experience and ensure the published website clearly reflects such
 - ii. Recruit hearing officers from various professions to ensure adequate representation across demographics, experience, etc.
 2. Create a database of hearing officers to allow for depth in availability for hearings, as needed.
 3. Develop an annual required training for Board members and hearing officers that includes CE process, mediation procedures, cultural competence, etc.





Administrative Hearing Board (cont.)

- Problem
 - *Hearing/Appeals process is intimidating and not user-friendly*
- Recommendations
 - Update physical space and minimize staffing for hearings (*already implemented by CE team*)
 - Offer pre-hearing consultations to discuss case with CE officer or other experienced staff before the formal hearing (*already implemented by CE team*)
 - Develop an online case management tool for property owners and residents to file appeals, track status, and submit evidence





Naturalized Spaces

- Problem
 - *Neighbors don't agree with fines for naturalized spaces*
 - *Neighbors aren't clear on how to identify/designate a naturalized space vs a yard needing mowing*
 - *Neighbors generally feel like a special ordinance is needed to regulate these.*
- Research and Review Process
 - Meetings with Director and Code Enforcement team to understand
 - Meetings with members of the Greenspace Trust
- Conclusions
 - Controversial issue
 - Complex issue – CE staff needs additional technical expertise
- Recommendations
 - None at this time





Equitable Enforcement

- Town Hall feedback largely centered around fairness and equity in enforcement. Some examples:
 - *Are certain districts targeted for complaints and citations?*
 - *Are officers “assigned” to certain territories/districts?*
 - *Could we work toward consistency with these assignments to build rapport and trust with residents?*
 - *Do we have sufficient officers for the size of our city?*
- Currently working with CE team to review data around citations to identify patterns, outliers, etc.
 - Anonymous vs non-Anonymous complaints
 - Distribution among zip codes, districts, type of complaints, etc.



Questions?



LEXINGTON





Strategic Growth Plan for the Lexington Fire Department

*Chief Jason Wells, Lexington Fire Department
Social Services and Public Safety Committee
August 26, 2025*





Purpose & Methodology Overview



Our approach focuses on equity, readiness, and alignment with Center for Public Safety Excellence (CPSE) accreditation standards and the Imagine Lexington 2045 urban development plan.

Objective

Align future fire station placement with service demand and community risk



Data Sources

2022—2024 incident data, ERF Benchmarks, 2020 Social Vulnerability Index (SVI)



Methodology

CFAI 3-Axis Risk Model (Probability, Consequence, Impact)





Key Definitions

These foundational terms form the basis of our methodology:

ERF (Effective Response Force)

Personnel and apparatus required on scene to effectively manage an incident

Benchmark Response Time

Complete timeline from 911 call (alarm) to full ERF assembly on scene

SVI (Social Vulnerability Index)

CDC metric used to assess how severely emergencies may affect specific areas

CFAI 3-Axis Risk Model

- Probability: Frequency of emergency occurrences
- Consequence: Population vulnerability factors
- Impact: How effectively we meet ERF benchmarks





Risk Scoring Methodology



Scoring Components (0-10 scale)

- **Probability:** EMS Medium and Fire High Risk incidents (2022—2024)
- **Consequence:** 2020 CDC SVI (income, housing, disability, transportation)
- **Impact:** ERF arrival times exceeding 13-minute benchmark (2022—2024)

ERF Requirements:

- EMS: 6 personnel for Medium Risk
- Fire: 17 personnel for High Risk



Composite Scoring

Heron's Formula provides balanced risk scores for Fire High Risk and EMS Medium Risk. These scores are averaged to produce a composite score that guides fire station placement decisions



Urban Expansion Weighting

Tracts located within Lexington's designated urban expansion area receive additional prioritization weight, ensuring our resource allocation aligns with both current needs and anticipated growth patterns



RISK	
Probability of occurrence	10
Consequence to community	10
Impact on Fire Department	8
SCORE	106.770783



Incident Types Analyzed



EMS Medium Risk

- Cardiac arrests, respiratory issues, overdoses, serious traumas
- Requires EC unit and first responder (Engine or Ladder Company)
- Timely ERF is critical for survival



Fire High Risk

- Confirmed structure fires (residential, commercial, industrial)
- Requires 17 personnel for firefighting, rescue, ventilation, command
- Delayed ERF increases danger to lives and property

These incident types were selected based on their resource-intensive nature, high frequency, and significant consequences for life safety and property protection.





EMS Medium Risk Assessment

Future Concern: Several tracts near the proposed expansion areas currently show moderate EMS risk and may escalate as development continues.

29

**High-Risk
Tracts**

35% of total census tracts

27

**Moderate-Risk
Tracts**

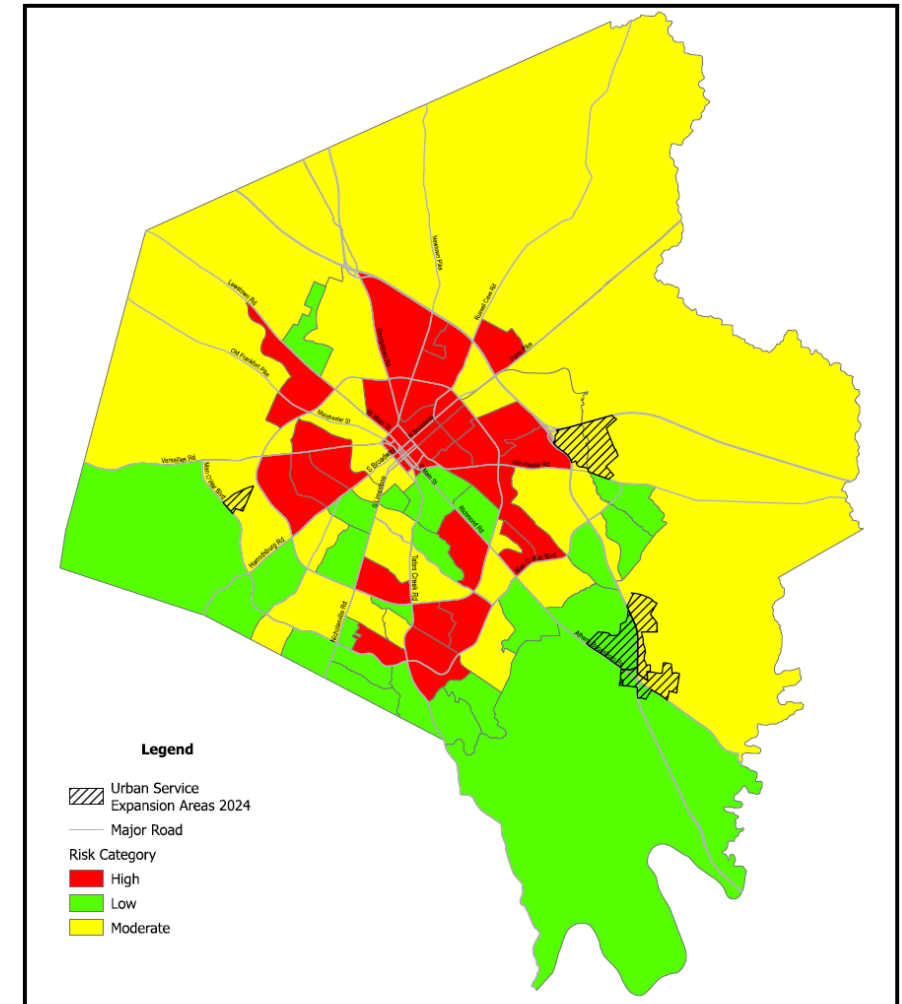
33% of total census tracts

26

**Low-Risk
Tracts**

32% of total census tracts

Risk scores range from 4.89 to 73.48, with highest scores concentrated in central Lexington.



Fayette County
Census Tracts
EMS - Medium
Scoring Map





Fire High Risk Assessment

Future Concern: Moderate/high-risk tracts near urban boundaries indicate potential service gaps as the city expands.

33

**High-Risk
Tracts**

40% of total census tracts

23

**Moderate-Risk
Tracts**

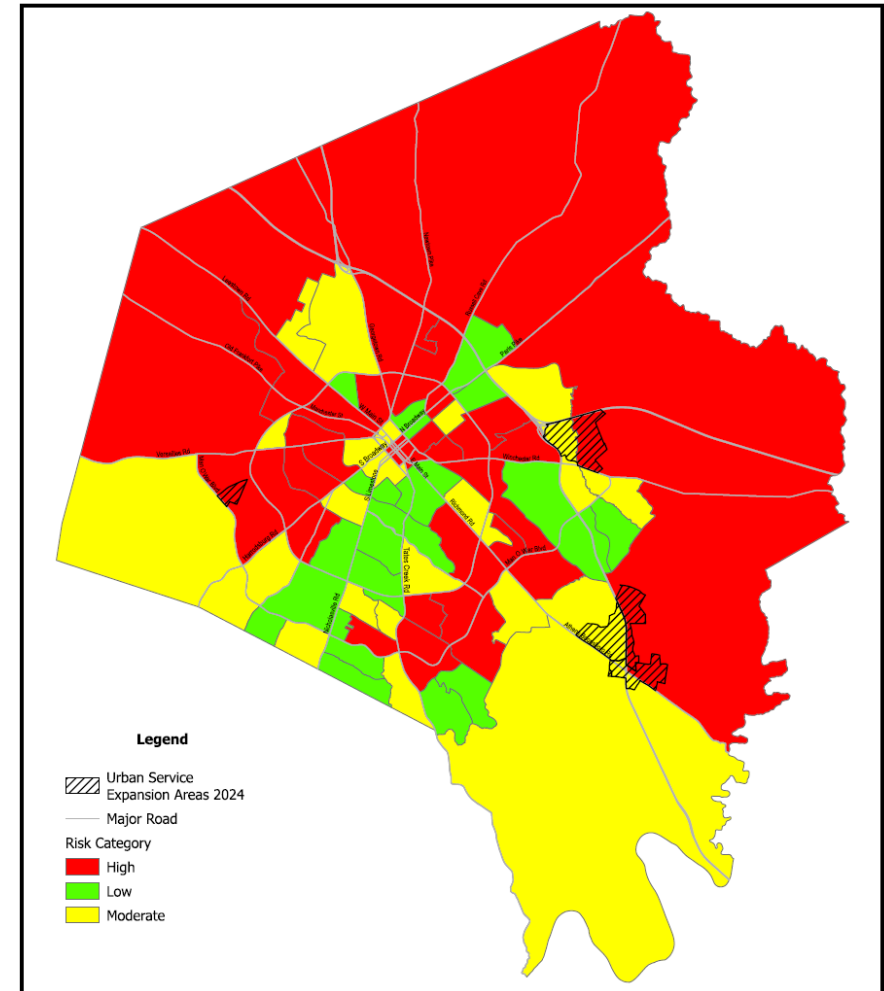
28% of total census tracts

26

**Low-Risk
Tracts**

32% of total census tracts

Risk scores range from 4.89 to 106.77, with highest concentrations in central, northeast, and southeast Lexington.



Fayette County
Census Tracts
Fire Suppression - High
Scoring Map





Composite Risk Assessment

Future Concern: Moderate-Risk tracts near Polo Club Boulevard, Man o' War Boulevard, and Versailles Road show potential for escalation as development continues. These areas are projected to experience significant residential and mixed-use growth under the Imagine Lexington 2045 Plan, which could substantially increase service demands and risk levels.

28

**High-Risk
Tracts**

34% of total census tracts

27

**Moderate-Risk
Tracts**

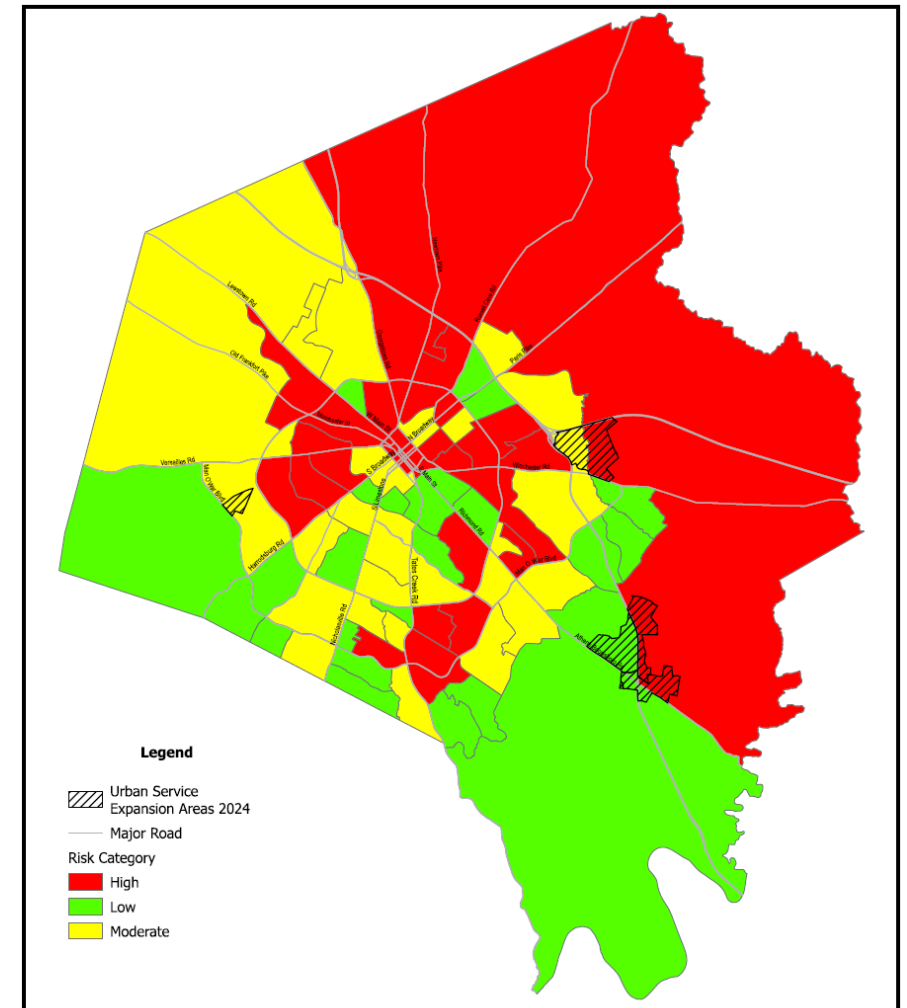
33% of total census tracts

27

**Low-Risk
Tracts**

33% of total census tracts

Risk scores range from 4.89 to 90.13, with the highest concentrations in central and eastern Lexington.



Fayette County
Census Tracts
Composite
Scoring Map





Recommended Fire Station Locations

1

Station 25: Winchester Road & Polo Club Boulevard (District 6)

Positioned in the eastern corridor, this location serves a large high-risk area overlapping with planned urban expansion. It addresses growing residential demand and existing ERF gaps in the northeast quadrant.

2

Station 26: Richmond Road & Athens-Boonesboro (District 7)

Strategically located in the southeastern part of the county, this station enhances coverage for a corridor with rapidly expanding residential and commercial developments. It falls squarely within a high-risk tract and is included in the urban services expansion area, providing critical support for both current service demands and anticipated growth patterns.

3

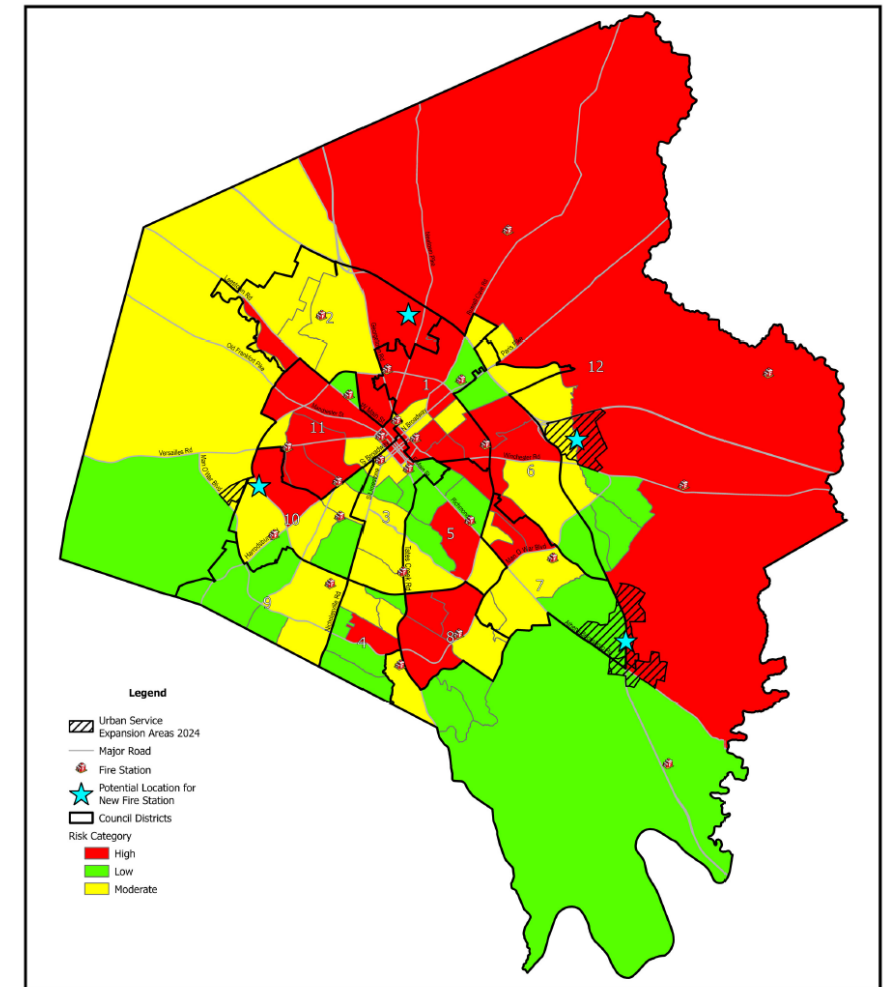
Station 27: Man o' War Boulevard & Parkers Mill Rd (District 10)

Located on the western side of the city near the Parkers Mill corridor, this site addresses both ERF gaps and bordering high-risk tracts. Although not the far southwest corner, it still supports expansion toward the west and fills a critical service void.

4

Station 28: Newtown Pike & I-75 (District 12)

This northeastern site provides vital coverage to a high-risk tract near I-75 and Newtown Pike. It offers strong interstate access and supports anticipated growth in both industrial and residential sectors in the area.



Fayette County
Census Tracts
Composite
Scoring Map





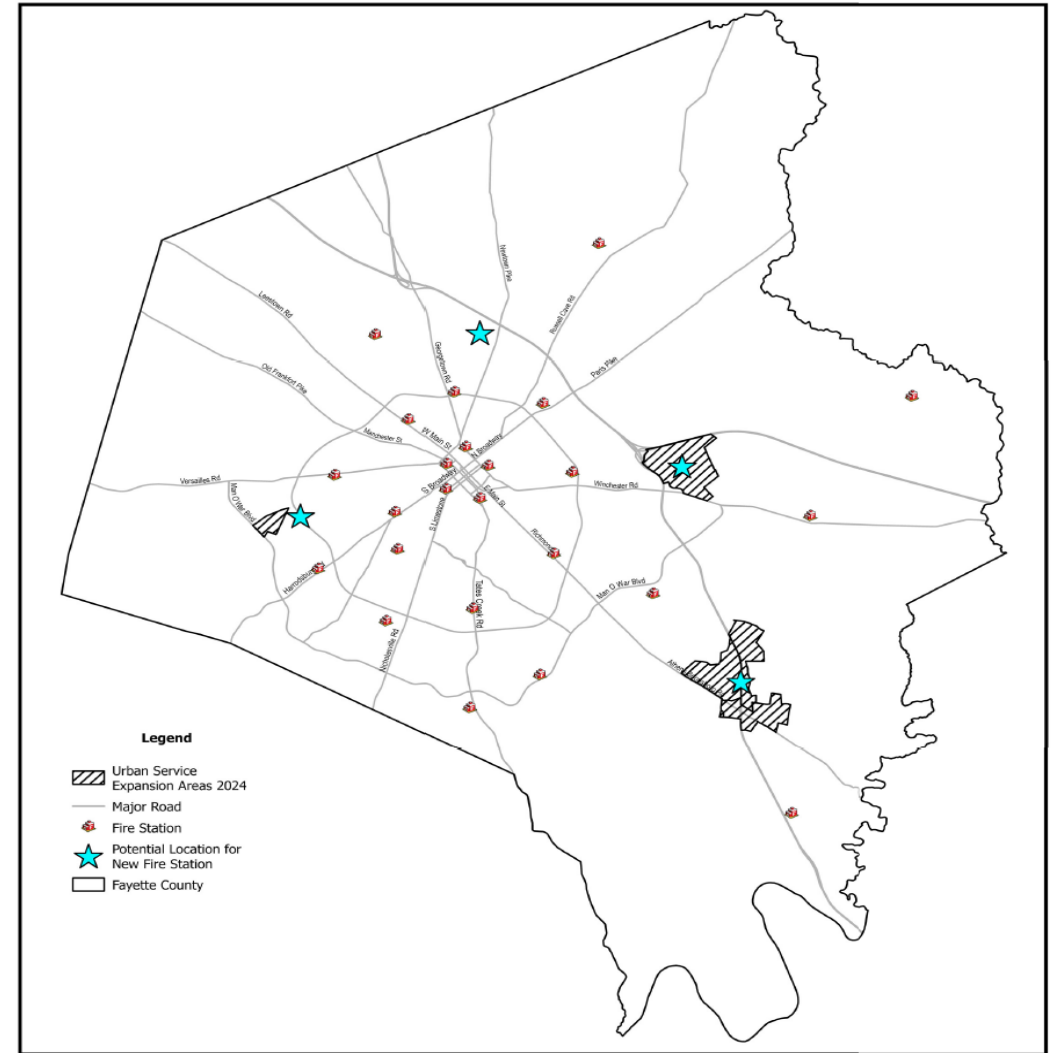
Recommended Fire Station Locations

25 Winchester Rd & Polo Club Blvd

26 Richmond Rd/Athens-Boonesboro

27 Man o' War Blvd & Parkers Mill Rd

28 Newtown Pike & I-75 Corridor



**Fayette County
Potential Locations
for New Fire Stations Map**



0 1 2 4 6 8
Miles





Station-by-Station Apparatus & Staffing Overview

1 Station 25: Winchester Road & Polo Club Boulevard District 6 Northeast Lexington Apparatus: Emergency Care Unit, Fire Engine, Ladder Truck Personnel: 45 FTE <i>Serves high-risk neighborhoods with growing multi-story housing developments. The ladder truck is critical for vertical access and reducing response times.</i>	2 Station 26: Richmond Road & Athens-Boonesboro District 7 Southeast Lexington Apparatus: Emergency Care Unit, Fire Engine, Ladder Truck, Command (District Chief) Personnel: 48 FTE <i>(includes District Chief)</i> <i>Serves a rapidly growing area with limited nearby fire stations. The District Chief provides on-scene leadership and enhances command efficiency across the district.</i>
3 Station 27: Man o' War & Parkers Mill Road District 10 Western Lexington Apparatus: Emergency Care Unit, Fire Engine, Ladder Truck Personnel: 45 FTE <i>Addresses high call volumes in dense residential and mixed-use areas. Essential for protecting multi-family housing and vulnerable populations.</i>	4 Station 28: Newtown Pike & I-75 Corridor District 12 North Lexington Apparatus: Emergency Care Unit, Fire Engine, Ladder Truck Personnel: 45 FTE <i>Serves a diverse area with growing industrial, residential, and commercial development. Apparatus selection ensures coverage for multi-story structures and high-traffic corridors.</i>

ⓘ Our apparatus recommendations align with NFPA 1710 and CFAI standards, ensuring efficient deployment of resources to protect life and property across all emergency types..





Transitioning to Implementation

A Six-Year Roadmap for Fire Service Excellence in Lexington





Strategic Budget Priorities & Implementation Plan (FY26–FY31)

Capital Projects ¹

Near-Term (FY26-27):

- Fire Academy design & construction (\$42M)
- Records Management Software (\$350K)
- Annual fleet and equipment replacement:
 - Heavy & Light Fleet
 - EMS Equipment
 - Turnout Gear/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mid-Term (FY28-29):

- Multipurpose Storage Facility (\$800K)
- Station 25 (\$15M)

Long-Term (FY30-31):

- Administration Annex (\$30M)
- Station 26 (\$15M)
- Fleet Maintenance Facility (\$4.5M)

Personnel & Staffing Growth

Near-Term (FY26-27):

- Overdose Prevention staff addition and reclassification
- 13 Firefighters for EC14
- PPE Technician
- Behavioral Health Clinician
- PIO (Public Information Officer)
- Clerks to support various programs

Mid-Term (FY28-29):

- 45 Positions for Station 25
- Community Paramedicine expansion

Long-Term (FY30-31):

- 48 Positions for Station 26 (includes District Chief)

Action Plan

Near-Term (FY26-27):

- Complete Training Academy design
- Request Training Academy construction funding
- Pursue grant opportunities for personnel
- Request Station 25 Apparatus Funding

Mid-Term (FY28-29):

- Station 25 design, construction, and apparatus
- Begin Station 26 design
- Continue data analysis of deployment trends for all programs including Community Paramedicine

Long-Term (FY30-31):

- Open Station 26 with full staffing
- Construct Administration Annex
- Plan Fleet Maintenance Facility
- Continue to scale the Paramedicine Program





Final Thoughts & Direction



Thoughtful Planning

Proactive planning is essential to keep pace with Lexington's evolving public safety needs.



Strategic Investments

Targeted investments in personnel, facilities, and community programs secure our future.



Data-Driven Decisions

Our comprehensive strategies enable informed, evidence-based choices for optimal resource allocation.



Questions?



LEXINGTON





LFUCG CODE OF ORDINANCES AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 4, REGARDING THE KEEPING OF CERTAIN ANIMALS

*Amy Beasley, 8th District Councilmember
Social Service and Public Safety Committee
August 26, 2025*





Thank you

I would like to thank Gabriel Thatcher from our Law Department, The Fayette County Attorney's Office, Animal Care and Control, Kendra Thompson from our Core Staff, and Jennifer Sutton from the CAO's office for working with my office on these Amendments.





Purpose of the Proposed Amendments

Why This Change is Needed

- Update and strengthen regulations related to certain animals in a non-ag zone to address:
 - Noise Complaints
 - Public Health
 - and Quality of Life Concerns
- Increase penalties to encourage compliance





Key Changes

- Rooster Limit
- Increased Penalty for Restricted Animals
- Increased Penalty for Noisy Animals





Sec. 4-11(a) – Prohibit Keeping More Than (1) Rooster

- Currently, there are no restrictions on the number of roosters you can keep in a non-ag zone
- Proposal: Limit to **ONE Rooster** within any area of a non-ag zone
- This will not include properties in agricultural zones





Section 4 – 11 (b) – Penalty for Keeping of Restricted Animals

- Other restricted animals in this section include Hogs, Goats, and Pigs
- Currently, the fine for keeping restricted animals in a non-ag zone is **\$5** per offense, per animal, per day
- Proposal: Increase the fine to **UP TO \$100** per offense, per animal, per day
- Each additional animal found on the property shall be deemed a separate offense





Section 4 – 12 (b) Penalty for Keeping of Noisy Animals

- Currently, the penalty for being in violation of this ordinance is a fine of **NOT LESS THAN \$5 and NOT MORE THAN \$15**
- Proposal: Increase this fine to **NOT MORE THAN \$100** for each offense
- This is separate from the rooster limit in a non-ag zone





Enforcement and Implementation

- The Fayette County Attorney's Office
- The fines can be for how many restricted animals you have, the noise level of the animals, or both.
- The fine will be per animal per day
- The effective date will be November 1, 2025





Expected Outcomes

- Reduce complaints
- Clearer rules for animal owners
- Stronger enforcement impact
- May combat illegal activity





Next Steps

- Request Committee Support and Approve the Proposed Amendments
- Request the Amendments be reported out at today's Work Session



Questions?



LEXINGTON



ORDINANCE NO. _____ - 2025

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 4 OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT, RELATING TO THE KEEPING OF CERTAIN ANIMALS, AS FOLLOWS: AMENDING SECTION 4-11(A) TO PROHIBIT THE KEEPING OF MORE THAN ONE (1) ROOSTER WITHIN ANY AREA OF THE URBAN COUNTY EXCEPT THOSE ZONED AGRICULTURAL; AMENDING SECTION 4-11(B) TO INCREASE THE PENALTY AMOUNT TO NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$100.00); AND AMENDING SECTION 4-12(B) TO INCREASE THE PENALTY AMOUNT FOR THE KEEPING OF NOISY ANIMALS TO NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$100.00), ALL EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 1, 2025.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE LEXINGTON-FAYETTE URBAN COUNTY GOVERNMENT:

Section 1 – That Section 4-11 of the Code of Ordinances of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4-11 – Hogs, Goats, Pigs, Roosters; kKeeping.

(a) The keeping of hogs, goats, pigs or more than one (1) rooster within any area of the urban county except those zoned agricultural is hereby prohibited and declared to be unlawful.

(b) A violation of the provisions of this section shall subject the offender to a fine of ~~five dollars (\$5.00)~~ not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00). Each additional animal found on the property shall be deemed a separate offense., and each day such violation shall continue shall be deemed a separate offense.

Section 2 – That Section 4-12(b) of the Code of Ordinances of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government be and hereby is amended to read as follows:

(b) Any person violating found to be in violation of subsection (a) of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a ~~fine not less than five dollars (\$5.00) nor more than fifteen dollars (\$15.00)~~ fine of not more than (\$100.00) for each offense.

Section 3 – That this Ordinance shall become effective on November 1, 2025.

PASSED URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL:

MAYOR

ATTEST:

CLERK OF URBAN COUNTY COUNCIL
PUBLISHED:

COMMITTEE ITEMS REFERRED

Social Services and Public Safety

Referral Item	Current Sponsor	Date Referred	Last Presentation	Status	Legistar File ID
1 Crime Reduction Technology	W. Baxter	2021-09-21	2023-05-02		1065-22
2 Assessment and Enforcement of Noise Ordinance	D. Gray	2022-07-05	2023-08-22		0840-23
3 Eviction Diversion & Right to Counsel	D. Wu	2023-01-24	2024-07-02		0702-24
4 Comprehensive Review of Code Enforcement	S. Lynch	2023-06-29	2025-02-25	2025-08-26	0204-25
5 Coordinated Victim Response Plan	L. Sheehan	2023-05-02			
6 Villages Model Initiatives for Lexington	S. Lynch	2024-08-20	2024-10-08		1008-24
7 Youth Council	D. Gray	2024-08-20			
8 Homeless Encampment Response and Street Outreach Services for OHPI	J. Reynolds	2024-09-17	2025-02-25		0203-25
9 Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA) Update	D. Wu	2025-01-28	2025-02-25		0202-25
10 Review of Recovery Residences (Sober Living) Ordinance	T. Morton	2025-02-11	2025-04-15		0350-25
11 Strategic Growth Plan for Lexington Fire Department	J. Hale/T. Morton	2025-03-18		2025-08-26	0811-25
12 Emergency Winter Shelter Program	T. Morton	2025-06-03			
13 Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)	J. Reynolds	2025-07-01	2025-07-03		0670-25
14 Audrey Grevious Center Update	J. Reynolds	2025-06-26			
15 Updating Requirements for Carbon Monoxide Detectors	J. Reynolds	2025-08-12			
16 Amendments to Sec 4 of the Code of Ordinances: Keeping of Animals	A. Beasley	2025-08-14		2025-08-26	0812-25
Annual/Periodic Updates					
17 Domestic and Sexual Violence Prevention Coalition	D. Gray	2025-03-04	2025-04-15		0239-24
18 Substance Use Disorder Intervention (SUDI) Update	J. Reynolds	2022-01-12	2025-06-03		0532-24
19 Office of Homelessness Prevention and Intervention (OHPI) Update	J. Reynolds	2022-06-07	2024-09-17		0901-22
20 National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI) Update	D. Gray	2018-02-20	2024-09-17		0360-22
21 Office of Affordable Housing Initiatives and Projects Update	D. Gray	2021-08-10	2024-11-12		1026-21
22 Recruitment, Retirement, and Retention for Public Safety Update	J. Reynolds/ W. Baxter	2020-09-22	2025-07-03		0450-21
23 Community Paramedicine Program Update	J. Reynolds	2021-07-06	2025-01-28		0300-23
24 Review of Code Enforcement	J. Reynolds	2019-10-08	2023-06-13		0814-22
25 Lexington Global Engagement Center (Global Lex) Update	J. Reynolds		2024-01-16		
26 ONE Lexington Programs Update	J. Reynolds	2020-09-25	2025-01-21 (Work Session)		0080-23
27 Family Services Program Update	J. Reynolds	2025-01-16	2025-01-28		0109-25
28 Partners for Youth Program Update	J. Reynolds	2025-01-16	2025-01-28		0110-25
Updated 08.14.25, KJT					